MEGA GOAL1

۲

MANUEL DOS SANTOS ELI GHAZEL DANAE KOZANOGLOU



<mark>بالد تالقارم التعليم Ministry of Education</mark> 2023 - 1445

۲



MG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2023.indb 1

۲

MegaGoal 1 Student Book

MegaGoal Series Copyright $\ensuremath{\mathbb C}$ 2009 by McGraw-Hill Education

Adaptation Copyright © 2024 by McGraw-Hill Education (UK) Limited

Published by arrangement with McGraw Hill LLC

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO PART OF THIS BOOK MAY BE REPRODUCED OR TRANSMITTED IN ANY FORM OR BY ANY MEANS, ELECTRONIC OR MECHANICAL, INCLUDING PHOTOCOPYING, RECORDING OR BY INFORMATION STORAGE AND RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS, WITHOUT PERMISSION IN WRITING FROM MCGRAW HILL.

۲

ISBN: 978-1-3989-3959-2

Publisher: Jorge Rodríguez Hernández Editorial director: Anita Raducanu Development editors: Ana Laura Martínez Vázquez, Janet Battiste Art direction: Heloisa Yara Tiburtius Interior design and production: Page2, LLC Cover design: Page2, LLC Photo coordinator: Kevin Sharpe

Photo Credits: The Photo Credits section for this book on page 210-211 is considered an extension of the copyright page.

© 2024. Exclusive rights by McGraw-Hill Education (UK) Limited for manufacture and export. This book cannot be re-exported from the country to which it is sold by McGraw-Hill Education (UK) Limited.



 (\bullet)

Contents

			Scope and Sequence	iv
			Connect	2
	Unit	1	Big Changes	6
Ц Д	Unit	2	Careers	20
Term 1	Unit	3	What Will Be, Will Be	34
	Unit	4	The Art of Advertising	48
			EXPANSION Units 1–4	62
			Reconnect	70
	Unit	5	Did You Hurt Yourself?	72
\sim	Unit	6	Take My Advice	86
Term 2	Unit	7	You've Got Mail!	100
Ц Ш	Unit	8	Wishful Thinking	114
			EXPANSION Units 5–8	128
			Update	134
	Unit	9	Complaints, Complaints	138
\sim	Unit	10	l Wonder What Happened	152
Term 3	Unit	11	If It Hadn't Happened	166
μ	Unit	12	What They Said	180
			EXPANSION Units 9–12	194
			Vocabulary	200
			Irregular Verbs	208
			Audio Track List	209





<mark>میل د تا ا قرازم</mark> Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

۲

Scope and Sequence

	Unit Title	Functions	Grammar
	Connect Pages 2–5	Express opinion and preference Agree and disagree Greetings, introductions and farewells Make an appointment	Recycle/use familiar verb forms, prepositions, modifiers
1	Big Changes Pages 6–19	Discuss past world events and present effects Talk about global issues	Simple present Simple present and present progressive Simple past and present perfect Simple past and past progressive Past progressive + when + simple past
2	Careers Pages 20–33	Talk about careers Talk about personal qualities and personality characteristics Talk about how long you've been doing something	Present perfect progressive and present perfect simple Adjective + preposition + gerund Simple present and <i>Wh</i> - questions Relative pronouns
3	What Will Be, Will Be Pages 34–47	Make predictions about the future Express opinions Make and respond to suggestions	Future with <i>will</i> or <i>be going to</i> — affirmative, negative, questions, answers <i>Will</i> versus <i>be going to</i> Future progressive—affirmative, questions, sho answers Present progressive for the future <i>Wh</i> - questions and tag questions
4	The Art of Advertising Pages 48–61	Talk about commercials, ads, and product history Describe products Make comparisons	The passive Comparatives and superlatives Similarities and Differences (<i>as</i> + adjective + <i>as</i> Verbs <i>look</i> , <i>smell</i> , <i>sound</i> , <i>taste</i> with <i>like</i> + nour Imperatives Possessive adjectives and pronouns
	EXPANSION Units 1–4 Pages 62–69	Language Review Reading: Eye Make-up in Ancient Egy Project: Research the history of an ite	ypt em that is used in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
	Reconnect Pages 70–71	Express, confirm opinion/give reasons, agree/disagree Talk about size, quantity, compare	
5	Did You Hurt Yourself? Pages 72–85	Talk about accidents and accident prevention Talk about cause and effect Asking for and giving directions	Reflexive pronouns Because versus so So and neither Prepositions of place Imperatives for directions
6	Take My Advice Pages 86–99	Discuss common problems Ask for and give advice Words connected with medicine	Modal auxiliaries: should, ought to, might, coul questions, affirmative, negative Had better—questions, affirmative, negative Two- and three-word verbs Quantity expressions: much, many, a lot of, lots a few, a little Clauses with when
7	You've Got Mail! Pages 100–113	Discuss email and letter format and etiquette Make and accept an apology Wish someone success Make arrangements Accept and refuse invitations	Preposition + gerund Although, even though, in spite of As soon as, when, So(that) Used to and would There is/are Plurals Definite article: the

۲

Ministry of Education 2023 iv 445

۲

۲

Listening	Pronunciation	Reading	Writing
Listen for fact, opinion, and attitude	Rising and falling intonation		
Listen for general understanding about historical events	Stress for important words in sentences	Progress Towards the Future	Write an essay about an impor- change in your country Interview and write about peop who have moved from one country to another (Project)
Listen for specific information from a job interview	/m/, /n/, and /ŋ/	JobPool Résumé	Write a cover letter for a job application Write a résumé (Project)
Listen for specific information from a speech	Words that are not stressed	The Tulsa Time Capsule	Tell a story about hidden treasure Write about what to include in a time capsule about your country (Project)
Listen for specific information from an ad	Linking adjacent sounds	The World of Plastic	Write an essay about the histor a product Write an ad for a product (Project)
	Chant Along: I Wonder What The Writing: Write about your dreams		
Listen for fact, opinion, and attitude			
Listen for specific information from an informational talk	Consonant clusters /lf/, /lt/, /nt/, /st/, /nd/	Unusual Accidents and Deaths	Write a descriptive account of a accident Write an accident prevention campaign for your country (Project)
Listen for specific information to complete a chart about problems	Stress in two- and three-word verbs	Breaking the Habit — Getting Healthy	Write a letter of advice Write about community resourc in your country (Project)
Listen for specific information from messages and conversations	Short vowels /e/, /æ/, /ı/	From Smoke Signals to Email: Keeping in Touch	Write an email to a friend Write greeting cards (Project)

۲

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

V

۲

Scope and Sequence

	Unit Title	Functions	Grammar
8	Wishful Thinking Pages 114–127	Make wishes Talk about imaginary situations Talk about probability and improbability Talk about predicaments Give advice to solve problems Words connected with money, shopping habits and prices	Conditional sentences with <i>if</i> -clause: imaginary situations Conditional sentences with <i>might</i> and <i>could</i> Verb: <i>Wish</i> Count/noncount nouns Expressions of quantity: <i>some, any, no</i>
	EXPANSION Units 5—8 Pages 128—133	Language Review Reading: Play Ball! Writing: Write about sports	
	Update Pages 134–137	Carry out banking transactions Talk about stress	Recycle familiar verb forms, simple present/ narrative, connectors and modifiers, passive forms, would, tag questions, comparatives/ too – enough/ would – hypothesis
9	Complaints, Complaints Pages 138–151	Talk about problems and things that need to be done Ask to have something done Talk about common consumer complaints	Needs to be (done) Have/get something (done) Past participles as adjectives Present perfect simple tense: already, yet, just Verb + gerund; verb + infinitive Subject and object pronouns Imperatives and two-word verbs
10	l Wonder What Happened Pages 152–165	Talk about events that happened in the past before others Speculate about facts and events Expressing enthusiasm with intensifiers and adjectives Express necessity and lack of necessity	Past perfect tense Can't, could, couldn't, must, may, or might Independent clauses with: and, but, so and yet The past with dependent time clauses Conditional sentences with present and future forms
11	If It Hadn't Happened Pages 166–179	Talk about discoveries and inventions and how things would have been different without them Talk about missed opportunities and regrets Expressing ability, permission and requests	Should have + past participle Conditional sentences: hypothetical situations in the past If with could and might Present perfect versus simple past Time expressions with: ago, for, since If + past perfect + be able to
12	What They Said Pages 180–193	Report what people said Discuss famous quotes Relate messages Discussing the environment and natural disasters Expressing agreement and disagreement with: <i>so, neither,</i> <i>either, too</i>	Reported speech Reported questions Word changes in reported speech Reporting verbs Negative questions Relative adverb: <i>Where</i>
	EXPANSION Units 9–12 Pages 194–199	Language Review Reading: The War of the Worlds Project: Report and review a story	

۲



مزارق التعطيم Ministry of Education 2023 **√ا** 445

۲

۲

Listening	Pronunciation	Reading	Writing
Listen for specific information to complete a chart about wishes	Reductions <i>would you</i> and <i>could you</i> in questions	Money: A Blessing or a Problem?	Write a description of a day in the life of a quiz show winner Research about TV games with large prizes for winners (Project)
	Chant Along: If I Were a Millional Project: Research a famous pers		
Listen for specific information/ draw conclusions Listen and identify language functions in discourse	Recycle and use familiar stress, intonation patterns, identify falling/ rising intonation patterns	Teenage Stress	Write about stress and give advice
Listen for specific information about complaints	Stress in compound nouns	Murphy's Law	Write a letter or email of complaint about a faulty product Do a family survey on complaints about products and prepare a poster presentation with your advice (Project)
Listen for general understanding and speculate causes	Word-ending <i>er</i>	Vision 2030 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Write a description of a vessel, voyage, or expedition Collect information and write about a meteor occurrence on Earth and do a poster presentation (Project)
Listen to a radio show for details about regrets	Reductions could have, should have, and would have	Mario's Advice Column	Write a response for an advice column Write the results of a survey about regrets (Project)
Listen for specific information from a speech	Unstressed and stressed that	Quotes, Quotes	Write an email to give information and directions to a place Write about interesting quotations (Project)
	Chant Along: Could You Help Me Fir Writing: Write a letter of apology	, nd the Reason?	

۲





۲

۲

Connect

1 Listen and Discuss

Read the texts below and identify the sentence or words that express a fact or an opinion.



A space probe's lander, touched down on Comet 67P, 510 million km from Earth; an unprecedented achievement in space exploration!



Flying cars used to be a feature of science fiction and comic strips. But recent developments indicate that they are going to become a reality very soon. One of the most successful hybrid flying cars is due to go into production this year.



Lifelong learning is the self-motivated pursuit of knowledge, for personal or professional reasons, throughout life, in a range of situations. It is not confined to the classroom nor restricted by age. Open, online sources have made this type of learning accessible to a greater number of people.

مزارت التحليم Ministry of Education 2023 **-2**1445



Accidents at home are more common than anywhere else. Falling and tripping accidents cause injuries to thousands of people.



Teenagers who enjoy exercise and form healthy eating habits, stay fit throughout their lives.





Although restricted to sound, radio advertising is an expanding medium that is available on air and online. Radio broadcasts can reach a greater number of people in remote areas and do not require advanced technology.



Should people follow their passion and change careers later in life if they feel unhappy and burnt out? Success stories of entrepreneurs who changed careers over the age of 50 prove that it is never too late to follow a new path.

2 Pair Work 🔐

- A. Match each text with a topic. Write the topic as a heading above each text.
 - Space ExplorationCareersAccidentsKeeping Fit

The Future Advertising Learning

۲

B. Express your opinion on each topic. Use some of these phrases.

Expressing Opinion/ Preference/ Agreeing/ Disagreeing

What do you think of ...? I think it's interesting / an amazing achievement. I'm not sure but I think ... and ... are more interesting.

What's your opinion about ...? I think it's exciting.

I'm not sure. I guess it's useful / exciting...

Do you find ... interesting? / Don't you think it's ...? No, not really. I think it's boring / pointless / unimportant. I'd rather go for Y or Z

۲

I don't agree. Look at it this way. / I see your point but ...

Yes, you're right. / I certainly agree on this one / I totally agree with you ...

• C Choose the topic you prefer. Give reasons for your choice.

وزارة التعطيص

 (\bullet)

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

Connect

3 Conversation **Q**

Listen and practice reading the conversation in pairs.

Ted is at the airport with his brother. He spots his friend Ashraf in the waiting lounge.

Ted:	Good morning, Ashraf!
Ashraf:	Oh, hello Ted. What a surprise! Are you flying with
	us to Dubai?
Ted:	In fact, my brother and I are flying to Denver, to visit
	our uncle.
Ashraf:	You're kidding! My father is attending a conference
	in Denver! What's it like in Denver?
Ted:	It's beautiful if you don't mind cold winters! Anyway,
	how are you? How is your family?
Ashraf:	Very well, thanks. How about you?
Ted:	Great! Oh, sorry, you haven't met my brother Jack.
Ashraf:	Hello, Jack! Pleased to meet you.
Jack:	Hello, Ashraf. I'm really glad to meet you. Ted talks
	about you all the time.



King Khalid International Airport, Riyadh

(Loudspeaker flight call: Saudia flight 380 is now boarding at Gate 9.)

Ted: That's our flight! Come on Jack, we need to go. Bye Ashraf. Have a safe flight and a great time in Dubai.

۲

Ashraf: Thanks Ted. Have a pleasant flight. Bye Jack, great to meet you. Please give my regards to your father.

Greetings / Introductions / Farewells

Good morning / Good afternoon / Good evening / Hello / Hi

How are you? Very well, thank you - How about you? / How are you doing? Great!

This is ... / Let me introduce (name) - Pleased to meet you / I'm really glad to meet you / Glad to meet you / Great to meet you

۲

Have a good / safe / pleasant flight / trip / a great time / See you in ... / See you soon

Give my regards to (your parents / family) / Say 'hello' to ... for me

What a surprise! I didn't expect to run into you here / I don't believe it! / Is this for real?

Your Turn

Role-play a conversation like the one above with a partner.

Decide about the following first:

• where you are, e.g. airport, bus station, train

station ••• where you are going/your destination

who is going with you

میلید تا قازم Ministry of Education 2023 **-4**1445

(•)



A. Listen. Note the rising
→ or falling → intonation.

Are you flying to Dubai? Ted talks about you all the time.

B. Listen. Note the rising ∧ and falling intonation in expressions of surprise.

Good morning, 🖊 Ashraf! 💊

MG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2023.indb 4

29/3/23 4:00 AM



5 Listening 📐

Listen to the conversation and identify the attitude/feeling of:

- the receptionist when she answers the phone
- the caller at the beginning and at the end of the call

How do you know?

- Receptionist:Dental Health Center, good
morning!Mrs. Phillips:Good morning. This is Meg
Philips. I'd like to make an
- appointment, please. **Receptionist:** Of course Mrs. Phillips. Let me see. The doctor is available on Monday and Wednesday afternoon from 5.00 to 6.00, next week. Mrs. Phillips: I see. It's rather urgent I'm afraid. Could I see her sooner? I'm in a lot of pain. **Receptionist:** I'm sorry to hear that Mrs. Phillips; I'll see what I can do. I'm afraid she's booked up today and tomorrow. Let me have a word with her and I'll get back to you. Mrs. Phillips: Thank you. I'll wait. **Receptionist:** Hello, Mrs. Phillips... Can you make it this morning, in about an hour? There's been a cancellation. Mrs. Phillips: Yes, of course. Thank you so much.

4

Receptionist: You're welcome. We'll be expecting you in an hour.

Making an appointment

I'd like to make an appointment. / Can I make an appointment ...

The doctor / (name) / is available on (day/s) from - to / (time), at (time).

He/She's booked up all week. / I'm afraid he/she is away / not available.

It's (rather) urgent, I'm afraid. / This is an emergency. Could I see him/her right away?

Would it be possible to see him/her sooner?

I'll see what I can do. / I'll check and get back to you.

Can you make it this morning / on Thursday afternoon?

We'll be expecting you in an hour. / See you in an hour. / Thank you for calling.

6 About You 📔

Role-play a conversation like the one above with a partner. Use phrases from the box. Then switch roles. Decide about the following first:

- who you want to make an appointment with, e.g. doctor, manager, supervisor
- times and days you are/the person is available
- reason for the appointment

7 Pronunciation 🔤

A. Listen. Note the rising *∧* or *∖* falling intonation.

Could I see him sooner? ↗ I'll see what I can do. ↘

B. Listen again and find more examples for rising or falling intonation in the conversation.

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

وزارة التعطيص

1 Big Changes



Listen and Discuss 📿

Read the texts below. Find the sentence that talks about the most important event in each. After you finish reading, write the effect that each important event had.

The world is constantly going through changes. Look at some important events that have changed the world and affected the lives of many people in modern times.

4

THE UNIFICATION OF THE KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

King Abdulaziz, a gifted leader, was responsible for the legendary event that marked the beginning of modern Saudi Arabia. In 1902, he regained Riyadh, beat the city garrison, took the Masmak Fortress, and established his headquarters in the city. He expanded Saudi Arabia to include all of the Hijaz, Makkah and Madinah and united all the tribes. On September 23, 1932, the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia was officially established, as an independent country, with Arabic as the national language and the Holy Qur'an as its constitution. King Abdulaziz initiated the building of infrastructure and set Saudi Arabia on the road to modernization.



THE UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - UAE



The federation of the United Arab Emirates, known as UAE, consists of seven sheikhdoms; Abu Dhabi, Ajman, Dubai, Fujairah, Ras Al-Khaimah, Sharjah and Umm Al Quwain. The city of Abu Dhabi in Abu Dhabi is the capital. The UAE was officially established in 1971. It came after the discovery of enormous oil reserves in Abu Dhabi in 1958. The UAE dirham, a

single national currency, was launched in 1973. The oil revenues as well as income from other commercial activities have been used to develop a thriving economy and social infrastructure. Abu Dhabi now hosts its own grand prix at Yas Marina Circuit and Dubai is home to the tallest building in the world, the Burj Khalifa.

THE SPACE RACE



The Russians launched the world's first artificial satellite, *Sputnik 1*, on October 4, 1957. Next, Sputnik 2 went up into space on November 3. The Americans won the race to land on the moon more than ten years later—with Apollo 11 on July 20, 1969. "This is one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind," said astronaut Neil Armstrong, the first person to walk on the moon. Prince Sultan bin Salman bin Abdulaziz Al Saud flew on STS-51G Discovery in June 1985 as the representative of the Arab Satellite Communications Organization (ARABSAT). He was the youngest person to fly on the Space Shuttle at the age of 28.*

THE COMMUNICATIONS REVOLUTION

The first communications satellite, called *Telstar*, was launched from Cape Canaveral on July 10, 1962. This marked the start of rapid transmission of TV signals over wide areas. What we take for granted today—satellite television, cellular telephones, wireless and highspeed Internet connections, and so forth—were part of science fiction only 40 years ago. Teenagers today are the first real citizens of the digital world. Unlike their parents, they • have grown up in a world in which electronic delivery of information and entertainment is natural and more accepted than conventional forms like the newspaper, tape, or film.



وزارقالت Adapted from: Wikipedia contributors. (2023, March 9). Timeline of spaceflight. In Wikipedia, The Free Encyclopedia. Available at: Ministry of https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Timeline_of_spaceflight&oldid=1143788335 2023 61445

Global Issues

Mark the global issues that you think affect us the most. Write a fact for each issue you chose and an effect for that fact.

4

global warmingpollutionpovertydiseasessecurityunemploymentfresh watertrafficeconomyglobalizationendangered speciesnatural disastersterrorismoverpopulation







Quick Check 🗹

- A. Vocabulary. Find each vocabulary word in the texts on page 6. Read the words that come before and after that vocabulary word and then decide which meaning is best for it.
 - **1.** _____ to affect
 - **2.** ____ to launch
- **b.** to send into space

a. to set up, start

- **3.** _____ to take for granted **c.** to produce a change
- 4. ____ to establish5. ____ to host
- d. to accept as part of lifee. to provide a place for
- B. Comprehension. Answer true or false.
 - 1. ____ Sputnik was the name of a Russian space ship.
 - 2. ____ King Abdulaziz set Saudi Arabia on the road to modernization.
 - At present the UAE has 10 member states.
 - 4. ____ The UAE dirham came into use in 1963.

Digital forms of information are something of the past.

Ministry of <mark>Education</mark> 2023 - 1445

______ وزارة التــــــليم

2 Pair Work 🔛

Find sentences that are facts in the texts you read on page 6. Make questions for those facts. In pairs, ask and answer the questions. See the examples below.

- When was the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia established?
- It was officially established on September 23, 1932.
- What has changed as a result of the discovery of oil reserves in the Emirates?
- Revenue from the oil reserves has been used to develop a very successful economy and infrastructure.

Big Changes 1



3 Grammar 💓



Simple Present Tense – Revision of Use

Use the simple present tense for facts, permanent situations, or habits and routines.

Present Progressive – Revision of Use

Use the present progressive for actions and situations that are happening now or are in progress (developing and changing) or for temporary situations.

۲

Simple Present and Present Progressive – Revision of Form

PERMANENT

TEMPORARY

John lives in Quebec, but he is studying in France this year.

Simple Past and Present Perfect – Revision of Use

Use the simple past to talk about events that began and ended in the past.

Use the present perfect to talk about events that began in the past and continue into the present.

Simple Past and Present Perfect – Revision of Form

The Russians launched the first artificial satellite in 1957. The United States has launched many astronauts into space since 1969 and continues to do so.

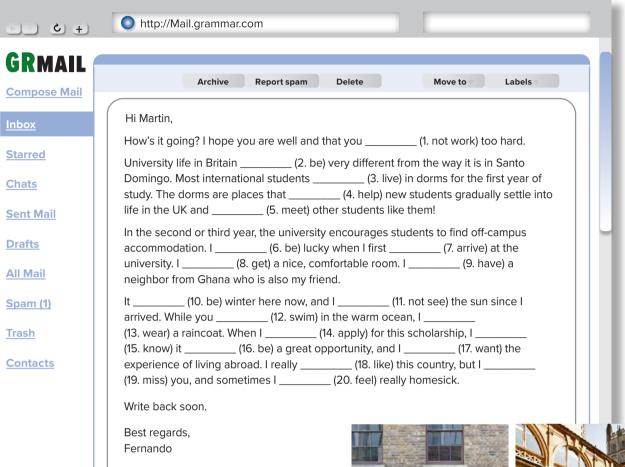
A. Complete the sentences with the words in parentheses. Use the simple present or the present progressive of the verbs.

- _____ with his uncle until he can find his own place. (live) 1. He ___
- 2. The water _____. Please turn it off. (boil).
- 3. The scientists ______ the cause of the problem. (not/understand)
- 4. _____ in your country in winter? (it/snow)
- 5. The moon ______ around Earth. (go)6. What ______ of my idea? (you/think)
- 7. Currently, the number of immigrants in our country _____. (increase)
- 8. ______ the year the first Grand Prix took place in Dubai. (we/not/remember)
- 9. Dubai is part of the UAE, but it ______ as many oil reserves as Abu Dhabi. (not/have)
- 10. Ahmed has a part-time job on Saturdays, but he ______ today. (not/work)



وزارة التعطيص Ministry of Education 2023 -81445

B. Complete the email with the correct forms of the verbs. Use the appropriate tense.



- **C.** Ask Fernando, from exercise **B**, about his life in Britain. Work with a partner. Make up questions and answers.
- **A:** Have you been to Bath?
 - B: Yes, I have.
 - A: When were you there?
 - B: I was there a month ago.
 - A: Did you see the Roman baths?
 - B: Yes, I did.



ملاحتا قرازم Fish and chips Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445



۲

A game of cricket



A traditional British restaurant



Roman baths – Bath



Shakespeare's house – Stratford-upon-Avon

Big Changes

4 Language in Context

ابط الدرس الرق

Find out the following information about your partner. Then introduce him/her to the class.

- 1. Full name
- 2. Where he/she lives
- 3. Where he/she was born
- 4. Where he/she grew up
- 5. About his/her family background
- 6. About his/her relatives
- 7. About his/her interests
- 8. How long he/she has been interested in them
- Your idea: ____

Listening

Listen to the information about immigrants in the past. Answer true or false.

- 1. _____ Many immigrants came to the United States in the late 1800s and early 1900s.
- 2. ____ The voyage across the ocean was hard, but most immigrants had comfortable compartments on ships for sleeping and eating.
- **3.** _____ Many of the immigrants were poor.
- 4. _____ At Ellis Island, the role of officials was to give immigrants information about the United States.
- 5. People who were sick had to go back to their native countries.
- 6. Ellis Island became known as "Heartbreak Island" among immigrants.

6 Pronunciation 💆

A. In English, speakers stress, or emphasize, words that they think are important. These are usually content words like nouns, verbs, and adjectives. Listen and note the stress. Then practice.

My mother was born in Riyadh. Where did you grow up?

Mona is going to college in Qassim. Have you ever visited Europe?

B. Choose some sentences from the texts you read on page 6. Underline the words that you think are important in each sentence. Practice reading the sentences aloud stressing the words you underlined.



In pairs, ask the questions and have your friend answer. You can ask questions about each other or people you know. Then switch roles.

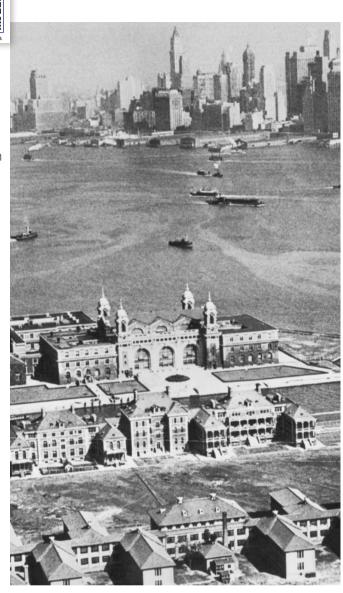
• Where is your family from?

• 2. Have members of your family ever emigrated? Where did they immigrate to?

جالحتا جالات المعرفة التعامية المعرفة ا Ministry of Education 2023 10445

- 4. Do you have relatives in other cities/ countries? Have you ever visited them?
- **5.** Are there many immigrants where you live? Where do they come from?



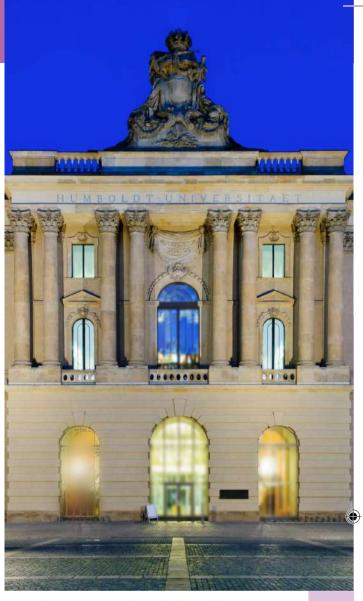






Underline the important words in the conversation. In pairs, read the conversation aloud. Stress the important words including *in fact*, *you see*, *by the way* and *fit in*.

Saud: Hans:	Tell me about yourself. I was born here in Berlin, but my family is from Leipzig, in what was East Germany. They moved over to the West soon after the German reunification. How about you?
Saud:	I'm from Dubai, but my grandparents were from Germany. In fact, they were from Berlin.
Hans:	So I guess you still have family here.
Saud:	I'm afraid we lost touch with our relatives.
Hans:	And how long have you been here?
Saud:	I've been here for almost three years. You
	see, I have a German passport because of my
	grandparents. So I can work legally in this country.
Hans:	By the way, what do you do?
Saud:	I'm a biologist. I do research in a lab for a
	pharmaceutical company.
Hans:	Do you miss Dubai?
Saud:	Quite a bit. But I've got a good job. I've made lots
	of friends. I fit in OK I'm happy here.



A Humboldt University in Berlin

Real Talk

In fact, You see = expressions used to add information, often surprising information By the way = expression used to introduce a new topic fit in = be part of

About the Conversation

In pairs, ask and answer the questions. Then switch roles.

- 1. Where is Hans' family from?
- **2.** How long has his family been in the western part of Germany?
- 3. Has Saud kept in touch with his relatives in

• Berlin? •

4. Why is the allowed to work legally in Germany?

التعالية المعالية الم 2023 - 1445

Your Turn

Role-play a conversation like the one above with a partner. Give information about your family. Include the following:

- place of birth
- where your parents and grandparents are/were from
- if you still have relatives in those places
- what other languages your parents and grandparents speak/spoke
- what your parents/grandparents do/did

1 Big Changes

Reading



1

Before Reading

Think about Saudi Arabia's progress and growth since its foundation in 1932 until now.

• What are the most significant advances or changes?

• How do you think these will develop or progress in the future?

$2 \overline{30}$

المملكة العربية السعودية KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

Progress towards the future

All successful changes start with a vision. Successful visions are based on strong pillars. The first pillar of our vision is our status as the heart of the Arab and Islamic worlds. We recognize that Allah the Almightu has given to our country, a gift more precious than oil. Saudi Arabia is the Land of the Two Holy Mosques, the most sacred sites on earth and the direction of the Kaaba (Qibla) to which more than a billion Muslims turn at prayer. We will expand and further develop our country to ensure that that Muslims from around the world can visit the Holy Sites. The second pillar of our vision is our determination to become a center for global business. We will develop the economy to encourage investment from other countries and international businesses. The third pillar is **transforming** our unique geographical location into a global hub connecting three continents, Asia, Europe and Africa. We will use our geographical position to improve trade and transport to and from our country. Although our country is rich in its natural resources, our real wealth lies in the ambition of our people and the potential of our younger

of our people and the potential of our younger generation. They are our nation's pride and the architects of our future. We will support young people in finding jobs and training. Our vision is built around three themes: A **vibrant** society, a **thriving** economy and an **ambitious** nation.

The first theme is vital to achieving the

- vision. We believe in the importance of a
- vibrant society. Members of this society

live in accordance with the Islamic principle of moderation, are proud of their national identity and their ancient cultural heritage, enjoy a good life, are protected by caring families and are supported by a social and health care system. The government is committed to supporting families and the education and wellbeing of their children. In the second theme, a thriving economy provides opportunities for all by building an education system that meets the needs of the market. It creates economic opportunities for small enterprises as well as large corporations. Therefore, we will develop and **diversify** our economy to create job opportunities.

Our third theme-an ambitious nation-is built on a responsible, **transparent** and high-performing government. We will apply efficiency and responsibility at all levels. We will also prepare the right environment for our citizens, businesses and society to <u>be</u> <u>responsible and take the initiative</u> in facing challenges and seizing opportunities. We are confident about Saudi Arabia's future. With all the blessings Allah has given us, we cannot help but be optimistic about the decades ahead.

The future of our country is one of huge promise and great potential. Our precious country deserves the best.

Our vision, grounded in our country's strengths, will deliver this stability and create a brighter future for our country and our people.

Ministry of Education 2023 **12**445

(



After Reading

A. Choose the meaning of each word as it is used in the text.

1.	transforming		
	a. moving	b. changing completely	c. making worse
2.	hub		
	a. center	b. start	c. end
3.	vibrant		
	a. strong and active	b. awake	c. quiet
4.	thriving		
	a. happy	b. prosperous and strong	c. poor
5.	ambitious		
	a. determined to succeed	b. greedy	c. glorious
6.	enterprises		
	a. ideas	b. schools	c. businesses
7.	diversify		
	a. make more varied	b. widen	c. improve
8.	transparent		
	a. unclear	b. unlocked	c. open and honest

۲

B. Look back at the ideas you listed before you read the text. Compare your ideas with the aims in the text and share your comparisons with a partner.

C. Look again at the text. List five of the planned developments.

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

- In your opinion, which of these is the biggest change? Which is the most important? Why?
- Share your ideas with a partner and support your opinions.

Discussion

- Is change always a good thing? Are there any aspects of Saudi Arabia that you think will (or should) never change? Why?
- Look at the underlined expression. Can you explain what it means?

How can you 'be responsible and

take the initiative' in your school, ' neighborhood or city to contribute to the

```
Vision 2030?
وزارة التعــليم
```

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445



13

A

1 Big Changes



10 Writing 💋

A. Read the guidelines and rewrite the sentences using capitals.

Writing Corner

Use capital letters:

- 1. When you begin a sentence Many people were shopping at the mall.
- 2. For the names of people and places, e.g. cities, countries, rivers, lakes, universities, etc. *Jeddah, Oman, the Nile, Como, London University*

- 3. For the days of the week and months of the year *Tuesday, January*
- 1. jack decided to fly to new york next monday.
- 2. my brother has never been to dubai.
- 3. riyadh is the capital of saudi arabia.
- 4. the telephone was invented by graham bell.
- 5. africa is an amazing continent.
- 6. we usually go shopping on thursday evening.
- 7. a lot of people go away in august.
- 8. lake huron, in north america, is one of the largest lakes I have ever seen.
- **B. 1.** How do most people communicate nowadays? How do you communicate with your friends and relatives? Discuss and make notes.
 - 2. Read the text and compare with your ideas. Underline new information.

How the Internet has changed the world

It all started in 1969 when a student at the University of Stanford tried to log in to a university computer, from his home in Los Angeles. This gave scientists the idea that people could communicate through computers, instead of posting letters or talking by telephone.

Many scientists researched ways to try and do this. In 1990 Tim Berners-Lee and Robert Dailliau succeeded. They created a system for people to communicate with each other and find out information using computers. In the beginning, they called it the "Worldwide Web". They changed the name to "The Internet" later. The Internet started with a few basic websites and e-mail. At first, it was used mainly by scientists, governments and the military. Now, more than 30 years later, there are more than four and a half billion users of the Internet (about half of the world's population!).

E-mail, instant messaging and online video calls connect people across the globe for business, education and social purposes. Social networks allow people to communicate with large numbers_of friends, and upload pictures and videos to share.

• Information is accessible to everyone online. All you need to do is 'Google' a few key words and you get numerous sites and documents. We can also now learn via the Internet. People can attend university or courses online and obtain academic and professional qualifications.

Ministry of Education 2023 **1**1445

(�)

C. Read the text and make notes in the chart about the important facts and the changes the Internet has brought about.

۲

-	Major Change in Communication	Major Change in Education	Major Change in Information
Fact that caused or initiated change			
Advantages			
Disadvantages (your view)			
Situation in the past (the way things were)			

D. Think about an event that has brought about major changes. Make notes in the chart about the event and the impact it has had on your country.





	Impact 1	Impact 2	Impact 3
What was the event?			
When and/ or where did it happen?			
Did the event have a positive or negative impact on your country?			

2. Use the information you put in the chart to write a short discursive essay about the event and the impact or your country.

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

 (\bullet)

۲

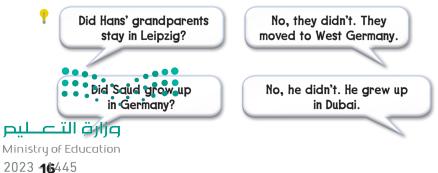
Big Changes 1 رابط الدرس الرقم Form, Meaning and Function 🧕 **Simple Past Tense** FY didn't = did not Affirmative (+) Negative (–) I L You You He/She He/She worked yesterday. didn't work yesterday. We We They They **Questions (?)** Short Answers (+) Short Answers (-) Did l/you/he/she work yesterday? Yes, l/you/he/she did. No, | I/you/he/she | didn't. we/they we/they we/they **Time Expressions for the Past** Q: What did you do last night? A: I watched a TV documentary about global warming. Q: Where did you go yesterday? A: We visited the Roman baths. Q: When did you visit Pakistan? A: I went to Pakistan last month.

- **A.** What can you remember about Hans and Saud on page 11? Use the list below to make true sentences. Use the simple past, present perfect simple, and simple present tense.
- 📍 <u>Hans wasn't born in Leipzig. He was born in Berlin.</u>
 - 1. be from Leipzig?
 - 2. be from Dubai

(

- **3.** move to West Germany
- 4. be in Berlin
- 5. be born in Berlin

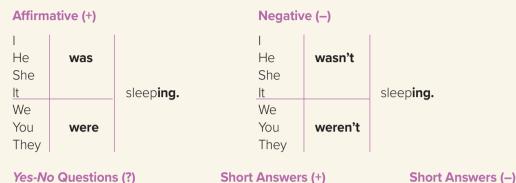
- 6. be from Germany
- 7. be a biologist
- 8. have a good job
- 9. have lots of friends
- 10. be happy
- **B.** Compare your answers in exercise **A** with your partner. Ask and answer questions. Use the past simple tense.





*FYI: For Your Information

Past Progressive Tense



Was he he he was. wasn't. she she she Yes, it sleeping? it No, it we we we you Were vou weren't. were. vou they they they

Past Progressive + When + Simple Past Tense

Use when to indicate that a longer, continuous action is interrupted by a shorter one. Hans was walking to college when he saw Saud.

Note: We do not usually use the progressive with verbs like the following: like, love, want, see, smell, taste, hear.

- C. Make sentences using when. Follow the example.
- The family / eat lunch // a visitor / arrive / at the house.

The family was eating lunch when a visitor arrived at the house.

- 1. The people / sleep // the earthquake / happen.
- 2. Fatima / going home // see / her friend, Nawal.
- 3. Majid / look at / trees // he / see / parrot
- 4. The students / wait for / bus // rain / start



D. Complete the text with the past simple tense or the past progressive tense of the verb in parentheses. Add your own ideas.

When they were young, my grandparents were very poor. There was no work in their country, so they decided to leave. In September 1971, my grandparents (1) 7 left their hometown in Greece and (travel) to Athens. There they (3) (board) a train for Germany with 1,500 (2)

(set off), all the people on the train other passengers. As the long steam train (4)

۲

(cry) a final goodbye to their friends and family, who (6) (stand) on the (5)

platform and watching the train depart. They (7) ______ (make) their long journey to Germany and (8)

(arrive) in Munich in the early morning hours two days later. When my grandparents (step) off the train, their hopes and expectations (10) (be) bigger than

وأأأة التــــ their suitcases... Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

_ليم

1 **Big Changes**



12 Project 🔯

- 1. Find a person a relative or a friend who has lived or lives in another country in the Gulf, the Arab world, Europe, or another part of the world.
- 2. Prepare questions that you would like to ask them in an interview. You can use some of the questions from the conversation on page 11 as examples.
- 3. Interview the person and write the answers in the chart in note-form. You might have to interview your friend or relative over the phone.





۲

	Your questions	The person's answers
20	? What do you know about the G20 2020 Summit?	I know that Saudi Arabia hosted and led the event, so you must feel very proud!
ARABIA 2020		
-		
they be		

وزارة التعطيم

Ministry of Educati 2023 18445

13 Self Reflection 🔀

Things that I liked about Unit 1:	Things that I didn't like very much:

Things that I found easy in Unit 1:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 1:

Unit 1 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	l need to study/ practice more.
discuss past world events and present effects			
talk about global issues			
use the simple present			
use the simple present and the present progressive			
use the simple past and the present perfect			
use the simple past tense			
ask questions and give short answers with ' <i>did</i> '			
use time expressions for the past			
use the past progressive tense			
Past progressive + <i>when</i> + simple past tense			

My five favorite new words from Unit 1:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 1:
	• read through the unit again
	 listen to the audio material
••••	 study the grammar and functions from the unit again
	 ask your teacher for help

وزارة التعطيم

۲

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445 ۲

2 Careers



Listen and Discuss 🧭



۲

Read the three texts below. Find the sentences that say exactly what each person does in his job.

Dream JOBS

Have you ever wondered how people get really cool jobs? Imagine you've been working at the same job for a long time, and you're getting tired of the daily grind. Maybe you can get inspiration from these lucky people and do something creative and interesting.

CAR SCULPTOR

(•)

Working with clay is normally associated with artists, not with the automotive industry. However, some of the world's largest automobile companies have a permanent staff of sculptors to help them make designs for cars and visualize ideas for future products. Salim Saif went to art school and was going to be an artist, but he ended up as a sculptor for General Motors. Salim spends his days using his hands to craft anything from miniature clay models to actual-size car sculptures. He's been working for the company since he left college, and he and his team have helped design the latest models to come off the showroom floor.



وزارة التـه

Ministry of Education 2023 -20445

FOOD SCIENTIST

When someone says that he is a laboratory scientist, what immediately comes to your mind? You probably think of a white lab coat, sterile surroundings, a microscope, and test tubes. But that is not the case of Matthew Duval. For the last three years, he's been working as a food scientist for the makers of Tasty's ice cream, and he has created several new flavors. He's constantly searching for new combinations of flavors to keep the products fresh and interesting for the company's customers. In his lab, he experiments with different



products and flavors until he gets them just right. And, of course, he always gets to taste the results. One part of Matthew's job involves market research. He's good at presenting his new products to customers and getting their input.

ANIMATION DESIGNER

Animation has been in high demand in advertising, special effects, video games, and films. Animators need to have artistic ability, creativity, storytelling ability, technical skills, scientific and technical knowledge, and the ability to work with others.



Animators need to understand character development and be able to portray character emotions in a convincing way. As computer generated imagery (CGI) technology is used in both live action films and animated movies and interactive games, it has become necessary for designers to have scientific and technical knowledge. Animation projects involve many people who work as a team. Clear and effective communication with team members and clients is crucial.

۲

Qualities Employers Look for When Hiring for Jobs

۲

In groups, discuss the meaning of the qualities. Give examples of actions that demonstrate the qualities. What other qualities would you add?

Top Twelve Qualities

- 1. Communication skills (Verbal and Written)
- 2. Honesty/Integrity
- 3. Teamwork skills
- 4. Interpersonal skills
- 5. Strong work ethic
- 6. Motivation/Initiative
- 7. Flexibility/Adaptability
- 8. Analytical skills
- 9. Computer skills

 (\bullet)

- 10. Organizational skills
- 11. Time management skills
- 12. Critical thinking and problem solving skills



Quick Check 🗹

A. Vocabulary.

- **1.** Which of the qualities do you think the three people you read about need in their jobs?
- **2.** Which of the above do you think are your strongest and your weakest qualities?

B. Comprehension. Answer true or false.

- **1.** _____ Salim works as a car driver.
- 2. <u>He's been working for an auto company since he</u> left school.
- **3.** ____ Matthew has created several new flavors of yogurt.
 - ____ Matthew enjoys presenting his new products
- to customers.
- •5.• Animators usually work alone on their creative projects.

وزارة التعـليم

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

2 Pair Work 🔐

Find sentences that are facts about the three jobs you read on page 20. Make questions for those facts. In pairs, ask and answer the questions. See the examples below.

- How long has Matthew been working as a food scientist?
- He's been working as a food scientist for three years.
- What skills do you need to be a car sculptor?
- You must be creative.
- What job are you interested in?
- I'm interested in becoming a child psychologist. I'm good at working with children.



3 Grammar 鼲



Present Perfect Tenses: Progressive and Simple

Both tenses are used to talk about a situation that began in the past and continues into the present. Use the present perfect progressive to talk about an action that is happening now and will probably continue. Use the present perfect simple to talk about the amount of times/how long something has been done, up to this particular point. The action is not happening at this moment and may not continue.

۲

Present Perfect Progressive

Hanan has been reading a book for two hours. How long **have you been reading** that book? Saeed has been playing football since he was ten. How long have you been playing football?

Present Perfect Simple

She has read 30 pages. How many pages have you read? He has played for three different teams. How many teams have you played for?

- NOTE: The Present Perfect Progressive often uses since and for to show a length of time that the action is happening over.
- A. Read the three texts about jobs on page 20 and find sentences that are present perfect progressive and present perfect simple. Say which ones happened all the time and which ones happened or changed from time to time.
- **B.** Choose the correct verb form.
 - 1. I ('ve been looking for / 've looked for) a job for three months, and I still (haven't found / haven't been finding) one.
 - 2. My father (has worked / has been working) at many different jobs during his career.
 - 3. Adnan (has written / has been writing) books for years, but he (hasn't received / hasn't been receiving) an award yet.
 - 4. How many pages of that book (have you read / have you been reading)?
- C. Write answers to the following questions about your study of English.
 - 1. How long have you been studying English?
 - 2. How many English teachers have you had?
 - 3. How many books have you used?
 - 4. How long have you been using this book?
- D. Work with a partner. Make sentences. Follow the example.

Hakim / photography studio / one year-taking pictures-photographer

- 📍 <u>Hakim's been working at a photography studio for a year.</u> He's good at taking pictures, and he's interested in becoming a photographer.
 - 1. Faiz / restaurant / six months—bake things—chef
- 2. Refah / nursing home / two years—help old ladies—nurse
- 3. Yahya Znewspaper / a while—interview people—reporter

وزارة التعطيص Ministry of Education 2023 -212445



E. Find out about your classmates' abilities and experiences, and ask how long they've been doing them. Complete the chart.

4

- **A:** Can you ice-skate?
 - B: Yes, I can.
 - A: How long have you been skating?
 - **B:** I've been ice-skating since I was five.
- A: Do you have a job now?
- B: Yes, I do.
- A: How long have you been working at it?
- B: For about six months.

Activity	Name	Length of Time
Play a sport		
Study languages		
Live in the same house		
Drive a car/Ride a bike		
Work part-time		
Swim		
Your idea:		



 (\bullet)

To talk about someone's abilities (how well or badly they can do something) and interests, use expressions with Good at or Interested in.

He's **good at** using computers.

I'm not very good at speaking in public. They're interested in working outdoors. She's not interested in working in the computer industry.

F. Ask and answer questions about the picture. It's been raining for ten minutes. What have the people been doing during this time?

- **7** A: What has the man at the magazine stand been doing during the rain?
 - B: He's been reading.
 - A: How many magazines has he read?
 - B: He's read several magazines.



2 Careers



4 Language in Context 🔂

Prepare a job profile. Write down your qualifications, skills, and personality characteristics. You can use the examples in the chart below or your own ideas. In a group, discuss possible jobs for each student.

Personality Characteristics

creative, efficient, friendly, hardworking, intelligent, organized, reliable, sociable

Good At or Interested In

helping people working alone creating things making a lot of money

working outdoors working with people



Qualifications degree in journalism **Special Skills** good at speaking in public **Personality** confident **Possible Job** TV reporter

A TV reporter needs to be confident and has to be comfortable in front of the cameras, and should be interested in following news events.

5 Listening 🔊

Listen to the job interview, and complete the chart.

Candidate	Job Applied For
Name:	Working hours:
Education:	Salary:
Skills:	Job description:
Experience:	

۲

6 Pronunciation 💆

A. Listen. Note the differences in sounds. Then practice.

/m/	/n/	/ŋ/
m otivation	i n spiratio n	read ing
model	pla n	work ing

He's been working on making models. He's been an inspiration to me.

 B. Choose some sentences from the texts you read on page 20. Underline the words that have *m*, *n* and *ing* in each sentence. Practice reading the sentences aloud making the three different sounds. Ministry of Education 2023 **21**/445



In pairs, ask the questions and have your friend answer. Then switch roles.

- 1. What do you plan to do when you finish school?
- Do you have a job? How long have you been working at your present job?
- 3. What career interests you? Why?
- 4. Have you ever had a job interview? Talk about it.
- 5. Have you ever had an internship? Talk about it.
- Tell your partner about the jobs you've had and the courses you've taken. Say how long you've been doing the jobs or taking the courses.



Underline the words that have *m*, *n* and *ing* in the conversation and the expressions day after day, day in day out, bored to death, talked someone out of it and luckily. In pairs, read the conversation aloud. Make sure to produce the three different sounds and the expressions correctly.

- Yousef: So, Khaled, are you happy with your job at the TV station?
- Khaled: Yes, very happy. I enjoy being out there and talking to people. I get a lot of satisfaction out of my job.

Yousef: How long have you been working on TV?

- Khaled: I've been a reporter at this station for five years—since my internship. What about you?
- Yousef: I've been working at the bank since I left high school. It's the same thing day after day, day in and day out. I'm bored to death. I was hoping to be a watch repairer, you know, but my parents talked me out of it. They said it wasn't a serious profession.

- Khaled: Well, I was going to be a dentist, but luckily I changed my mind. Can you imagine me in a small room, stuck between four walls?
- Yousef: That's where I am right now. It's time to move on and find something more challenging. I have a lot of different skills. I'm good at solving problems. I'm organized, reliable, hardworking...What do you think I should do?

Your Ending

What advice do you think Khaled gives Yousef?

- (1) I'm looking for an assistant. Are you interested?
- (2) Why don't you network with friends and find out about available jobs?
- (3) You should look at job sites on the Web.
- **4**) Your idea:

Real Talk

day after day, day in and day out = following the same pattern bored to death = very bored

talk someone out of it = to convince to do something different luckily = used to give an opinion that an event was positive

About the Conversation

Answer true or false.

- **1.** _____ Khaled has been working on TV for five years.
- 2. ____ He wanted to be an engineer.
- ___ Yousef has had several jobs since he left 3.
- high school.
- • 4. _ _ _ He wanted to be a watch repairer.

_ He's been thinking of getting another job.





Your Turn

Role-play with a partner. Imagine Yousef found another job and has been working there for a year now. Ask what he's been doing and what changes have occurred in his career. Present your interview to the class.

25





2 Careers



9 Reading

Before Reading

Read the three job opportunities and find the sentences that say what a person should be able to do in each job.

۲

JobPool Has the Job for You About Us:

JobPool is a privately-owned career network with branches all over the world. Since its foundation in 2000, the company has constantly improved its users' experience with new features and services. JobPool has been growing globally through strategic international expansion. We have helped professionals and companies all over the world to meet each other.

OPENINGS [Internships]

Media Intern: TV and Radio Media International

Do you want to be part of the fastpaced world of television and meet famous people at the same time? Here's your chance. Our interns research information about hot topics. They need to find information quickly and be able to summarize it in clear language. Our hosts use the information on their programs. Our interns also greet our guests when they arrive in our studios. You need to be fluent in English and be good at using computers. And you must be friendly and outgoing. This is a paid internship for the summer.

Archaeological Interns: <u>Students</u> <u>Learning Overseas</u>

Here's an opportunity to study history firsthand and to work with noted archaeologists on an exciting dig. We've been uncovering ruins at the famous ancient city of Pompeii for several years. Interns' job is to dig slowly and carefully. They also work to uncover buildings that have been buried for centuries. It is very hard and painstaking work. The reward is a chance to discover something that the volcano Vesuvius buried with its lava two thousand years ago. This is an unpaid threemonth internship, but lodging and meals are provided near the site.

Environmental Engineering: <u>Saudi</u> <u>Construction, Riyadh</u>

Great opportunity for a civil engineering graduate student in the environment field! This project involves the construction of a road and a number of other local projects, such as research centers and new pipelines. The interns work alongside experienced civil engineers and receive training in the different work sectors. You need to be able to read blueprints, have some knowledge of Arabic, and be able to cope with temperatures that average 104°F (40°C). Food and accommodation will be provided.

Send applications to: internships@jpool.com Attach a cover letter and a résumé.



 (\bullet)

Ministry of Education
2023 -**26**445

Résumé

Carl Barthes 543 Limerick Road Englewood, New Jersey 07632 Telephone: 201-555-7287 • Cell phone: 201-555-7398 email: cbarthes@worldnet.com

Education

- Undergraduate student at Center University, majoring in Media Studies
- Graduate of City High School

Experience_

- Host of radio program. Responsibilities include: Interview people about teen-related issues on the air Decide on topics and help organize the show
- In charge of school website "School Days" Have written articles on community issues and on student concerns. Have done interviews and research to get background information.

Honors/Awards_

- The school website won an award as one of the most useful to students in the state.
- An article I wrote about jobs for young people has appeared in the local press.

Skills

(

- Computer expertise in word-processing and graphic programs
- Fluent in Spanish

Discussion

- 1. What types of information does Carl include in his résumé? What types of jobs do you think Carl has the qualifications and experience for? Explain.
- **2.** What qualifications do you have that you can include in a résumé? What jobs are you qualified for?
- 3. myour opinion, what makes a person qualified for a job?

وزارة التعطيم

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445



27

After Reading

Answer **true** or **false**.

- 1. _____ JobPool has been growing since the year 2000.
- **2.** _____ The archaeological interns get a good salary.
- **3.** _____ The media intern needs to speak several languages.
- 4. _____ The candidate for the engineering job must be good at reading blueprints.
- **5.** <u>Carl has experience with</u> word-processing programs.
- **6.** _____ One of Carl's articles has appeared in newspapers all over the country.

2 Careers



۲

- 10 Writing 🚺
 - A. 1. Read the three job opportunities again. Write the qualities, qualifications, and experience that a person needs for each job in note-form in the chart below.
 - **2.** Which job would you apply for if you had the qualifications? Why?
 - **3.** Which job would you not be interested in? Why not?
 - Discuss your choices in class. Which is the most popular job? Which is the least popular job?



dof	Qualities (see page 21)	Qualifications (certificates, awards, diplomas, degrees)	Experience
Media Intern			
Archaeological Intern			
Engineering Intern			

- **B. 1.** Read the cover letter for a job application on page 29. Collect information about the person and make notes in the chart which follows it.
 - 2. Think about your favorite job in the JobPool. Write information about yourself in the YOU column.
 - 3. Use your information to write a cover letter applying for the position.

Writing Corner

When you write a cover letter it is important to think about why you are writing it (purpose); who you are addressing (audience); and the information you will put in each paragraph:

- include the name, title, and address of the recipient on the left
- start with a short introduction stating your reasons for writing
- include a section or paragraph about why you are the right person for the job

۲

- •Find the features mentioned above in the letter on page 29 before you write your own cover letter.

میلید تا قازم Ministry of Education 2023 **28**45

(•)

Ahmed Alsaaleh *Human Resources Manager* **Zero A Company** 87 Riyadh Road Jeddah (555) 555-5555 ahmed.alsaaleh@email.com



۲

15 April 2023

Dear Mr. Alsaaleh,

I am writing to apply for the Public Relations position advertised in *PR Journal*. As requested, I am enclosing a completed job application, my certification, my résumé, and three references.

I believe that my experience, education, and training will make me a competitive candidate for this position. The key strengths that I possess for success in this position include:

- I am a dedicated and enthusiastic professional.
- I welcome challenge and strive for continued excellence.
- I am an experienced and effective communicator.
- I have had five successful years in PR in large corporations.

With a Bachelor's Degree in Public Relations and a Master's Degree in Intercultural Communication, I have a full understanding of the factors involved in the successful operation of a multinational organization such as yours.

Thank you for your time and consideration. I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

(�)

Saud Khalid

Applicant	Person who wrote the cover letter	YOU
Qualities (see page 21)		
Qualifications (certificates, awards, diplomas, degrees)		
exactience.		

وزارة التعـليم

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

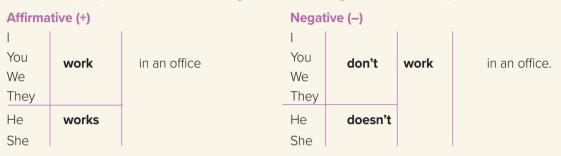
Ð

2 Careers

11 Form, Meaning and Function **1**

Simple Present Tense

Use the simple present to talk about things that are true in general or that happen all the time.



Time Expressions for the Present

We can use time expressions to talk about routines or habits.

He works at the hospital **from** Sunday **to** Thursday. He works at the hospital **on weekdays**. He doesn't work **on the weekend**. **In his free time**, he plays football.

Wh- Questions in the Simple Present

Q: Where does he/she work?Q: Where do you/they work?Q: WhA: He/She works in a hospital.A: I/They work in an office.A: I'mNote: What do you do? usually means What's your job?A: I'm

Prepositions of Time for the Present

Look at these examples to understand when we use prepositions to talk about time:

at three o'clock, noon/midnight/ midday/ night

in the morning/afternoon/evening

on Thursday, weekdays, Saturday morning, weekends, the weekend

- **A.** Complete the sentences with the simple present tense of an appropriate verb. Write the correct preposition.
- 📍 Ahmed is a teacher. He <u>teaches</u> in a high school. He works <u>on</u> weekdays.
 - What ______ your uncle _____? He's a writer.

 He ______ books.
 - 2. Adnan is a bus driver. He ______ a city bus. He works ______ night.



weekdays and ______ weekends.

planes. He likes to play tennis ______ his free time.

Ministry of Education

 (\bullet)

۲



Q: What do you do?

- A: I'm a salesperson.
- itions to talk

Relative Pronouns: Who, That, Which

Relative clauses add information about a noun in the main clause.

Use the relative pronoun who or that for people. Use the relative pronoun that or which for things and animals.

The man was talking to the tourists. He was friendly. The man who/that was talking to the tourists was friendly. (relative clause)

The computer company is making a good profit. It is called Easy Surf. The computer company **that/which** is making a good profit is called Easy Surf.

Past Progressive with While

We can use the past progressive with while to talk about actions that were happening at the same time:

۲

Mohammed was working on the computer while his brother was talking on the phone. While you were working at the photography studio, I was studying graphic design at college. They were waiting for their father at the office while their father was waiting for them at home. While she was talking with her sister downstairs, her mother was looking for her upstairs.

B. Complete the sentences with who or that.

- 1. The new driver ______ started work yesterday is very quiet.
- they launched this week are selling well. **2.** The products
- **3.** I'd like to introduce you to the person organized the conference.
- 4. That isn't the job ______ he applied for.
- **5.** The actor was playing the lead role was very funny.
- 6. Isn't that the book you were reading last week?
- C. Work with a partner. Make sentences to describe the actions in the pictures.
- 📍 <u>It was raining while Yahya was washing the car.</u>

Yahya



Ministry of Education







3. The people

2023 - 1445

2 Careers

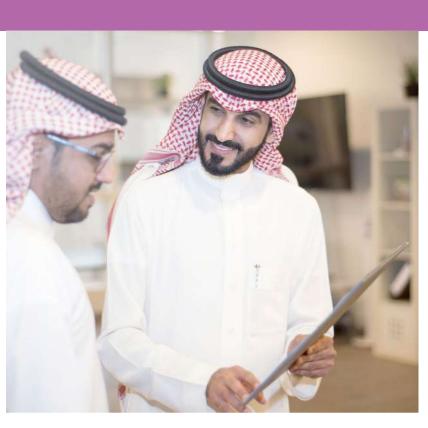




رابط الدرس الرقم

۲

- Find a person a relative or a friend who has a job that you are interested in.
- 2. Prepare questions that you would like to ask him/her in an interview.
- Interview the person and write the answers in note-form. Use the same categories in the chart to organize them: Qualities, Qualifications, Experience, and Skills.
- Use the same questions as in 2 to interview each other. Answer using your notes about your relative's or friend's job. Write your partner's answers in the chart in note-form.
- **5.** Use your partner's answers to write a résumé using Carl's résumé as a model.



		Your questions	Your partner's answers
	alities e page 21)		
(ce	alifications rtificates, awards, Iomas, degrees)		
Exp	perience		
Ski	lls		

برارة التعليم Ministry of Education

2023 **-3<u>2</u>**445

13 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 2:	Things that I didn't like very much:

Things that I found easy in Unit 2:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 2:

Unit 2 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about careers			
talk about personal qualities and personality characteristics			
talk about how long I've been doing something			
use the present perfect progressive versus the present perfect simple			
use the construction adjective + preposition + gerund			
use the simple present and ask Wh- questions			
use prepositions of time for the present			
use relative pronouns			
use the past progressive with while			

My five favorite new words from Unit 2:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 2:
مرارة التعطيم	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

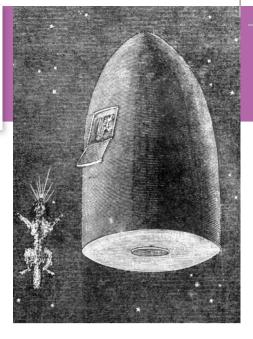
3 What Will Be, Will Be





- 1. Read the title. What words does it make you think of?
- 2. Read the text. Find the sentences that talk about the future and the ones that talk about the past.

A Vision of the Future



The French writer Jules Verne wrote several books in the late 1800s. In them, he wrote about the future. He asked, "What will life be like at the end of the 20th century—one hundred years from now?" In one of his adventure novels (From the Earth to the Moon), his characters traveled to the moon in a rocket. In another novel (20,000 Leagues Under the Sea), his characters dove through the depths of the ocean in a submarine in the shape of a whale. In a novel titled Paris in the Twentieth Century, Verne described a city with skyscrapers of glass and steel, highspeed trains, gas-powered automobiles, and a global communications network. Space rockets and submarines and other things in his novels didn't exist in Verne's time, but many of the inventions that Verne imagined became reality by the end of the 1900s. That's why people call Verne a visionary.

Jules Verne

Ministry of Ed 2023 -314445

From the Earth to the Moon

20,000 Leagues Under the Sea

Paris in the Twentieth Century

11110

Comments Made in the United States in 1955: Right or Wrong Predictions?

4

Read the predictions below. Find the sentences that talk about the future.

"I seriously doubt that fast food restaurants will ever catch on."

"Have you seen the new cars coming out next year? It won't be long before \$1,500 won't even buy a used car."

"Did you see where some baseball player just signed a contract for \$75,000 a year just to play ball? It wouldn't surprise me if someday they'll be making more than the president."

"Soon all our kitchen appliances will be electric. They are even making electric typewriters now."

"I'll tell you one thing, if things keep going the way they are, it's going to be impossible to buy a week's groceries for \$20."

"If they think I'll pay 50 cents for a haircut, forget it."

What a dollar bought in 1955 would take about \$9.65 to buy in 2020, because of inflation. The average baseball player makes nearly \$4.5 million a year. Today a haircut for a man costs an average of \$28.

Quick Check 🗹

- **A. Vocabulary.** Complete the following with words from the texts.
 - 1. _____ novel
 - 2. _____ restaurant
 - **3.**_____ car
 - 4. _____ appliance
 - **5.**_____ cut

B. Comprehension. Mark which of these predictions came true.

- **1.** ____ People will drive gas-powered cars.
- **2.** ____ People will live in skyscrapers.
- **3.** ____ People will travel to the center of the earth.
- **4.** ____ Fast food restaurants won't catch on.
- **5.** ____ Sports stars will earn more than the president.



- Hink of one thing we use now. Write down some of its
- features. Think how each of these features may change

in 30 to 40 years. Make predictions of how people will

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

188

There won't be any more cars. People will travel in vehicles that ride through the air.

What Will Be, Will Be 3







Future with Will or Be Going To

Use will or be going to to make predictions about the future.

Affirmative (+)

Computers **will perform** many functions. People are going to have more free time.

Questions (?)

Will people eat artificial food? Are we going to travel to other planets?

Negative (-)

Computers won't have feelings. Machines aren't going to control us.

Answers (Opinions)

l quess so. I hope not. l think so. I don't think so.

We also use *will* when we decide to do something at the time we're speaking, such as for offers or promises.

We don't have any milk. I'll get some from the store.

Will versus Be Going To

Use be going to to express a plan that is already made or decided. Use will to express uncertainty, often with maybe or probably.

What are your vacation plans? I'm going to spend a month in Abha. Maybe I'll go to Abha.

Future Progressive

Use the future progressive (will + be + present participle) for continuous actions in the future. Or use be going to + be + present participle.

Affirmative (+)

(�)

(At) this time tomorrow, I'll be swimming in the ocean. OR I'm going to be swimming... A week from today, I**'ll be relaxing** on the beach. By the year 3000, people will be living to the age of 120. OR They are going to be living...

- OR I'm going to be relaxing...

Questions (?)

Will you be working on the weekend? Are they going to be taking the test, too?

Yes. | will.

۲

Short Answers (+) Short Answers (-) No. | won't. Yes, they **are**. No, they **aren't**.

A. Complete the predictions about the future with the correct form of the verb. More than one answer is possible.

- 1. In one hundred years, people ______ on other planets. (live)
- 2. Students ______ with computers instead of books. (study)
- 3. Cars ______ on gasoline. (not run)
- 4. Robots
- 5. Young people _____ only to smartphones. (listen)
 - 6. At the age of 50, people _____ young. (be)

وزارة التعطيم

Ministry of Education 2023 -36445



Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

What Will Be, Will Be 3





Write down three things you want to change and improve in your life. Compare your ideas with a partner.

4

Y I won't use my cell phone so much. I'll start exercising. I'll study more.

Listening 5



Listen to the principal's speech at graduation, and complete the chart about the students' past and future.

Name	Past	Future
Ibrahim		
Steven		
Saeed		
Jim		



6 Pronunciation 😅

A. Listen. Note the words that are usually not stressed. Then practice.

а	in a century	to	nine-to-five
and	young and old	was	lt was common.
can	Cars can fly.	of	cars of the future

B. Read the text about Jules Verne again. Find the sentences that contain a, and, can, to, and of. Practice reading these sentences without stressing a, and, can, to, and of.



In pairs, ask and answer the questions. Then switch roles.

- 1. Do you believe that people can predict the future? Explain.
- 2. Do you know of any predictions that came true? Explain.
- 3. What changes do you predict for the next 50 years?
- 4. What do you think you'll be doing 20 years from now?

50 years?

6. What will schools be like in 20 years? وزارة التعطيم

Ministry of Education 2023 -312445





Find and underline some of the words you practiced in the pronunciation section. Practice reading the conversation in pairs.

۲

Reporter:	Would you tell us about the new intelligent home of the future?
Engineer:	Certainly. The concept of Intelligent Buildings is to monitor and optimize lighting, security, ventilation, heating, audiovisual and entertainment systems, and so on. It's an integrated household system that will make people's lives easier.
Reporter:	How will the house actually function?
Engineer:	When you arrive at the front door, you won't need a key. The door will open with a touch of your finger. The system will recognize your fingerprint.
Reporter:	What happens after I enter the house?
Engineer:	The lights will come on if it's night, the climate control will be activated, and surround sound will automatically play your favorite radio station.
Reporter:	What special facilities will there be in the kitchen?
Engineer:	You'll be able to "call" your refrigerator when you're at the supermarket and find out how much milk there is or how many eggs you have left.
Reporter:	That's wonderful. What about the housework? I hate doing that.
Engineer:	The house will come equipped with a robot that will do the cleaning, the washing, and the cooking.
Reporter:	No kidding? Can I buy the robot without the house?

Real Talk

Certainly = used to say yes No kidding? = to express surprise, in this case, pleasant surprise

About the Conversation

In pairs, ask and answer the questions. Then switch roles.

- 1. What are some features of the intelligent house?
- 2. What will happen after a person enters the house?

3. What will you be able to do over the phone?

4. Why is the reporter interested in the robot?

وزارة التعطيم Ministry of Education

2023 - 1445

۲





Your Turn

Draw an intelligent house that you would like to have one day. Write sentences about the intelligent features and how they work.

What Will Be, Will Be 3

Reading





Before Reading

- 1. Read the title. What words does it make you think of?
- 2. Read the text. Match a heading to each paragraph.
 - **a.** What the car contained

b. The burial of a car

d. They lived to see it

e. Everyone came to the event

- c. 50 years later
- The Tulsa Time Capsule
- 1 A crowd of people gathered outside the courthouse in Tulsa, Oklahoma, in June 1957, to witness the burial of an unusual time capsule: a brand-new gold-and-white Plymouth Belvedere car. The city leaders explained: "In exactly 50 years time, this car will be unearthed to show the world who we were and how we lived in Tulsa in 1957."
- 2 The automobile contained a flag, a city phone directory, an unpaid parking ticket, and the contents of a woman's purse: bobby pins, a ladies' powder compact, a plastic rain cap, several combs, a tube of lipstick, a pack of gum, a wad of tissues, \$2.73 in bills and coins. Five gallons of gas were also included, in case the combustion engine became obsolete by 2007 and no fuel was available.
- 3 The event attracted all sorts of people to Denver Avenue that day in 1957. Some thought that the idea of burying a new car was dumb; others thought it was brilliant. Raffle tickets (for the car) were sold. The person to guess the approximate population of Tulsa in 2007 would win. "I'll never be alive," said Teddy Baxter, aged 6. "Sure you will," answered his brother Henry, who was 19. "I might not be, but you'll be around for sure." Gene McDaniel, who was 20 at the time, thought: "In 2007, I'll be 70—I'll never make it."
- 4 The Plymouth was wrapped in protective • materials and owered into a concrete vault, which was supposed to withstand even a nuclear attack. It lay there for 50 years.



On June 13, 2007, the vault was opened, and the car was raised as thousands of people watched. The organizer of the event said: "Ladies and gentlemen, I present you Miss Belvedere." Unfortunately the tomb was unable to protect the car from moisture, and the vintage vehicle was covered in rust. The contents of a "typical" woman's handbag in the glove compartment looked like a lump of rotted leather. The microfilm that recorded the names of the contestants wasn't found. There was a bit of disappointment that the items were not in better condition. However, some items inside the time capsule were in good shape—they included a U.S. flag and some historical documents, such as aerial maps of the city and postcards.

5 The good news is that when the Belvedere was unearthed, Teddy and Gene were still alive. They never thought they would be here to see it happen. Someone present said, "It's our King Tut's tomb. It's like a fairy tale."

وزارة التعطيم Ministry of Education

2023 -40445

۲



After Reading

A. Choose the correct meaning of each word.

- to gather (paragraph 1)
 to come together
- a. to give evidence
- **b.** to separate

b. safety pin

b. outdated

b. to observe

b. a safe

- **b.** to help
- **3.** bobby pin (paragraph 2)**a.** pin worn by boys
- **4.** obsolete (paragraph 2)
- a. complete
- 5. vault (paragraph 4)a. an electric measure
- **6.** to withstand (paragraph 4)
- **a.** to oppose

c. hairpin

c. to see an event

- c. high-tech
- c. a can
- c. to resist or survive

- B. Answer the questions about the reading.
 - 1. What was the purpose of burying the car for 50 years?
 - 2. Why did the organizers include five gallons of gas for the car?
 - 3. Are any of the items put in the car obsolete today?
 - 4. Who was going to be the winner of the contest?
 - 5. What was the bad news in 2007?

C. Complete the sentences about the reading in your own words.

- 1. "In 50 years time, when this car is taken out of the vault, people will
- 2. "If I buy a raffle ticket for the car, I might not
- 3. "When people open the glove compartment in 2007, they

Discussion

Have you ever read about "hidden treasure"? When was it hidden and what did people find?



مزارت التعليم Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

 (\bullet)





3 What Will Be, Will Be





- A. Answer the questions.
 - 1. Read the title. Who do you think the keeper is?
 - 2. Look at the photos. Where was the treasure hidden?



Keeper of hidden treasure

This is not a fairy tale, nor a scary story; it is the story of the discovery of 900-year-old treasure off the Korean shore.

A fisherman caught an octopus that had bits of blue pottery attached to its tentacles. At first, he thought they were shells. He caught more octopus and they all had shards attached to their tentacles. Finally, he brought up an octopus that had a whole plate caught on its tentacles.

That was when he realized that he had made an important discovery; he had heard about shipwrecks with ancient pottery, in the area. So he contacted the museum as soon as he got back.

An urgent underwater exploration led to the discovery of thirty, perfect examples of 12th century bowls, thanks to the octopus family.



 Who found the treasure?

 Where did he find it?

 How did he find it?

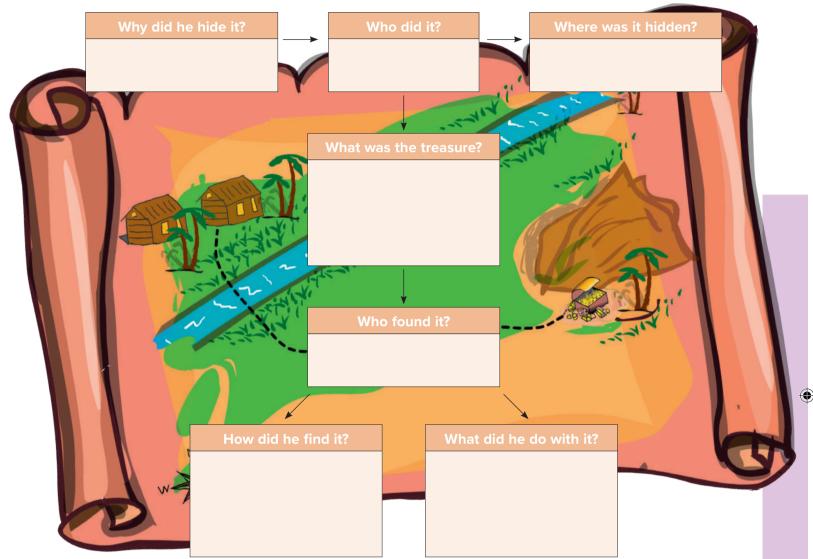
 Whot was the treasure?

 What did he do with it?

3. Read the story and make notes in the boxes.

Ministry of Education 2023 **-412**445

B. Think of a story about "hidden treasure" that you have read or heard. Make notes in the chart below and then use your notes to write the story.



Writing Corner

When you write a story you need to think about:

- Your **audience**. Who is reading or listening to the story?
- The **people** (**characters**) in the story. Who are they? What do they look like? What kind of person are they?
- The **place** or **places** where events take place. Describe these places.
- The events (plot). What happens in your story? Use past verb forms.
- The **time** things happened. Which year is your story set in? What time of day is it? Which season is it? Use past time.
- The order of the events. What happened first, second, third and so on? Use a variety of past
- tenses to order your events.
- The beginning and end of the story. How will you begin your story? How will you end your story?
- 1. What do you think causes a reaction, e.g. surprise, suspense, laughter/humor etc.?

جتا في المهم what was your reaction to the octopus story?

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

What Will Be, Will Be

Form, Meaning and Function 🧕

Present Simple Tense versus Present Progressive Tense

We use the simple present to talk about habits or routines. We use the present progressive for actions occurring now or for a temporary situation.

Omar lives in Riyadh. He works for a big computer company as a computer scientist.

Omar is working at the AI Qassim Science Center in Saudi. He is creating an exhibit named 'Computers in the Future.'

Present Progressive for the Future

We can also use the present progressive tense to talk about arrangements and scheduled events in the future.

A: Yes, she will. A: Yes, I am.

۲

Q: When **are** they **flying** to Dubai?

- **Q:** When **are** the new cars **coming out**?
- Q: When is Omar leaving for Riyadh?
- A: They're flying to Dubai tonight.
- A: They're coming out next year.
- A: He's flying at 9 o'clock in the morning.

Time Expressions for the Future

- Q: What are you going to do tomorrow?
- Q: Will she go on the school trip **next week**?
- Q: Are you sitting examinations next month?

Make and Respond to Suggestions

To make suggestions we can use: Let's.../ How about ...?/ Why don't we/ you ...?

- Q: Let's look for the hidden treasure.
- Q: How about making a time capsule for the school project? A: Great idea! Let's do it!
- **Q: Why don't we** design a robot to help with the cleaning?
- A: We can't. We don't have a map.

A: I'm going to visit the museum of Science and Technology.

- A: Yes, why not! That sounds great!
- A. Hussein and Ahmed are going on a school trip. They will visit a new Science and Technology museum. Work with a partner. Ask and answer. Use future forms and time expressions.

7 A: <u>When are they going?</u>

- B: They are going tomorrow.
- A: What will they see and do at the museum?
- B: They are going to see exhibits about robots. They will learn about space travel in the future.
- A: What will they take?
- **B.** Hussain and Ahmed are at the museum. They are discussing what to see and do. Make up a dialogue. Use language for making and responding to suggestions.

P Hussain: Let's go to the 'Space Show.' Ahmed: Great idea! Oh wait ... We can't. It's sold out. <u>How about ...</u> إزارة التــــليم

Ministry of Education 2023 -414445

 (\bullet)





۲

Information Questions

- **Q:** What are you going to do in the summer?
- Q: Where will you go?
- Q: How will you get there?

- A: I'll probably travel.
- A: I'll go to Najran.
- A: Maybe I'll drive.

Note: We often use will with probably or maybe to express doubt or uncertainty.

Tag Questions

We often use tag questions to check information. We use an auxiliary verb and a subject personal pronoun. With an affirmative sentence, use a negative tag. With a negative sentence, use an affirmative tag.

۲

	Affirmative (Negative Tag) Global warming will melt the ice at the poles, won't it ?	Negative Sentence (Affirmative Tag) People won't live on other planets in 100 years, will they ?
Most people use their cars to get around the city, don't they?They are not going to go on the school science trip, are they?		
Scientists are close to finding a cure for cancer, aren't they?He isn't working at the research center tomorrow, is he?	-	
It usually snows in winter, doesn't it ? It doesn't usually rain in summer, does it ?	It usually snows in winter, doesn't it ?	It doesn't usually rain in summer, does it ?
You are from Riyadh, aren't you ? She isn't from Muscat, is she ?	You are from Riyadh, aren't you ?	She isn't from Muscat, is she ?

- **C.** Find out about your classmate's hobbies and interests. Ask and answer questions about their plans for the various times in the box. Use future forms and time expressions.
- **A:** What are you going to do on the weekend?
 - B: I'll visit my cousins. I'll probably go horseback riding on Saturday.
 - A: That sounds great!
 - B: What will you do on the weekend?
 - A: I'll probably go to the new science museum with my brother. I haven't been yet.

in the summer	in the winter	in the spring	in the fall
on the weekend	next week	next year	on Saturday
tomorrow	in the future	this year	soon

- D. Write down some of your classmate's answers from exercise C. Then check the information with them. Use question tags.
- A: You usually go horseback riding on the weekend, don't you?
 - B: Yes, I will probably go on Saturday.

B: You are going to go to the new science museum, aren't you?A: Yes, that's ight!



45

مزارق التعطيم Ministry of Education

2023 - 1445

۲

3 What Will Be, Will Be



- Think about life in your country and plan a time capsule to be opened in 50 years' time. Work in groups.
- **2.** Use the questions in the planner to help you decide what to put in it. Make notes in the chart.
- **3.** Try to choose things that represent different areas in your country. Think about different kinds of objects.
- 4. Suggest and discuss different ideas in your groups before you decide. Share the work required to collect information, design the time capsule, and write short texts about what the objects are and why they have been included.
- **5.** Create a poster of your capsule with photos or drawings of the objects. Include brief captions about each object.
- 6. Present your project in class.



رابط الدرس الرقمي



	Planning questions	Group's decision
	What will you use as a time capsule?	
	How will you protect the time capsule?	
	Where will you bury the time capsule?	
	What will you put in the time capsule?	
••••	Why did you choose the thogs that you will put in the time capsule?	

رارة التعليم Ministry of Education

2023 **-4**6445

۲

 $(\mathbf{ })$

Self Reflection 🔀

Things that I liked about Unit 3:	Things that I didn't like very much:

Things that I found easy in Unit 3:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 3:

Unit 3 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
make predictions about the future			
express opinions			
use the future with <i>will</i> or <i>be going to</i> in the affirmative and negative and in questions and answers			
use will versus be going to			
use the future progressive in the affirmative and negative and in questions and answers			
use the present progressive for the future			
use time expressions for the future			
make and respond to suggestions			
ask Wh- questions and use tag questions			

My five favorite new words from Unit 3:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 3:
وزارة التے ليم	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

4 The Art of Advertising



1 L

 (\bullet)



۲

- 1. Before you read, look at the pictures, and write as many words as you can about each.
- 2. Read the texts and see if you can find any of the words that you wrote for each picture.

COMPACT CARS: The Smaller, the Better



The tiny classic is back, measuring 10 feet 11 inches (335 centimeters) long, 5 feet 5 inches (165 centimeters) wide, and 4 feet 11 inches (149 centimeters) tall. The new FIAT 500 is a triumph of Italian design. Every line has been crafted to reflect the legendary original, and buyers will be offered a variety of colors and options to customize their car. The FIAT 500 two-seater was introduced in 1957, and it became an automotive legend. It featured a 13 horsepower engine and had a top speed of about 53 miles (85 kilometers) per hour.

SUITCASE: For the Price of a Car

According to *Forbes* magazine, *Henk* is the most expensive suitcase in the world. The *Henk* "friendly" suitcase was developed by a group of Dutch engineers and designers over a period of ten years. Each suitcase is made individually and is built to the individual customer's requested specifications. You may prefer to opt for one of the recommended combinations, which have been carefully selected.



FEATURES

Weight:

Lighter than any other bag. It has been designed to feel like you're pulling no more than 25 grams, even if you've packed bricks in the suitcase. Materials:

It comes in ebony (wood) or Italian leather. Remote Control:

The control is used to hide the wheels and to activate a locking system. Wheels:

The wheels are made of titanium, providing the smoothest ride. **Prices:**

The price can be as high as a car, ranging from \$20,000 to \$40,000.



میلید تا قازم Ministry of Education 2023 **-48**45

THE FOLD-UP BIKE



It looks like an ordinary bike, but it's portable. This folding bike can easily be transported and stored when it is not in use. It can make your life easier. In contrast to the standard bike, it is much smaller and less bulky, so it can be parked and stored more readily. The fold-up bike is attractive, and it comes in a variety of styles.

About Bicycles

۲

Bicycles were invented in France in the 1790s. The first bikes were made of wood, had a front wheel that didn't move from left to right, and didn't have pedals. In 1817, a steerable front wheel was developed by Baron Karl von Drais

A

in Germany, and in 1839, the first pedals were introduced by Kirkpatrick MacMillan, a blacksmith from Scotland. The first bikes had large front wheels because it was believed that the bigger the front wheel, the faster the bike.

Quick Check 🗹

A. Vocabulary. List the words that describe the car, the suitcase, and the bike.

B. Comprehension. Answer true or false.

- **1.** _____ The new FIAT 500 is one of the world's most compact cars.
- 2. ____ The car will be available in only one color.
- **3.** _____ The *Henk* suitcase was designed in Germany.
- **4.** _____ The suitcase can be made of wood.
 - . _____ The fold-up bike isn't as bulky as an ordinary bike.
- 6. ____ The first bikes didn't have any pedals.

2 Pair Work 🔛

- A. Find sentences that are facts about the four products you read about. Make questions for those facts. In pairs ask and answer the questions. See the examples below.
 - What were the first bikes made of?
 - They were made of wood.
 - What's special about the new FIAT 500?
 - Customers can choose a personalized car.
 - How does the Henk compare with other suitcases?
 - It's much lighter than other brands.
- **B.** Choose a product that you like. Why is it special? Write down two reasons. Share them with a partner.

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

وزارة التعطيم

.

The Art of Advertising 4

3 Grammar 🛽





The Passive

Use the passive to emphasize what was done instead of who did it. The passive is formed by combining a form of the verb to be with the past participle of the main verb.

۲

nis car is made in Japan.
ne suitcase was developed in the Netherlands.
ur products have been used by travelers all over the world.
clean engine will be produced in the future.

A phrase with the preposition by can follow the passive verb to indicate the doer of the action.

Comparison of Adjectives (comparatives and superlatives)

Use comparative and superlative forms of adjectives when you compare the qualities of two or more people, things, animals, or situations.

Adjective	Comparative Form	Superlative Form
The hydrogen car is clean .	lt's cleaner than other models.	lt's the cleanest car of all.
The bag is expensive .	It's more expensive than others.	lt's the most expensive bag.

Similarities and Differences (as + adjective + as)

Use as ... as to show two items are the same in some way. The special suitcase is **as expensive as** a car.

Use not as ... as to show that two items are not the same in some way. The fold-up bicycle is **not as bulky as** a regular bicycle.

More Similarities and Differences (look, smell, sound, taste ... like + noun)

The new compact car looks like a bug.

That sounds like a good idea.

A. Change the sentences from the active voice to the passive voice.

A company in Japan makes the car. The company has opened a new factory. The car is made by a company in Japan. <u>A new factory has been opened by the company.</u>

- 1. Karl Benz made the first car in 1886.
- 2. Companies produce cars in many different countries, nowadays.
- **3.** In the future, people will drive smaller cars.
- 4. Cartier makes perfume, watches, and jewelry.
- **5.** Francois Coty started the perfume industry in the late 1800s.
- 6. The French have produced famous perfumes for many years.
- In the future, people will buy more hybrid cars.

8. In the past, many people used bikes ورارت التے o go to work. Ministry of Education

2023 -50445

B. Complete the paragraph with the passive form of the verbs in parentheses. Use the correct tense.



Perfumes ______ (1. make) from flowers and many other pleasant-smelling substances. The ancient Egyptians were the first to introduce perfume into their culture, and some special perfumes actually __(2. consider) more precious than gold. Perfume ______(3. use) by the rulers of ancient Egypt in their tombs. For example, when the tomb of Tutankhamen _____ (4. open) in the 1920s, there was still an odor of perfume. In Rome, various scents ______ (5. spray) extravagantly in the famous baths and during banquets. Perfume (6. wear) in Arabia, India, China, and Japan. In fact, perfume has had its popularity since ancient times, and in modern times, it is available to more and more people. The first perfume that _____ (7. name) after a fashion designer was Chanel No. 5, and it ______ (8. package) in a now-famous Art Deco bottle. It ______ (9. launch) in 1923, and so it (10. enjoy) for nearly a century.

4



C. Complete the ads with the comparative or superlative forms of the adjectives.

- **D.** In your opinion, which is the best ad in excercise **C**? Compare your ideas with a partner.
- E. Use the correct verb: look, smell, sound, or taste.
- 1. This new doorbell _____ just like a parrot.
- You _____ like a business man with that new haircut.
 - 3. I like this new fragrance. It ______ like roses.
- •4. This restaurant food doesn't _____ like home cooking, but it's OK.
- just like my father and mother, but thanks for the advice, anyway. The twins ______ just like their mother, don't you think?

۲

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

(•)



4 Language in Context 🔂



How good is your general knowledge? Choose the correct answer. Then check the answers at the bottom of the page. How many points did you get?

1. Ice cream was invented	a. Hassan Kamel Al-Sabbah in 1930.
2. The first "camera obscura" was devised	b. by Ibn Sina (980-1037), a Muslim philosopher, physician and scientist.
3. Surgical instruments that are still being used were devised	c. made in 1440.
 The original solar cell was invented and tested by 	d. by the Chinese 4,000 years ago.
5. The law of gravity was discovered	e. in the 10th century by Al-Zahrawi, a Muslim surgeon.
6. Radioactivity was discovered	f. by a Hungarian, Ladislas Biro.
7. The telephone was invented	g. by Ibn Al Haytham.
8. The first printing press was	h. by Marie Curie in 1903.
9. The ballpoint pen was made famous	i. by Isaac Newton.
10. "The Book of Healing and The Canon of Medicine" was authored	j. by Alexander Graham Bell in 1876.
	Points 9–10 Excellent, 6–8 Good, 4–5 Not bad, 0–3 Weak

Listening 🔊



-10 Excellent, 6–8 Good, 4–5 Not bad, 0–3 Weak

ابط الدرس الرقر ХП

- Listen to the ads and match.
- **1.** ____ Sunray
- 2. ____ Sparkle
- 3. ____ NoAche
- a. an effective pain killer **b.** a lotion used to protect your skin
- 4. ____ Spotless
- c. a soap that removes dirt and leaves a nice fragrance **d.** a soft drink that provides a lot of energy
- 6 Pronunciation 🚞

Read the text about advertising. Find examples of consonant + vowel and consonant + consonant and practice reading them aloud.

Consonant + Vowel

the best ice cream the most expensive bag It was introduced in 1957.

Consonant + Consonant

the cleanest (t)eeth in contrast (t)o the standard bike a specially designed (d)olphin food

About You

In pairs, ask and answer the questions. Then switch roles.

- Are you influenced by advertising? Think of a product
- that you bought because of an ad. What factors influenced your decision?

منارحتا اعظم المعالية false advertising? Can you give examples of it? Ministry of Edact What items shouldn't be advertised? Why not? 2023 -52445

- 4. Do you think advertising standards should be stricter?
- 5. To what extent do you think ads influence children and teens, and people in general?

Answers: 1. d, 2. g, 3. e, 4. a, 5. i, 6. h, 7. j, 8. c, 9. f, 10. b



Find and underline examples of consonant + vowel and consonant + consonant and practice reading the conversation in pairs.

Adnan: Hi, Omar. What are you up to?

- **Omar:** I'm turning off my alarm.
- Adnan: What on earth is that?
- **Omar:** It's the new flying helicopter alarm. It runs on rechargeable batteries! It's the best alarm clock I've ever had.
- Adnan: How does it work?
- **Omar:** You see, the top part, in other words the flying part, is placed on a base. The alarm is set and when it goes off the top part flies off the base. It is made to fly in order to make you get up, catch it, and put it back on its base.

- Adnan: And why is it here?
- Omar: Well, you know how it is when you have a lot to do at work and you also have to attend meetings. I don't have an assistant so if I am working on an important project I forget. The flying alarm can solve the problem. I set it in time for any meeting or conference that I have and I don't have to worry. What do you think?

Your Ending

What do you think Adnan answers?

- What a great idea for heavy sleepers!
- 2 What a crazy idea! If you don't hear it, it goes on flying.
- (3) What does the boss have to say about this?
- (**4**) Your idea: ____

Real Talk

What are you up to? = What are you doing now? What on earth...? = expression to show surprise when asking a question

About the Conversation

In your own words, explain how the flying helicopter alarm works.

Your Turn

Describe to your partner some unusual new gadgets you have seen or read about. First complete the organizer with the necessary information. Your partner expresses disbelief using the following expressions: *It is awesome/incredible, I've never seen anything like it* and *It makes you wonder.*

What the gadget is called	What the gadget looks like	How the gadget works
مالت التي Ministry of Education		



2023 - 1445

 (\bullet)

۲

4 The Art of Advertising



9

(�)



Before Reading

- 1. What words do you think of when you read the words "credit card"?
- 2. Read the text and write sentences to show the history of the credit card. Use the timeline below.

4

The World of Pla

- ¹ Can you imagine a world without credit cards? Until the 1950s, a world without the use of cash was simply inconceivable. Today an economic universe without plastic would be impractical. Whether it's for business or for leisure, the credit card is used to pay for goods and services from New York to Beijing.
- ² It all started in 1949 when Frank McNamara scheduled a business dinner in a New York restaurant. Before he left for the dinner, Frank changed suits. When the waiter presented the check, Frank realized that he had left his wallet in the other suit. The embarrassing situation was solved, but that night Frank asked

himself: "Why should people be limited to spending what they are carrying in cash, instead of being able to spend what they can afford?" A year later, Frank returned to the same restaurant in New York. When the check came, Frank handed the waiter a small cardboard card, a Diner's Club Card, and signed for the meal. This event is known in the



credit card industry as the "First Supper." Soon the concept of "charging it" was picked up by merchants as an alternative form of payment to the use of cash. By 1952, the Diner's Club Card was accepted by thousands of businesses across the United States, and it became a status symbol for those who carried it.

³ The Diner's Club Card soon became a cultural icon. Hollywood cashed in on the "charge-it craze" with the 1962 movie, *The Man from the Diner's Club*. In it, an employee at Diner's Club issues a credit card to a well-known gangster and has to get it back in order to keep his job. The Ideal Toy Corporation joined in the trend when it created a board game called the *Diner's Club Game*. The idea of the credit card quickly expanded outside the United States. The Diner's Club Card became the first international charge card in 1952 with franchises in Canada, France, and Cuba. In 1955, Western Airlines became the first airline to accept the Diner's Club Card. Ten years later, the card was accepted by every airline in the United States. Diner's Club expanded its services to hotels, car rentals, and other businesses.

Other famous international credit cards have been created such as American Express, Visa, and MasterCard. There are hundreds of local bank cards, department store credit cards, supermarket credit cards, and so forth around the world.

⁵ In 1984, the first card members rewards program was created, aimed mostly at business travelers. It gave valuable benefits and special privileges to loyal users. Now many reward programs offer free airline miles and discounts on hotels and other products.

⁶ Ever since a businessman forgot his cash in 1949, people have used credit cards. An entirely new business was created that revolutionized the way the world has paid for goods and services ever since.



الت التركايم jff949: Frank couldn't pay for dinner because he forgot his wallet.

Ministry of Education 2023 -514:45



After Reading

A. Choose the correct meaning of each word.

1. inconceivable (paragraph 1) **b.** impossible to imagine **a.** cannot have children c. uncreative 2. impractical (paragraph 1) **b.** not usual a. not convenient c. out of practice **3.** limited (paragraph 2) a. small company **b.** kept within a boundary c. disabled **4.** status symbol (paragraph 2) a. belonging to the state **b.** brand name c. sign of high social standing 5. cash in (paragraph 3) **a.** to make money from **b.** use a cash machine c. to invest 6. franchise (paragraph 3) a. a French product **b.** a big corporation c. branch of a company 7. revolutionize (paragraph 6) a. greatly change **b.** protest strongly c. turn back

4

B. With the help of a dictionary, write down three words that start with the following prefixes, meaning "not":

in-:	
im-:	

- C. Answer the questions about the reading.
 - 1. How long have credit cards been available?
 - 2. Why was Frank McNamara embarrassed?
 - 3. What did McNamara think was a silly restriction?
 - 4. What phrase was used to describe the use of credit cards, in contrast to the phrase "paying in cash"?
 - 5. What shows that the Diner's Club card was becoming popular?
 - 6. What did the credit card represent to people who possessed one?
 - 7. How did the use of credit cards expand?

Discussion

What do you think the world would be like without credit cards?



وزارق التعطيم Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445



55

4 The Art of Advertising



10 Writing

A. Consider the following questions and discuss your ideas with a partner.

- 1. Do you have a cell phone? What do you use it for?
- 2. What type/brand of cell phone do you like? Why?
- 3. How would life be different if there were no cell phones?
- B. Read "The Invention of The Cell Phone" and complete the timeline.
 - 1. Write all the dates/years along the line in chronological order.
 - **2.** Make notes about what happened on each date.



The Invention of the Cell Phone

The history of the cell phone goes back to Michael Faraday who researched into whether space could conduct electricity, in 1843. His work had a substantial effect on the development of cellular phones. Dr. Mahlon Loomis, a dentist, was the first person to communicate through the wireless atmosphere in 1865. He developed a method of transmitting and receiving messages through the atmosphere.



Dr. Martin Cooper is considered to be the inventor of the first portable cellular phone. He was the first person to use a cellular phone in 1973.

Cell phones went public in 1977 with trial testing in Chicago and eventually other cities in the US. As the cell phone became more popular, it drew the interest of large companies and was introduced in more places around the world.

The Cellular Technology Industry Association (CTIA), developed in 1988, set goals and standards for cellular phone providers.

In spite of consumer demand, it took cellular phone service nearly 40 years to become commercially accessible. It has now become one of the largest industries internationally

with billions of users.

<mark>میل د تا قازم</mark> Ministry of Education 2023 **چڑھ**45

 (\bullet)

C. Choose a product and find out as much as you can about it. Put the information on a timeline. Use the information to write about the product's history.

 \bigcirc

Year / Date	What happened

Writing Corner

When you write about a product/invention you need to:

- Look up sources, e.g. the Internet, articles, advertisements, manuals, and **collect data about the product/invention/gadget and its history**.
- Make sure you have the right information about key people and/or organizations.
- Select the information that you think will **interest your readers** most.
- Decide on the key stages you want to focus on. For example, cars have gone through multiple stages of development but you might choose to focus on 4 or 5 stages that you think affected development greatly.
- Organize facts/events in chronological order, that is, in the order they happened.
- Now look at the text about the cell phone on page 56 and identify:
 Facts/events and how they are organized:
 Stages of development/number of stages:
 People/organizations involved:
- 2. Is the writer presenting the information in the text to people who are familiar with cell

۲

phones? How do you know?

وزارة التعطيم

••

۲

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

4 The Art of Advertising

11 Form, Meaning and Function



Demonstrative Pronouns – Revision

Use demonstrative pronouns to point to objects.

	near	far
singular	This	That
plural	These	Those

Imperatives – Revision

Use the imperative for commands and instructions. Say please to be polite. Also use the imperative to give advice.

The indefinite articles a/an come before singular nouns. Use a before words that begin with a consonant sound. Use an before words that begin with a vowel sound.

A. Work with a partner. Ask and answer about things you can see around you. Use *this/that* or *these/those*.

A: What's this? B: It's a pencil.

(�)



A: What are those?B: They're keys.



B. Write your own advertising slogans. Turn the sentences into imperatives. Use your own ideas.

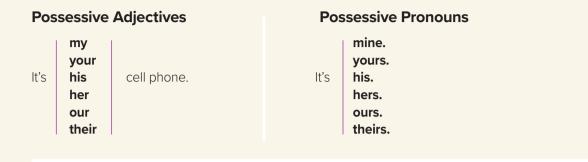
- You should clean your teeth with Sparkle toothpaste. It will make your smile very bright. <u>Clean your teeth with Sparkle toothpaste for the brightest smile!</u>
 - 1. You must buy the new model of that tablet. It's light and very fast.
 - 2. When you spray this perfume Bliss, you will feel fresh and fragrant.
 - 3. If you want your pet to stay healthy, you should try Pet Foods. Your pet will be happy.



مزارت التعليم Ministry of Education 2023 **58**45



These are the best headphones on the market. Buy these!



Question Word: Whose

Q: Whose credit card is this?	G: Whose shopping bags are these?
A: It's mine. It belongs to me.	A: They're hers. They belong to that lady.
Pronoun: One/Ones	
Q: Which coat do you like?	Q: Which boots do you prefer?
A: The green one.	A: The leather ones.



Ali's.

Quantitative: Too, Enough

This jacket is **too** small for me, and the shoes are **too** big.

The jacket is **not** big **enough** for me, and the shoes are **not** small **enough**.

C. Complete the conversation. Choose the correct words.

Mom:	Which socks are (1. your / yours)?
Hameed:	The black (2. one / ones). The red ones aren't (3. my / mine). I think they're /
	They're (4. his / him) size.

- Mom: Is this (5. your / yours) hat?
- Hammed: No. That's (6. too / enough) small for me. (7. My / Mine) is the blue one.
- Mom: (8. Whose / Who) backpack is this?
- Hammed: Which (9. one / ones)? Let me see ...
- Mom: The blue (10. ones / one). And this football kit ... (11. Whose / Who) does this belong to? It's (12. too / enough) clean to be Ali's.
- Hammed: That's (13. mine / my) football kit. I missed training on Saturday. Have you seen (14. my / mine) football boots?
- Mom: Perhaps if you tidy up you might be able to find them yourself!

D. Look around your classroom. Work with a partner. Write a conversation similar to the one in exercise C. Role-play your conversation for your classmates.

وزارة التعطيم

۲

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

4 The Art of Advertising



12 Project 🔯

- 1. Work in groups. Choose a Saudi product to advertise internationally.
- **2.** Use the organizer to make notes. Then use it to write a description of the product for a website or catalog advertisement. Use other advertisements in the unit as examples.
- 3. Find photos for your advertisement and present it in class. Choose the best advertisement.

4. Modify your advertisement so it can be used for a television commercial. Film or demonstrate in class.



13 Self Reflection 🔀

Things that I liked about Unit 4:	Things that I didn't like very much:

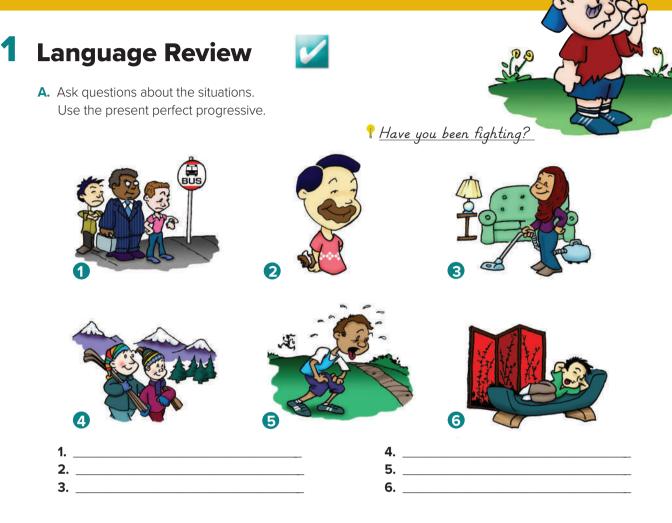
Things that I found easy in Unit 4:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 4:

Unit 4 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about commercials, ads, and product history			
describe products			
make comparisons			
use the passive			
use comparatives and superlatives			
use asas			
use the verbs <i>look, smell, sound,</i> and <i>tast</i> e with <i>like +</i> noun			
use indefinite articles: a/an			
use possessive adjectives and pronouns			
ask questions with Whose			
use one/ones and too/enough			

My five favorite new words from Unit 4:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 4:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again
مرابع التعطيم Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445	• ask your teacher for help

۲

EXPANSION Units 1–4



- **B.** Complete the sentences with the words in parentheses. Use the present perfect progressive or the present perfect form of the verb.
 - 1. Someone _______(steal) my car. I left it parked here, and it's gone.
 - 2. I______ (live) in this apartment since I moved here two years ago.
 - 3. How long ______ (you/wait) in line?
 - 4. I feel really tired. I ______ (not/sleep) well for several nights.
 - 5. There's a wonderful smell in here. _____ (you/use) my perfume?
 - 6. The friends ______ (paint) the room for two days, but they ______ (only/finish) one wall.
- C. Complete the questions.

📍 to a doctor about his/her patients	How many <i>patients have you seen/treated today</i> ?
1. to a pilot about his career	How long?
 to a pilot about his career to someone who writes books to a baker making cakes 	How many?
3. to a baker making cakes	How many?
to a football player التعطيح	How long?
Ministry of Educal Sonto an English student	How long?

D. Complete the ad using the correct passive form of the verbs in parentheses.

۲



A

This award-winning resort	(1. locate)
on Paradise Island and	(2. build) only
recently. Guests (3. c	offer) a unique
setting and a wide choice of roc	oms that
(4. decorate) magnifi	cently. The hotel
is on a quiet beach, and it	(5. surround)
by palm trees. Our staff	(6. dedicate)
to meeting your every need. Exc	quisite gourmet
dishes (7. prepare) fo	or our guests by
our international chefs. Paradise	Resort focuses or
the exotic. Relaxation and healing	ng techniques from
cultures around the globe	(8. use) to
help gueste renew themselves.	

Personal Fitness Training

A program to develop your endurance, strength, and flexibility for your mind and body ______ (**9.** will–design) for you personally by our highly qualified fitness experts.

Nutritional Consultation

In order to benefit from a complete fitness program, a healthy diet ______ (**10.** will– create) for you by one of our nutritionists. With our program, your concentration ______ (**11.** will–improve), and your stress ______ (**12.** will–reduce).

<mark>مالد تار قارم الم</mark> Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

 (\bullet)

EXPANSION Units 1–4

E. Read the texts. Which text most closely represents your point of view?

The computer and the Internet. Good or bad?

4

Computers have become an integral part of our lives. They make day to day tasks easier and save time. Does that make us incapable of doing simple tasks without the aid of the computer? Can we still use hard copies of dictionaries or books? Can we write by hand?

I think most of us can. Not having to do things in a conventional manner allows more time for thought and creativity.

Re: Computer and the Internet. Good or bad? *Reply #1 on Jan 12, 2023, 5:21 PM*

I agree that computers and the Internet are valuable tools that provide access to information quickly and efficiently. On the other hand, literacy appears to be affected in more ways than one. People don't bother to learn how to spell correctly or write by hand. They sometimes rely on the computer to correct their grammar and spelling. I know my handwriting has suffered since I started word processing.



Re: Computer and the Internet. Good or bad? *Reply #2 on Jan 12, 2023, 7:43 PM*

Does it matter if we ere not all adept at handwriting? At the end
 of the day, technology is here to stay. If computers can help us write, why should we write by hand? Isn't it better to invest that
 time on learning?

Ministry of Educati 2023 **61**445



Re: Computer and the Internet. Good or bad? *Reply #3 on Jan 13, 2023, 4:01 PM* ´

Learning is the big issue here. Does technology foster learning or does it provide ready data that do not promote critical thinking? And what about math? There seem to be more and more young people who are unable to calculate. They are completely dependent on computers.

Re: Computer and the Internet. Good or bad? *Reply #4 on Jan 13, 2023, 9:40 PM*

The Internet has contributed greatly to learning, through the wealth of information it can provide, on a wide range of topics. In addition, it has made it possible for people to study through e-learning. In other words, the Internet has brought schools and universities to people, wherever they might be, provided that they are connected.



Re: Computer and the Internet. Good or bad? *Reply #5 on Jan 16, 2023, 5:12 PM*

Our teacher says that the Internet prevents us from developing our memory, an important aspect of learning. He thinks that easy access to information prevents learning, simply because we do not have to make any effort to memorize. I don't agree. Memorizing facts is not an effective way of learning. There are a lot of people who are unable to do that, yet when you talk to them or let them present a viewpoint or solve a problem, you realize they are highly intelligent and articulate. I am getting confused. Can someone help?

F. Who do you think wrote the texts? Are they older adults, teenagers, or children? How do you know? Find clues in the texts that justify your answer. Fill in the chart.

	Adult/ teenager/ child	Clues in text
Reply #1		
Reply #2		
Reply #3		
Reply #4		
Reply #5		

G. How would you reply? Work with a partner and write a brief reply. Compare your replies in class.

- 1. Students in my country have been using computers for _____
- 2. Write notes in the chart about yourself and your partner.

	You	Your partner
use computers		
write by hand		
use spell-check		
learn online		
Your own ideas:		

3. Use your notes in 1 and 2 to write your reply.

H. Which of the things mentioned in the text will people be doing in 100 years/in the future? Compare your ideas with a partner.

I think people will still be using spell-checks in 100 years.

I don't think people will use spell-checks in the future.

رارت التعليم Ministry of Education

2023 - 1445

 (\bullet)

۲

EXPANSION Units 1–4

2 Reading

Before Reading

- 1. Look at the photo of ancient Egyptians. What do you notice about their eyes?
- 2. What did they use for the heavy eye make-up that is so noticeable in the wall painting?
- **3.** What was the purpose of the make-up?

EYE MAKE-UP IN ANCIENT EGYPT

Ancient Egypt's striking eye make-up protected wearers against eye disease, according to French scientists. The make-up was concocted with a mixture of lead and lead salts and it was used to adorn the eyes and ward off evil!

Philippe Walter, who co-headed a team of scientists from the Louvre museum and the CNRS (National Center for Scientific Research, France), pointed out that this observation had been made in the past by ancient Greeks and Romans who believed that the make-up had medicinal properties, but the team wanted to determine the exact composition and how it worked.

Contrary to widely held belief that lead is harmful, the team demonstrated that in very low doses lead does not damage cells. The research was carried out with a tiny electrode, to observe the effect of Egyptian lead chloride on a single cell. It proved that lead produces a molecule that activates the immune system which in turn attacks bacteria in case of an eye infection. So, make-up was used as a disinfectant and more importantly as preventive medication.



After Reading

A. Answer the questions about the reading.

- **1.** What was Egyptian make-up concocted with?
- 2. What was make-up used for in Ancient Egypt?
- 3. What did the Greeks and Romans believe?
- 4. How was the research carried out?
 - 5. What were the findings of the research?

6. According to the text, how long have people been using make-up?

Ministry of Education 2023 -66445

 (\bullet)

B. Match each word or phrase in the text with the correct definition.

- 1. h immune system
 - 2. disinfectant
 - 3. point out
 - 4. properties
 - 5. effect
 - 6. molecule
 - 7. preventive
 - 8. striking
 - 9. concoct
- 10. cell

- a. attractive in an unusual way that attracts attention
- **b.** to make something by mixing things in liquid or powder form, which are not normally combined
- c. draw attention to a new fact or one that someone had not thought of or noticed, tell someone something they didn't know or had not thought of
- d. the qualities or characteristics that something, e.g. a substance or object, has
- e. the way in which an event, action, or person changes/influences someone or something
- f. the smallest part of a living thing

- g. the smallest unit that a substance can be divided into while maintaining its chemical nature, usually consisting of two or more atoms
- h. the system that the body uses to protect itself against disease or infection
- i. a substance/chemical that destroys bacteria
- j. intended to stop something from happening, pre-emptive

Discussion

 (\bullet)

- 1. Are there people in your country who use make-up for protection or medicinal purposes? What do you know about it?
- 2. What do people use in the desert to protect themselves during sandstorms or under the very hot sun?

3 Project 🞑

Research the history of an item that is used in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Report your findings to the class. Use the organizer below to help you. Copy the organizer into your notebook and write your notes in it. Then use it to help you write.

Name an item that is used in the Kingo	lom of Saudi Arabia:
When was it first used in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia?	
Who were the first people to use it?	
Why did people need to use it or to have it?	
How has it changed since it was first used?	
Do you think people will keep on التعليم Using it after 50 years? Ministry of Education	

۲

2023 - 1445

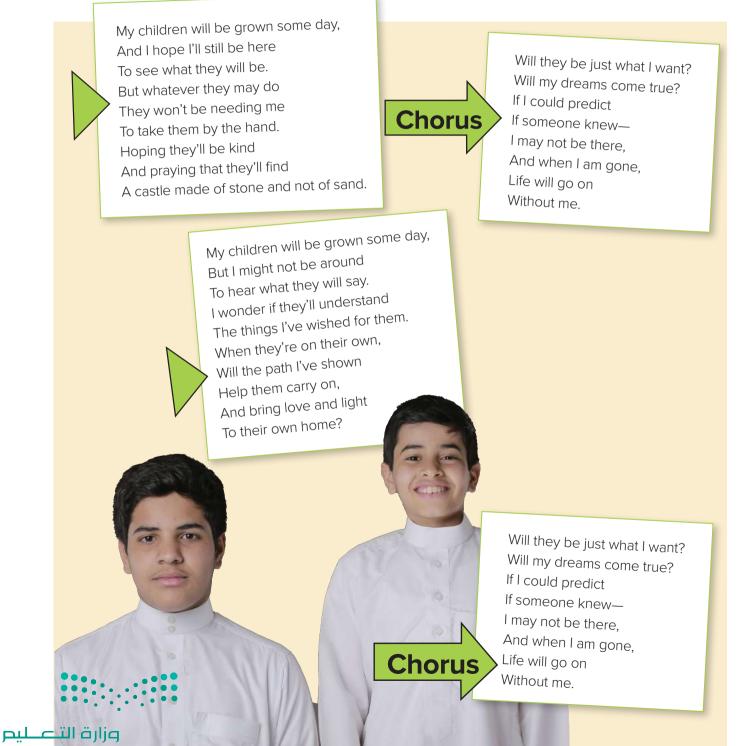
 $(\mathbf{+})$

EXPANSION Units 1–4

4 Chant Along 😹

I Wonder What They'll Be

۲



Ministry of Education 2023 **68**445

۲

 (\bullet)

A. Match the words with the meanings as found in the chant.

- **1.** _____ grown
- a. a way of life
- **2.** ____ come true **b.** alone
- **3.** ____ on their own **c.** to continue
 - d. adults
- **5.** _____ carry on

4. ____ path

e. to happen as predicted

B. What do you think the following expressions mean?

- 1. To take someone by the hand ______
- 2. A castle made of sand _____

Comprehension

Answer **true** or **false** about the chant.

- **1.** _____ The chanter hopes to be alive to see what his children will be.
- 2. _____ He fears that his children won't know what to do if he dies.
- **3.** _____ The chanter hopes that his dreams for his children will come true.
- 4. _____ He has wished health, wealth, and happiness for his children.
- 5. _____ The chanter hopes that his example will help his children through life.

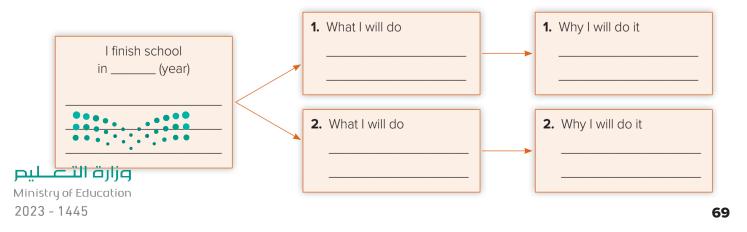
Discussion

 (\bullet)

- 1. What dreams do you think your parents have for you?
- 2. Do you think you'll accomplish them?

5 Writing 🗾

Write what you dream of doing after you finish school. Use the organizer below to help you. Copy the organizer into your notebook and write your notes in it. Then use it to help you write.



Reconnect

1 Listen and Discuss

Read and say what you think each text is about.



As you drive along a busy road, you notice a car without a driver! You blink to clear your eyes, and wonder whether you're losing your mind! It's the driverless car; a robotic vehicle that can travel to a predetermined destination without human intervention. All you would need to do is sit in the car and enjoy the ride! Would you do it? Would you travel in a driverless car? Is it science fiction or reality? You are spending the night in the desert. Everyone else is sound asleep but you are still awake, enjoying the starlit sky. It's a cold but peaceful

4



night. None of the usual city sounds echo in the background. So you snuggle in your sleeping bag and close your eyes. All of a sudden you are startled by a high pitched sound! Someone or something is whistling! You sit up, look around but don't see anyone. Then you hear the sound again, along with a soft patter of something landing in the sand. What do you think it is? Is it a dream or reality?

They are very real and highly popular in entertainment, but they are also used in education. They are used by many colleges and institutions for educational purposes. Many businesses and industries use them to train their employees and executives. They are used



for military strategy and flight training. Astronauts train on them for a long time before they participate in real missions.

Can you guess what they are? What is your opinion about them?



You walk into a food store to buy some yogurt and cheese. You notice that the packaging is different from what you are used to. It's very attractive with bright

wrapping. A customer has just bought some frozen yogurt in a biodegradable bag. He takes out one of the round, pearl-like shapes and bites into it as you're about to warn him not to eat the wrapping! He seems to be enjoying it. He then uses a small spoon to dip into the shell, eat the rest of the contents as well as the wrapper! Is the wrapping edible, or does the customer suffer from a condition that urges him to eat things that would normally be considered inedible? What do you think? Is it science fiction or reality?

1 Big Changes

VOCABULARY

Nouns	Nouns—Global issu	les	Verbs	Adjective
biologist citizen currency exploration federation government infrastructure reunification satellite transmission	disease economy endangered species fresh water globalization global warming natural disaster overpopulation	pollution poverty security terrorism traffic unemployment	affect establish initiate launch lose touch obtain	accessible legendary numerous

۲

EXPRESSIONS

ldiom

take for granted

Real Talk by the way fit in in fact you see

2 Careers

۲

VOCABULARY

Nouns

animation animator computer generated imagery (CGI) flavor microscope qualification sculptor sculptor sculpture showroom staff test tube trend

qualities related to jobs adaptability analytical skills flexibility honesty initiative integrity motivation

teamwork skills

work ethic

Nouns—Personal

Verbs	Adjectives
design	challenging
end up	creative
expand	crucial
experiment	efficient
visualize	hands-on
	hardworking
	lucky
	miniature
	permanent
	reliable
	sociable

stuck

EXPRESSIONS



3 What Will Be, Will Be

VOCABULARY

Nouns		Verbs	
appliance character exploration glass haircut	shard shipwreck skyscraper steel submarine	activate attach dive monitor optimize	
novel prediction robot rocket	tentacle vision visionary whale	optimize	

EXPRESSIONS

Real Talk

certainly No kidding?

۲

4 The Art of Advertising

VOCABULARY

Nouns	Verbs	Adjectives
brick classic combination compact car frame fuel legend	conduct customize devise opt	bulky portable renewable smooth substantial surgical wireless
option pedal provider triumph		

EXPRESSIONS

Real Talk





201

۲

۲

Adjectives gas-powered high-speed

EXPANSION Units 1–4

VOCABULARY

Verbs

attach

carry out

concoct

ward off

Nouns access

range

۲

access cell composition disinfectant immune system infection lead literacy molecule property

Adjectives

۲

adept articulate conventional integral preventive striking

5 Did You Hurt Yourself?

VOCABULARY

Nouns	Verbs	Verbs for injuries	Adjectives	Reflexive pronouns	Conjunctions
badge	adjust		aggressive	pronouns	because
equipment	avoid	break	cautious	herself	SO
fog	crash	burn	distracted	himself	
helmet	encounter	cut	drowsy	itself	
injury	misjudge	die	injured	myself	
intersection	obey	fracture	rude	ourselves	
knee pad	occur	poke	severe	themselves	
ostrich	pay attention	scar	unconscious	yourself	
risk	prevent	slip		yourselves	
shock	release	sprain			
snowstorm	skid				
	speed				
	swerve				
	tailgate				
	weave				

EXPRESSIONS

Real TalkI guessIlook at it this ways

lucky day stuck in

رزارت التعطيم Ministry of Education 2023 - **20**245

6 Take My Advice

VOCABULARY

Nouns

anorexia appetite carbohydrate counselor eating disorder fitness peer pressure principle self-worth substance well-being

EXPRESSIONS

Real Talk

feeling down look out for myself to be honest

Verbs

avoid gain weight lose weight regain

۲

Adjectives

achievable bland depressed illegal lean nutritious old-fashioned slim

Verbs and expressions for advice

could had better might ought to should

Two-word verbs

give up put off take up throw away turn down

Three-word verbs

cut down on get along with put up with

7 You've Got Mail!

 (\bullet)

VOCABULARY

Nouns	Verbs	Two-word verb	Adjectives	Conjunctions
demonstration funding junk mail	apologize (for) contact dispatch	put (someone) up	feasible soaked urgent	although as soon as even though
spam supplier travel arrangement	import inconvenience wonder		Adverbs currently	in spite of
			indifferently	

EXPRESSIONS

Idioms

be on the road get used to look forward to out of mind out of sight sneak out take advantage of

Ending a business letter/email

Best regards

be straight let someone down No way! of course

Real Talk

وزارة التعطيص

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

8 Wishful Thinking

VOCABULARY

Nouns

extraterrestrial stock marke leader technology laureate universe mankind wish philanthropist prize quiz show

Verbs stock market award technology benefit universe divide wish invest split wish

۲

Adjectives

close handwritten historical lonely

EXPRESSIONS

Idiom keep in touch

۲

have a ball this guy to me You wouldn't know...?

Real Talk

EXPANSION Units 5–8

VOCABULARY

Nouns		Verbs	Adjectives
backboard basket caribou civilization coconut court fault foul	league mansion mastery millionaire opponent peach rally rule	ground originate score serve spread toss treat	harsh indoors rough vertical
innovation	sailor		

settler

EXPRESSIONS

ladder



ر التعليم Ministry of Education 2023 **-204**5

Irregular Verbs

Base Form	Simple Past	Past Participle
be	was/were	been
become	became	become
break	broke	broken
buy	bought	bought
come	came	come
cut	cut	cut
do	did	done
drink	drank	drunk
drive	drove	driven
eat	ate	eaten
fall	fell	fallen
feed	fed	fed
fight	fought	fought
find	found	found
fly	flew	flown
get	got	gotten
give	gave	given
	went	
go		gone
have	had	had
hear	heard	heard
hold	held	held
hurt	hurt	hurt
know	knew	known
leave	left	left
lend	lent	lent
lose	lost	lost
make	made	made
mean	meant	meant
meet	met	met
рау	paid	paid
put	put	put
read	read	read
ride	rode	ridden
run	ran	run
say	said	said
see	saw	seen
sell	sold	sold
send	sent	sent
sew	sewed	sewn
sing	sang	sung
sit	sat	sat
sleep	slept	slept
speak	spoke	spoken
spend	spent	spent
steal	stole	stolen
swim	swam	swum
take	took	taken
teach	taught	taught
tear	tore	torn
think	thought	thought
throw	threw	thrown
wake (up)	woke (up)	woken (up)
• • Wear	wore	worn
win write	won wrote	won written

۲

Ministry of Education 2023 -208 5

۲

۲

MEGAGOAL 1 Audio Track List

CD1 Track	Unit	Stu	udent Book Section
2	Connect	1	Listen and Discuss
3	Connect	3	Conversation
4	Connect	4	Pronunciation
5	Connect	5	Listening
6	Connect	7	Pronunciation
7	Unit 1	1	Listen and Discuss
8	Unit 1	2	Pair Work
9	Unit 1	5	Listening
10	Unit 1	6	Pronunciation
11	Unit 1	8	Conversation
12	Unit 1	9	Reading
13	Unit 1	10	Writing
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2	1 2 5 6 8 9 10	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
21 22 23 24 25 26	Unit 3 Unit 3 Unit 3 Unit 3 Unit 3 Unit 3 Unit 3	1 5 6 8 9 10	Listen and Discuss Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
27	Unit 4	1	Listen and Discuss
28	Unit 4	2	Pair Work
29	Unit 4	5	Listening
30	Unit 4	6	Pronunciation
31	Unit 4	8	Conversation
32	Unit 4	9	Reading
33	Unit 4	10	Writing
34	EXPANSION	2	Reading
35	Units 1–4	4	Chant Along

CD2

۲

Track	Unit	Stu	udent Book Section
2	Reconnect	1	Listen and Discuss
3	Unit 5	1	Listen and Discuss
4	Unit 5	2	Pair Work
5	Unit 5	5	Listening
6	Unit 5	6	Pronunciation
7	Unit 5	8	Conversation
8	Unit 5	9	Reading
9	Unit 5	10	Writing
10	Unit 6	1	Listen and Discuss
11	Unit 6	2	Pair Work
12	Unit 6	5	Listening
13	• Unit 6	6	Pronunciation
14	Unit 6	8	Conversation
15	Unit 6	9	Reading
- ¹⁶ 11	Lunit 6	10	Writing

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Unit 7 Unit 7 Unit 7 Unit 7 Unit 7 Unit 7 Unit 7 Unit 7	1 2 5 6 8 9 10	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Unit 8 Unit 8 Unit 8 Unit 8 Unit 8 Unit 8 Unit 8 Unit 8	1 2 5 6 8 9 10	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
31 32	EXPANSION Units 5–8	2 4	Reading Chant Along

		-
	6	1
	ль:	1

605			
Track	Unit	St	udent Book Section
2 3 4 5	Update Update Update Update	1 2 4 5	Conversation Listening Pronunciation Reading
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Unit 9 Unit 9 Unit 9 Unit 9 Unit 9 Unit 9 Unit 9 Unit 9	1 2 5 6 8 9 10	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Unit 10 Unit 10 Unit 10 Unit 10 Unit 10 Unit 10 Unit 10 Unit 10	1 2 5 6 8 9 10	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Unit 11 Unit 11 Unit 11 Unit 11 Unit 11 Unit 11 Unit 11	1 2 5 6 8 9 10	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12	1 2 5 6 8 9 10	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
34 35	EXPANSION Units 9–12	2 4	Reading Chant Along

۲

Photo Credits

iii (t) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 2 (tl) ©Raymond Cassel/Shutterstock, 2 (bl) ©Dreams Brand/Shutterstock, 2 (bc) ©Image Point Fr/Shutterstock, 2 (br) ©Artur Didyk/Shutterstock, 3 (tl) ©Aleksandra Suzi/Shutterstock, 3 (tr) ©ZouZou/ Shutterstock, 4 (tr) ©Moatassem/Shutterstock, 5 (tr) ©BrunoWeltmann/Shutterstock, 6 (tr) ©JCElv/Shutterstock, 6 (tl) ©Julinzy/ Shuttesrtock.com, 6 (cl) ©National Aeronautics and Space Administration (GPN-2002-000182), 6 (br) ©Andrey Armyagov/ Shutterstock, 7 (tr) ©Fedor Selivanov/Shutterstock, 7 (cl) ©Jan Stria/Shutterstock, 7 (cr) ©TTstudio/Shutterstock, 9 (c) ©Tupungato/Shutterstock, 9 (cr) ©Justin Black/Shutterstock, 9 (bl) ©stocksolutions/Shutterstock, 9 (bc) ©ChrisVanLennepPhoto/ Shutterstock, 9 (br) ©Paul Cowan/Shutterstock, 10 (tr) ©Underwood Archives/Shutterstock, 11 (tr) ©Christian Draghici/ Shutterstock, 13 (tl) ©Digital Archive Japan/Alamy Stock Photo, 13 (b) ©Samet Guler/Shutterstock, 14 (bl) ©Pavel Ignatov/ Shutterstock, 15 (cl) ©Goldilock Project/Shutterstock, 15 (cr) ©Victor Jiang/Shutterstock, 18 (tr) ©Ahmad Ihsan/Shutterstock, 18 (b) ©Bohbeh/Shutterstock, 20 (tr) ©M. Unal Ozmen/Shutterstock, 20 (c) ©Gorodenkoff/Shutterstock, 20 (inset) ©M. Unal Ozmen/Shutterstock, 20 (bl) ©Gorodenkoff/Shutterstock, 20 (br) ©Tatweer Co, for Educational Services, 21 (tr) ©Tatweer Co, for Educational Services, 22 (bl) ©wajdram/Shutterstock, 22 (br) ©wajdram/Shutterstock, ©hikrcn/Shutterstock, 23 (tr) ©Astrid Gast/Shutterstock, 24 (inset) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 24 (bkgd) ©Ruslan Ivantsov/Shutterstock, 25 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 25 (cr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 26 (bkqd) ©Africa Studio/Shutterstock, 27 (br) ©NERYXCOM/Shutterstock, 28 (tr) ©Hyserb/Shutterstock, 29 (tc) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 30 (br) ©as-artmedia/ Shutterstock, 32 (tr) ©Dreams Brand/Shutterstock, 34 (tr) ©AP/Shutterstock, 34 (cl) ©Kharbine-Tapabor/Shutterstock, 34 (bc) ©Design Pics Inc/Shutterstock, 34 (br) ©ChonnieArtwork/Shutterstock, 35 (1) ©Alexander Kalina/Shutterstock, 35 (2) ©scottff72 © 123RF.com, 35 ((3) © Berg Dmitry/Shutterstock, 35 ((4) ©rocharibeiro/Shutterstock, 37 (1) ©vtls/123RF, 37 (2) © Mny-Jhee/ Shutterstock, 37 (3) ©Scanrail1/Shutterstock, 37 (4) ©Christian Bertrand/Shutterstock, 37 (5) ©cobalt/123RF, 37 (6) ©Marine's/ Shutterstock, 37 (7) ©AmaPhoto/Shutterstock, 37 (8) ©davemhuntphotography/Shutterstock, 37 (9) ©Jan Martin Will/ Shutterstock, 37 (10) ©PENpics Studio/Shutterstock, 38 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 38 (cr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 38 (br) © Sergey Nivens/Shutterstock, 39 (tr) © Scott Maxwell LuMaxArt/Shutterstock, 39 (cr) © Oleksandr Riabokin/Shutterstock, 39 (br) ©Phonlamai Photo/Shutterstock, 40 (cr) ©CarlsPix/Shutterstock, 41 (tr) ©Monica Armstrong/ Shutterstock, 41 (br) ©Ttatty/Shutterstock, 42 (tr) ©Olga Visavi/Shutterstock, 42 (cr) ©Shane Gross/Shutterstock, 44 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 46 (1) ©Oleg GawriloFF/Shutterstock, 46 (2) ©JOAT/Shutterstock, 46 (3) ©Bloomicon/ Shutterstock, 46 (4) ©mama_mia/Shutterstock, 48 (tl) ©pio3/Shutterstock, 48 (cr) ©Dmitry Zimin/Shutterstock, 49 (tl) ©yackers1/ Shutterstock, 49 (tr) ©Brittny/Shutterstock, 50 (1) ©Vladimir Kramin/Shutterstock, 50 (2) ©AlexRoz/Shutterstock, 50 (3) ©Tanongsak Panwan/Shutterstock, 50 (4) ©Hekla/Shutterstock, 50 (5) ©Julian Rovagnati/Shutterstock, 51 (tr) ©Africa Studio/ Shutterstock, 52 (tl) ©Prachaya Roekdeethaweesab/Shutterstock, 52 (tc) ©M. Unal Ozmen/Shutterstock, 52 (tr) ©Chuck Rausin/ Shutterstock, 52 (c) ©gresei/Shutterstock, 52 (cr) ©Pakhnyushchy/Shutterstock, 54 (tr) ©Andrey_Kuzmin/Shutterstock, 54 (cl) ©Rido/Shutterstock, 55 (tr) ©Konstantin Kolosov/Shutterstock, 55 (br) ©Billion Photos/Shutterstock, 56 (tr) ©Gulfimages/Alamy Stock Photo, 56 (br) ©ImYanis/Shutterstock, 60 (tl) ©Vuk Vukmirovic/Shutterstock, 60 (tc) ©Hussain Faisel AL-Salehi/ Shutterstock, 60 (tr) ©M Salem/Shutterstock, 60 (cl)©gulf eye/Shutterstock, 60 (bl) ©Neil Walton/Shutterstock, 60 (br) ©H1N1/ Shutterstock, 63 (c) ©Maxim Tupikov/Shutterstock, 64 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 64 (cl) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 64 (cr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 66 (c) ©tanja-vashchuk/Shutterstock, 68 (b) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 70 (tl) ©Martial Red/Shutterstock, 70 (tr) ©Jason Mintzer/Shutterstock, 70 (bl) ©Kubeer/Shutterstock, 70 (br) ©Karin Hildebrand Lau/Shutterstock, 71 (tc) ©Hugo1989/Shutterstock, 79 (t) ©Zigmunds Dizgalvis/Shutterstock, 80 (br) ©Tom Merton/Age Fotostock, 84 (tr) ©Chris Ryan/age fotostock, 86 (bkgd) ©MIKHAIL GRACHIKOV/Shutterstock, 86 (br) ©diplomedia/Shutterstock, 87 (tc) ©Prostock-studio/Shutterstock, 87 (tr) ©ruigsantos/Shutterstock, 87 (bkgd) ©MIKHAIL GRACHIKOV/ Shutterstock, 89 (cl) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 90 (tr) ©michaeljung/Shutterstock, 91 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 92 (b) ©Serg64/Shutterstock, 93 (t) ©Zurijeta/Shutterstock, 93 (br) ©DUSAN ZIDAR/Shutterstock, 94 (t) ©Fabio Principe/Shutterstock, 94 (b) ©Tero Vesalainen/Shutterstock, 98 (tr) ©Creativa Images/Shutterstock, 98 (cl) ©Brilliant-Tariq Al Nahdi/Shutterstock, 98 (cr) ©ZouZou/Shutterstock, 100 (cr) ©bannosuke/Shutterstock, 100 (cl) ©Africa Studio/ Shutterstock, 103 (tl) ©Comstock Images/Alamy Stock Photo, 103 (cr) ©Digital image courtesy of the Getty's Open Content Program, 103 (tr) ©Roland Magnusson/Shutterstock, 104 (tl) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 104 (tr) ©FotoAndalucia/ Shutterstock, 105 (t-b) ©JIANG HONGYAN/Shutterstock, 105 (2) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 105 (3) ©XiXinXing/ Shutterstock, 105 (4) ©Emad Omar Farouk/Shutterstock, 106 (tl) ©Anke van Wyk/Shutterstock, 107 (tl) ©Dusan Jankovic/ Shutterstock, 107 (tc) ©fotosergio/Shutterstock, 107 (tr) ©mastermind1/Shutterstock, 108 (br) ©Monkey Business Images/ Shutterstock, 112 (tl) ©IZZ HAZEL/Shutterstock, 112 (tr) ©Witt/Sipa/Shutterstock, 114 (1) ©Sam Nord/Shutterstock, 114 (2) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 114 (3) ©Dean Drobot/Shutterstock, 114 (4) ©Sabphoto/Shutterstock, 114 (5) ©Rahhal/ Shutterstock, 114 (6) © Patrizia Tilly/Shutterstock, 115 (tr) © FAYEZ NURELDINE/AFP via Getty Images, 117 (tl) © Brilliant-Tariq AI Nahdi/Shutterstock, 117 (cr) ©AHMAD FAIZAL YAHYA/Shutterstock, 118 (tr) ©Victor Jiang/Shutterstock, 119 (tr) ©Dmitry Birin/ Shutterstock, 120 (br) ©Andrey_Popov/Shutterstock, 121 (tl) ©Ulises Sepúlveda Déniz/Shutterstock, 121 (tr) ©Hetman Bohdan/ Shutterstock, 122 (tr) ©SeventyFour/Shutterstock, 130 (cl) ©mooinblack/Shutterstock, 130 (br) ©Melinda Nagy/Shutterstock, 131 (tr) ©Khaled El Fiqi/EPA/Shutterstock, 132 (tl) ©Sofiaworld/Shutterstock, 132 (tcr) ©elisekurenbina/Shutterstock, 132 (tr) ©Comstock Images/Alamy Images, 132 (cl) ©Burke/Triolo Productions/Alamy Images, 132 (cr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 132 (b) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 133 (cr) ©Everett Collection/Shutterstock, 134 (tr) ©PIXTAL/age fotostock, 135 (t) ©Orlok/Shutterstock, 135 (c) ©H1N1/Shutterstock, 136 (bl) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 139 (c) ©Oleksiy Mark/Shutterstock, 141 (1) ©Fancy/Alamy Stock Photo, 141 (2) ©photopixel/Shutterstock, 141 (3) ©akz/123RF, 141 (4) ©Sjstudio6/ Shutterstock, **141** (5) ©Bacger Castle/Shutterstock, **141** (br) ©Standret/Shutterstock, **142** (tl) ©artproem/Shutterstock, **142** (1) ©You Touch Pix of Europh/Shutterstock, **142** (2) ©Ljupco Smokovski/Shutterstock, **142** (3) ©Elena Schweitzer/Shutterstock, **142** (4) @mexblan/Shuttenster, 142 (5) @Maceofoto/Shutterstock, 142 (6) @jannoon028/Shutterstock, 142 (7) @Ahmed Aboul-Seoud/Shutterstock, 142 (cr) ©Lucky Business/Shutterstock, 144 (cl) ©McGraw-Hill Education, 145 (tr) ©Everett Historical/

۲

وزارة التعـليم

(�)

Ministry of Education 2023 -21/045

Shutterstock, 145 (bc) ©Andrey_Popov/Shutterstock, 146 (tr) ©Zhax/Shutterstock, 147 (br) ©zoe bg/Shutterstock. 150 (I-r, t-b) ©div13/Shutterstock, 150 (2) ©Scanrail1/Shutterstock, 150 (3) ©lasha/Shutterstock, 150 (4) ©Hurst Photo/Shutterstock, 152 (1) ©Nido Huebl/Shutterstock, 152 (2) ©Steve Jolicoeur/Shutterstock, 152 (3) ©snowblurred/Shutterstock, 152 (4) ©Eder/ Shutterstock, 152 (5) ©David Burkholder/Shutterstock, 152 (6) ©Nesrudheen Matathoor/Shutterstock, 152 (7) ©Angelo Cordeschi/Shutterstock, 153 (tr) ©Marko Aliaksandr/Shutterstock, 153 (cr) ©Ibe van Oort/Shutterstock, 155 (tr) ©Photoongraphy/ Shutterstock, 155 (cr) ©Ahmad Ihsan/Shutterstock, 155 (1) ©Lilia Beck/Shutterstock, 155 (2) ©rambux/Shutterstock, 155 (3) ©Duplass/Shutterstock, 155 (4) ©LightPhotos/Shutterstock, 159 (bl) ©Digital Archive Japan/Alamy Stock Photo, 159 (br) ©ESB Professional/Shutterstock, 161 (tr) ©Kurkul/Shutterstock, 163 (tr) ©Triff/Shutterstock, 164 (c) ©Marko Aliaksandr/Shutterstock, 166 (tr) ©AP/Shutterstock, 166 (I-r, t-b) ©Katoosha/Shutterstock, 166 (2) ©Kevin Phillips/Shutterstock, 166 (3) ©AP/Shutterstock, 166 (4) ©Everett Historical/Shutterstock, 166 (5) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 171 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 172 (c) ©Svda Productions/Shutterstock, 173 (br) ©Africa Studio/Shutterstock, 174 (tr) ©soul studio/Shutterstock, 178 (tr) ©Antonio Guillem/Shutterstock, 183 (tr) ©Burachet/Shutterstock, 184 (tr) ©Esteban De Armas/Shutterstock, 185 (tl) ©fotoinfot/Shutterstock, 185 (tr) ©michaeljung/Shutterstock, 186 (t) ©Franck Robichon/EPA/Shutterstock, 188 (cl) ©chomplearn/ Shutterstock, 188 (cr) ©Alaa AbuMadi/Shutterstock, 191 (c) ©Jukov studio/Shutterstock, 192 (tl) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 192 (tc) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 192 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 192 (bl) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services. 192 (br) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services. 194 (br) ©Tomasz Trojanowski/Shutterstock. 196 (tr) ©patpitchaya/Shutterstock, 196 (br) ©lva Villi/Shutterstock, 197 (tr) ©Everett Collection/Shutterstock, 198 (tr) ©Joanna Dorota/ Shutterstock, 198 (br) ©Syda Productions/Shutterstock.

Cover (bl) ©wajdram/Shutterstock, (br) ©hikrcn/Shutterstock.



مالت المحتلية Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

 (\bullet)





MEGA GOALI WORKBOOK

۲

MANUEL DOS SANTOS ELI GHAZEL - DANAE KOZANOGLOU



وزار<mark>ة التعليم</mark> Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲



 (\bullet)

MegaGoal 1 Workbook

MegaGoal Series Copyright © 2009 by McGraw-Hill Education

Adaptation Copyright © 2024 by McGraw-Hill Education (UK) Limited

Published by arrangement with McGraw Hill LLC

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO PART OF THIS BOOK MAY BE REPRODUCED OR TRANSMITTED IN ANY FORM OR BY ANY MEANS, ELECTRONIC OR MECHANICAL, INCLUDING PHOTOCOPYING, RECORDING OR BY INFORMATION STORAGE AND RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS, WITHOUT PERMISSION IN WRITING FROM MCGRAW HILL.

۲

ISBN: 978-1-3989-3959-2

 (\bullet)

Contributing Writer: Kevin Sharpe

Publisher: Jorge Rodríguez Hernández Editorial director: Anita Raducanu Art direction: Heloisa Yara Tiburtius Interior design and production: Page2, LLC Cover design: Page2, LLC Photo coordinator: Kevin Sharpe

Photo Credits: The Photo Credits section for this book on page 216 is considered an extension of the copyright page.

© 2024. Exclusive rights by McGraw-Hill Education (UK) Limited for manufacture and export. This book cannot be re-exported from the country to which it is sold by McGraw-Hill Education (UK) Limited.



Contents

	Unit	1	Big Changes	217
~ -	Unit	2	Careers	227
Term 1	Unit	3	What Will Be, Will Be	237
Ē	Unit	4	The Art of Advertising	247
			EXPANSION Units 1–4	257
	Unit	5	Did You Hurt Yourself?	265
\sim	Unit	6	Take My Advice	275
Term 2	Unit	7	You've Got Mail!	285
μ	Unit	8	Wishful Thinking	295
			EXPANSION Units 5–8	305
	Unit	9	Complaints, Complaints	311
\sim	Unit	10	I Wonder What Happened	321
Term 3	Unit	11	If It Hadn't Happened	331
μ	Unit	12	What They Said	341
			EXPANSION Units 9–12	351
			Writing Checklists	358

۲



مرابع التعليم Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

۲

Photo Credits

217 (tl) ©happystock/Shutterstock, 217 (1) ©Zurijeta/Shutterstock, 217 (2) ©kpboonjit/Shutterstock, 217 (3) ©sonsart/ Shutterstock, 217 (4) ©James Steidl/Shutterstock, 217 (5) ©bibiphoto/Shutterstock, 217 (6) ©Jeff Zehnder/Shutterstock, 217 (7) ©John Wollwerth/Shutterstock, 217 (8) ©Matt Gibson/Shutterstock, 217 (9) ©Syda Productions/Shutterstock, (inset) ©McGraw-Hill Education, 221 (tr) ©iofoto/Shutterstock, 222 (tr) ©Moatassem/Shutterstock, 223 (t) ©Andrew V Marcus/ Shutterstock, 227 (1) ©Zurijeta/Shutterstock, 227 (2) ©Brilliant-Tarig Al Nahdi/Shutterstock, 227 (3) ©gulf eye/Shutterstock, 227 (4) ©gulf eye/Shutterstock, 229 (t) ©Eugene Onischenko/Shutterstock, 230 (t) ©Tatweer Co for Educational Services, 231 (t) ©iofoto/Shutterstock, 232 (tl)Dreams Brand/Shutterstock, 232 (cl) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 232 (bkgd) ©Richman Photo/Shutterstock, 233 (tl) ©Photomontage/Shutterstock, 233 (r) ©diplomedia/Shutterstock, 237 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 237 (br) ©AlesiaKan/Shutterstock, 239 (tr) ©aphotostory/Shutterstock, 240 (cl) ©sonya etchison/Shutterstock, 240 (1) ©Kdonmuang/Shutterstock, 240 (2) ©Mayskyphoto/Shutterstock, 240 (3) ©McCarthy's PhotoWorks/Shutterstock, 240 (4) ©TungCheung/Shutterstock, 240 (5) ©Alan Freed/Shutterstock, 241 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 241 (bkgd) ©Tex vector/Shutterstock, 243 (tl) ©Gimas/Shutterstock, 243 (tr) ©Fedor Selivanov/ Shutterstock, 247 (t) ©ben smith/Shutterstock, 247 (c) ©Mikbiz/Shutterstock, 247 (b) ©Rob Wilson/Shutterstock, 250 (1) ©dwi putra stock/Shutterstock, 250 (2) ©Fedor Selivanov/Shutterstock, 250 (3) ©Richard Semik/Shutterstock, 250 (4) ©Vladimir Kramin/Shutterstock, 250 (5) ©Rawpixel.com/Shutterstock, 250 (6) ©Sabphoto/Shutterstock, 250 (7) ©East/ Shutterstock, 250 (8) ©Kongsak/Shutterstock, 250 (9) ©qvictoria/Shutterstock, 253 (tl) ©Nor Gal/Shutterstock, 253 (tr) ©mizar_21984/Shutterstock, 256 (b) ©Donna Beeler/Shutterstock, 260 (t) ©Mannic Media/McGraw-Hill Education, 261 (br) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 262 (tr) ©Zurijeta/Shutterstock, 262 (cr) ©Rawpixel.com/Shutterstock, 263 (tl) ©Brilliant-Tariq Al Nahdi/Shutterstock, 263 (tr) ©mangostock/Shutterstock, 265 (bl) ©Dmitry Yashkin/Shutterstock, 265 (cr) ©Ljupco Smokovski/Shutterstock, 265 (br) ©StockPhotosArt/Shutterstock, 267 (tr) ©Sabphoto/Shutterstock, 267 (cr) ©ESB Basic/Shutterstock, 268 (tr) ©Flashon Studio/Shutterstock, 268 (cr) ©Cheryl Casey/Shutterstock, 269 (tr) ©Monkey Business Images/Shutterstock, 269 (cr) ©James Steidl/Shutterstock, 269 (br) ©nicobatista/Shutterstock, 271 (t) ©bogdanhoda/Shutterstock, 276 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 276 (cl) ©Dreams Brand/Shutterstock, 276 (br) ©Valua Vitaly/Shutterstock, 277 (tr) ©Ebtikar/Shutterstock, 277 (cr) ©effe45/Shutterstock, 277 (br) ©rj lerich/ Shutterstock, 281 (tl) ©mirzavisoko/Shutterstock, 281 (tr) ©mastermind1/Shutterstock, 286 (t-b) ©Oleksiy Maksymenko/ Alamy Stock Photo, 286 (inset) ©vnlit/Shutterstock, 286 (2) ©Marko Poplasen/Shutterstock, 286 (3) ©vnlit/Shutterstock, 291 (cl) ©Gorodenkoff/Shutterstock, 293 (tr) ©Oleksiy Mark/123RF, 295 (1) ©Stephen Coburn/Shutterstock, 295 (2) ©Antonio Guillem/Shutterstock, 295 (inset) © Regien Paassen/Shutterstock, 295 (3) © SeventyFour/Shutterstock, 295 (4) ©Prachaya Roekdeethaweesab/Shutterstock, 296 (t-b) ©Sue Smith/Shutterstock, 296 (2) ©Vladimir Wrangel/ Shutterstock, 296 (3) ©Vladimir Wrangel/Shutterstock, 296 (4) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 297 (t) ©lunamarina/Shutterstock, 297 (b) ©Ripitya/Shutterstock, 298 (tl) ©b71/Shutterstock, 298 (tc) ©Passion-pearl/Shutterstock, 298 (tr) ©sultan weli maghfori/Shutterstock, 301 (t) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 306 (t) ©Estrada Anton/Shutterstock, 309 (tc) ©mooinblack/Shutterstock, 311 (1) ©Anton Prado PHOTO/Shutterstock, 311 (2) ©Marek P/Shutterstock, 311 (3) ©XAOC/Shutterstock, 311 (4) ©iofoto/Shutterstock, 311 (5) ©Photographee.eu/Shutterstock, 311 (6) ©Trista/Shutterstock, 311 (7) ©new person/Shutterstock, 312 (cr) ©chaowalit jaiyen/Shutterstock, 312 (inset) ©Pefkos/Shutterstock, 312 (1) ©BonNontawat/Shutterstock, 312 (2) ©LindseyLeeanna/Shutterstock, 312 (3) ©Andrey Armyagov/Shutterstock, 312 (4) ©XPhantom/Shutterstock, 312 (5) ©Gordon Swanson/Shutterstock, 312 (6) ©Gelpi/Shutterstock, 312 (7) ©Piotr Sikora/ Shutterstock, 313 (tl) ©Csati/Shutterstock, 313 (1) ©Cynthia Farmer/Shutterstock, 313 (2) ©Piotr Sikora/Shutterstock, 313 (tr) ©New Africa/Shutterstock, 315 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 317 (tc) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 321 (t-b) ©Pinkcandy/Shutterstock, 321 (2) ©Gary Gilardi/Shutterstock, 321 (3) ©Photosbyjam/Shutterstock, 321 (inset) ©Stephen Finn/Shutterstock, 321 (bl) ©Phillip W. Kirkland/Shutterstock, 321 (br) ©Jim Parkin/Shutterstock, 324 (cl) ©Juriah Mosin/Shutterstock, 324 (1) ©Nestor Rizhniak/Shutterstock, 324 (2) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 324 (3) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 325 (tr) ©Marko Aliaksandr/Shutterstock, 327 (tc) ©Kazela/Shutterstock, 331 (t-b) ©Richard Thornton/Shutterstock, 331 (2) ©Gino caron/Shutterstock, 331 (3) ©Carolina K. Smith MD/Shutterstock, 334 (cl) ©Aleksandra Nadeina/Shutterstock, 334 (cr) ©trubavin/Shutterstock, 335 (tr) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 337 (tc) ©Noomcpk/Shutterstock, 341 (t-b) © Chris Ryan/age fotostock, 341 (2) ©Tony Mathews/Shutterstock, 341 (3) ©Manu Padilla/Shutterstock, 341 (4) ©Sodel Vladyslav/Shutterstock, 341 (5) ©NakoPhotography/Shutterstock, 345 (tr) ©MY_NEW_ IMAGES/Shutterstock, 347 (tc) ©Tatweer Co. for Educational Services, 347 (bkgd) ©Buncha Lim/Shutterstock, 349 (cr) © Javier Larrea/age Fotostock, 355 (tc) ©Vuk Vukmirovic/Shutterstock, 356 (tc) ©AHMAD FAIZAL YAHYA/Shutterstock.

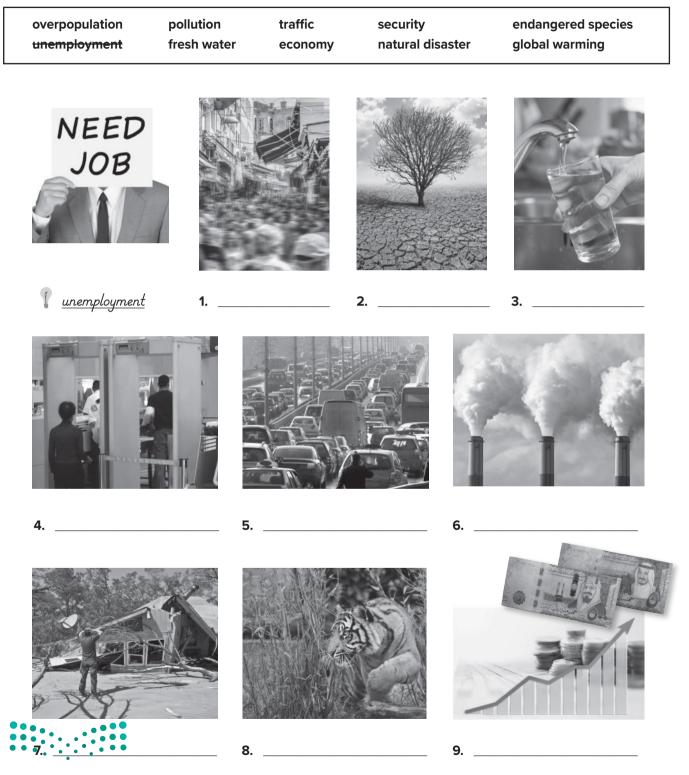
۲



مار قالت التعامي Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

 (\bullet)

A What global issue is shown in each picture? Use the words in the box.



۲

ملاحتا قالغ Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

Unit 1 217

۲

-	

۲

B Complete the information. Use the present tense.

$M_{\rm L}$ (he)	Carolina Die	shtor 1 (7) (livo)		
My name (1) (be)				i -
n the city of Blumenau, Santa Catarina				
(4) (have) a your	nger sister and a	an older brother. T	hey (5) (watch)	1 mg
TV every evening	with my father.	l (6) (do)		
my homework in the same room. The	re (7) (be)	a te	elevision show	V
on tonight about global warming. I (8)	(be)	intereste	ed in global	
warming. It (9) (affect)	everyone a	and everything on	Earth.	~
My science teacher (10) (want)		everyone to wr	ite a report on	L
a global issue. My report (11) (be)		on the importanc	e of the rain	Sur and
forest in Brazil. People (12) (take)		these huge fores	ts for granted.	1 miles
Our Brazilian rain forest (13) (make)		about 20 perce	ent of the	
Earth's oxygen. But every day people	(14) (cut down)		or (15) (burn)	-
our rain forest. Th	is (16) (mean) _		less oxygen	7
n the atmosphere. With less oxygen,	there (17) (be) _		_more carbon	/
dioxide in the atmosphere. This (18) (a	iffect)	global	warming.	/
My friends and I (19) (talk)	ab	out this every day	. We	A
(20) (want) to stop	o the destructio	n of the rain fores	ts in Brazil and	
reduce global warming. In fact, all my	family and frien	ds (21) (know)		
how important this is. But global warm	ing (22) (be)		not just a Braziliar	n problem.

۲

whole world (23) (need) ______ to help to reduce global warming.

C Answer the questions.

- 1. Where does Carolina live?
- 2. Who watches TV every evening?
- 3. What is Carolina interested in?

4. What do Carolina and her friends talk about every day?

5. Who needs to help reduce global warming?



MG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2023.indb 218

وزارة التعطيم



D Finish the conversation. Use the simple present or present progressive.

۲

	Alexa:	Hi, Mrs. Lewis. Where (1) (be) Grace?	TR SET & Leennement
	Mrs. Lewis:	She (2) (be) upstairs. I (3) (think) she (4) (finish) project.	_still
	Alexa:	What (5) (do)?	you you
	Mrs. Lewis:	l (6) (make)	_ a pizza. (7) (be) you hungry?
	Alexa:	Yes, I (8) (be) Grace and I (9) (meet)	Thanks. Mona and Sierra in a little while.
	Mrs. Lewis:	Really? I (10) (negative: know)	Sierra. Who (11) (be) she?
	Alexa:	She (12) (live) She (14) (be)	in Madrid. She (13) (visit) Mona. her cousin.
	Mrs. Lewis:	Where (15) (go)	you?
	Alexa:		a talk on Europe and globalization. Sierra and Mona _ to go to hear it. Then Grace and I (18) (want) to ant for dinner.
	Mrs. Lewis:	l (19) (love)	_Indian food!
	Alexa:	Why (20) (negative: come)	you with us to the restaurant?
	Mrs. Lewis:	That (21) (be)	a great idea!
	Alexa:	Awesome! We (22) (have)	reservations for 9 o'clock.
E	Complete a c	uestion for each answer.	
1		Grace doingshing her project.	?
	1. Q: Who		? 3. Q: Where?
		re meeting Mona and Sierra.	A: They want to go to a talk on Europe and globalization.
	2. Q: Who	••	? 4. Q: Where after the talk?
••	A. She is	Mona's cousin.	A: They're going to an Indian restaurant.
میلیدتا Ministry of Ed 2023 - 1445			Unit 1 219

۲

۲

29/3/23 4:04 AM

۲

1	Sandra is a biologist					
	In 1980, her grandfa	ther	was	a biologist,	too.	
	1. France uses the e	uro today.				
	In 1995, France		the franc fo	r its currency.		
	2. Today my parents	have three chil	dren.			
	In 2009, they		two children.			
	3. My country launch	es a lot of satel	llites each year	•		
	Last year, it	Last year, it 23 satellites.				
	4. Traffic increases al	I the time in my	v city.			
	It	50 percent	last year.			
G	Complete the sentend	ces. Use the pre	esent perfect.			
F		/ /	/			
ſ	l (need)	have needea	l	a new pair of sho	oes for a long tim	ie.
1	I (need) 1. The city (want)			-		
Y			6	a park on King Abd	lulaziz Road for yea	ars.
Ţ	1. The city (want)	nd pollution (affe	ect)	a park on King Abd	lulaziz Road for yea global warming	ars.
T	 The city (want) Overpopulation ar My family (live) 	nd pollution (aff	ect) i	a park on King Abd	lulaziz Road for yea global warming or fifteen years.	ars.
T	 The city (want) Overpopulation ar 	nd pollution (aff	ect) i	a park on King Abd	lulaziz Road for yea global warming or fifteen years.	ars.
Ŧ	 The city (want) Overpopulation ar My family (live) 	nd pollution (aff	ect) i i	a park on King Abd n the same town fo with many of our c	lulaziz Road for yea global warming or fifteen years.	ars.
Ŧ	 The city (want) Overpopulation and My family (live) We (lose) Complete the paragram 	nd pollution (affo	ect) i touch nple past or the	a park on King Abd n the same town fo with many of our c e present perfect.	lulaziz Road for yea global warming or fifteen years. cousins.	ars. J.
Ŧ	 The city (want) Overpopulation and My family (live) We (lose) We close) Complete the paragram My brother and I (1) (gramma) 	nd pollution (aff aph. Use the sin	ect) i touch nple past or the to the	a park on King Abd n the same town fo with many of our c e present perfect.	lulaziz Road for yea global warming or fifteen years. cousins. e (2) (see)	ars. ı. a lot o
Ŧ	 The city (want) Overpopulation and My family (live) We (lose) We (lose) Complete the paragram My brother and I (1) (gram beautiful animals there 	aph. Use the sin	ect) i touch nple past or the to the animals (3) (be	a park on King Abd n the same town fo with many of our c e present perfect. e zoo yesterday. We)	lulaziz Road for yea global warming or fifteen years. cousins. e (2) (see)	ars. j. a lot o gered species list fo
Ŧ	 The city (want) Overpopulation and a state of the s	nd pollution (affe	ect) i touch nple past or the animals (3) (be the gia	a park on King Abd n the same town fo with many of our c e present perfect. e zoo yesterday. We) nt pandas. They (5	lulaziz Road for yea global warming or fifteen years. cousins. e (2) (see) on the endang	ars. gered species list for beautiful,
Ŧ	 The city (want) Overpopulation and My family (live) We (lose) We (lose) Complete the paragram My brother and I (1) (gram beautiful animals there 	nd pollution (affe	ect) i i touch nple past or the animals (3) (be the gia the gia hungry, too!	a park on King Abd n the same town fo with many of our c e present perfect. e zoo yesterday. We) nt pandas. They (5 One of the pandas	lulaziz Road for yea global warming or fifteen years. cousins. e (2) (see) on the endanc) (be) (7) (sit)	ars. gered species list for beautiful, under a

۲

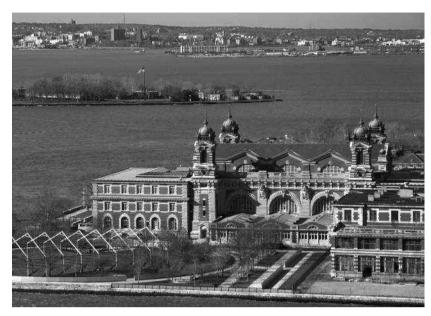
Ministry of Education **220 Unit 1** 2023 - 1445 ۲

READING

Read about Ellis Island in New York.

Between 1892 and 1954, most people who came to live in the United States passed through Ellis Island. During that time, more than 12 million immigrants had this experience. Sometimes more than 10,000 people would go through Ellis Island in a single day. Most of these newcomers came from Europe and almost all of them came across the Atlantic Ocean by steamship. The trip was very difficult. The food was terrible, the ships were usually crowded and dirty, and the weather was usually bad so a lot of people got sick.

After the immigrants got off the ship at Ellis Island, they first had to pass a medical



test. Sometimes they would wait for hours to see a doctor. If they were sick, they were usually sent back home. Over 250,000 people were sent home between the years 1892 and 1954. Some of those refused entry were young children, so one or both parents would have to go back with them. For these people, it meant their dream of living in the United States was over.

۲

Today Ellis Island is a museum. You can see pictures of what the immigrants and the ships looked like. You can also listen to recorded interviews of some of the immigrants as they tell stories about what it was like to come to this country. In spring 2001, *The Statue of Liberty-Ellis Island Foundation* started offering a new service. You can now trace your ancestors' records. Among other things, you can find out the name of the ship they came on, how old they were, and what nationality they were. Of course there is a fee for this service, but for many people it is worth it to find out more about their family members' first days in the New World.

Read the sentences about Ellis Island. Write **T** for **True** or **F** for **False**.

- 1. _____ Ellis Island is in California.
- **2.** _____ Immigrants came to Ellis Island and then had to pass a medical test.
- **3.** _____ Today Ellis Island is a museum.
- 4. _____ Ellis Island was used between the years 1892 and 1954.
- **5.** _____ Many people came to Ellis Island from Europe.
- 6. _____ The ships were clean and didn't have many people on them.
- 7. _____ The food on the ships was great.

_____ Formost immigrants, the trip across the Atlantic was difficult.

<mark>مزار تا التعاليم Ministry of Education</mark> 2023 - 1445

J	

1

 (\bullet)

Hameed just returned to Saudi Arabia from a business trip. How did he answer the immigration officer's questions? Write your ideas.

۲

	Q: What is your nationality? A: <u>I</u> am Saudi.				
		What city do you live in?			
	A:				
2.	Q:	Are you bringing back any fruit or vegetables?			
	A:				
3.	Q:	What countries have you visited?			
	A :				
4.	Q:	Why have you been out of the country?			
	A :				
5.	Q:	How long have you been out of the country?			
	A:				



K The introduction of personal computers and computer networks has changed the way people do things at work, at home, and at school. Write sentences about changes at:

Work:		
Home:		
Calcal		
School:		

 (\mathbf{A})

L Look at the picture. Have you been to this place? If you haven't, imagine that you went there and answer the questions below.

۲



- **1.** When did you go there?
- 2. How long did you stay there?
- 3. Where did you go?
- 4. What did you do?
- 5. What did you see?
- 6. What words describe the place?



وزارة التعـليم

 (\bullet)

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

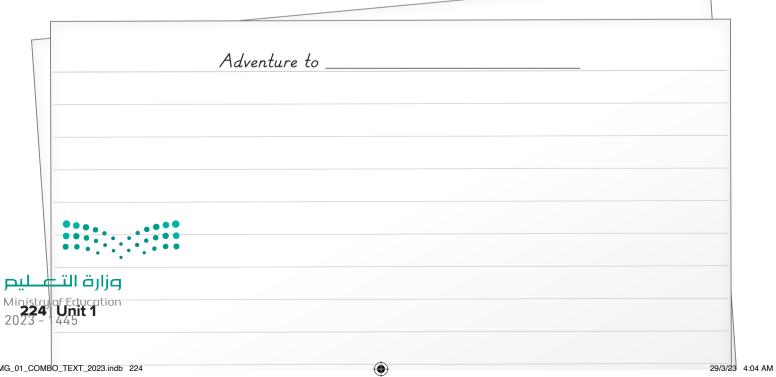
M WRITING

Get a picture of a place you like. Imagine that you went there. Complete the chart below and use it to write about your visit.

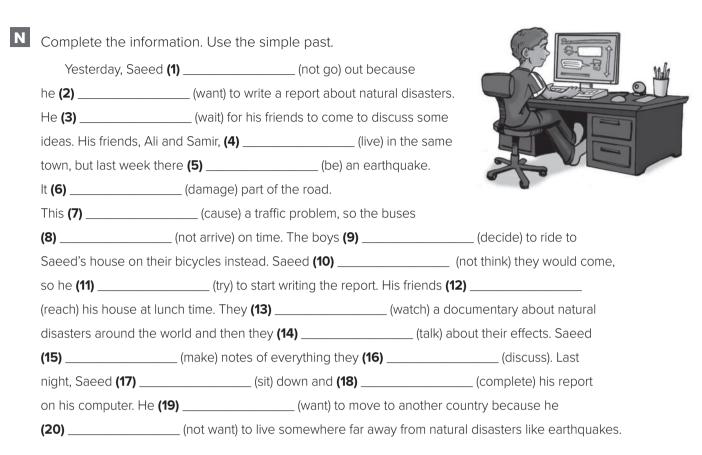
۲

QUESTIONS	Your answers
Where did you go?	
When did you go there?	
How long did you stay there?	
What happened there?	
What did you see there?	
What did you do there?	
What words describe the place?	

۲



MG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2023.indb 224



No, he didn't. He stayed at home.

۲

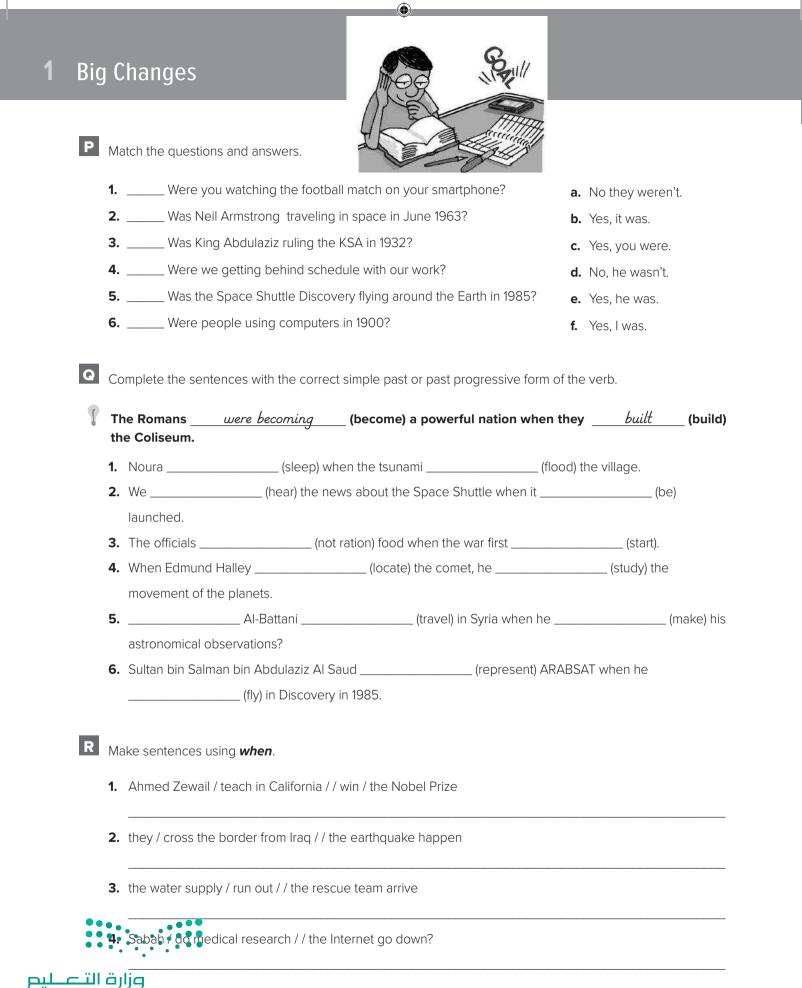
• Answer these questions.

Did Saeed go out yesterday?

- 1. What did he want to write?
- 2. Where did his friends live?
- 3. What did the earthquake do?
- **4.** Did Saeed's friends go to his house by bus?
- 5. Did the boys read books about global warming?
- 6. When did Saeed complete his report?
- 7. Did Saeed want to leave his country?



<mark>میلدتا</mark> قرارم Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445



۲

Ministry of Education **226 Unit 1** 2023 - 1445

Write the word that describes each p

ini	itiative	teamwork skills	honesty	work ethic	integrity	
1.	1. Faisal works in a clothing store. He helps customers choose clothes,					
	and he answers their questions. Faisal thinks that the store needs to sell hip and cool					
	clothes. H	e has asked some custo	omers about th	s, and they are int	erested in buying	
	that style of clothes. He talked to his manager, and his manager was very happy with					
	Faisal and his idea. In fact, the manager gave Faisal a promotion!					
	Faisal has					

۲

- 2. Fahd is a doctor and works at a hospital. He has worked there for three years. He has never been late for work. Fahd has always done his job well, and he has never missed a day of work. He loves his job and always helps others. He often stays late to see his patients. Fahd has a strong _____.
- 3. Adel works in a bank. Yesterday morning he had a new customer. He lost his wallet at the bank. After lunch, Adel saw the wallet on the floor by his desk. He immediately called him. He returned to the bank, and Adel gave him the wallet. All his money was still in the wallet, and he was very happy. He gave Adel \$20 as a reward. Adel received the reward because of his _______.
- 4. Saeed has always liked to work with people. He's a manager in an advertising agency. Saeed is always interested in working with new clients. He is good at getting people to work together. That is an important part of his job. And he has always been successful because of this. Saeed has a lot of success at work because of his



<mark>مزار تا التعاليم Ministry of Education</mark> 2023 - 1445

۲









Unit 2 227

B Read Tom's job application. Answer the questions about him. Use the present perfect progressive.

۲

Job Application Form				
Your Name:	Tom Chen			
Address:	810 Piney Lane			
	Paulding, MI 39348			
Name of High School:	Robert Morris High School			
Important Courses:	Computer Science, 3 years			
	Math, 4 years			
Languages:	Spanish, 3 years (reading, writing, speaking)			
	French, 2 years (reading, writing)			
Activities:	Basketball team, 4 years			
Employer:	Ciao Italian Restaurant			
Experience:	Answering phones, serving food			
Length of Time at This Job:	2 years			

Can Tom use a computer?

(use) _Yes. He's been using a computer for three years.

- 1. Has he ever had a computer science class? (take)
- 3. Can he read French?

(study) _____

1

(•)

- 4. Does he play basketball?
 - (play) _
- Has he ever worked in a restaurant? (work) ______
- 6. Does he know how to answer phones?
 (answer)

C Now tell us about your skills. Use the present perfect progressive.



Ministry of Education **228 Unit 2** 2023 - 1445



D Read what the people **have been doing** and what they **have done**.

Complete each story. Use the present perfect progressive or the present perfect. Sometimes either one is correct.

۲

1. I'm a professional football player. I love to play football, and I

(do) ______ it since I was a kid. I also like to win. My team (win) ______15 games so far this season. We practice a lot, and we (work) ______ all season on our teamwork skills. The team wins a match, not just one person. Our coach (tell) ______ us that a hundred times. It really is important to remember.

2. I'm a nurse. I (work) ______ in the same job since I was 22 years old. I (do) ______ the same thing for ten years. My job is never boring, and I really like to help people get well again. It's great to get a thank you card from a patient. In fact, lots of patients (send) _____ me cards, and I (keep) _____ all of them!



3. I'm a flight attendant, and I love my job. Sometimes we get some noisy people on a flight, and once in a while I have to work with an unpleasant passenger. But I have great communications skills, and passengers usually like me. I (do) ______ this for five years, and I (meet) _______ so many wonderful people. The hours are long, but after I (work) ______ for five days I get two days off. I (travel) ______ to five continents. It's a

great job.



وزارة التعطيص Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

Comar is at a job interview. Mr. Al Zahrani is asking him some questions. Complete the conversation. Use good at + gerund or *interested in* + gerund.

Mr. Al Zahrani:	What job are you interested in?				
Omar:	l'm (1) (work)				
	for you as an accountant.				
Mr. Al Zahrani:	How are your computer skills? Have you				
	taken any computer science classes?				
Omar:	Yes. I got all A's in my computer science				
	classes, and I'm (2) (use)				
	computers and different computer progra	ims.			
Mr. Al Zahrani:	How are your communication skills?				
Omar:	l'm not very (3) (speak)	in public, but			
	l am very (4) (write)	reports			
	and emails.				
Mr. Al Zahrani:	Why do you want to be an accountant?				
Omar:	l'm (5) (use)	my analytical skills.			
Mr. Al Zahrani:	That's good. Tell me about your analytical	skills.			
Omar:	I'm (6) (study)	a problem,			
	and I'm (7) (find)				
	mistakes, and then I'm very (8) (find)				
	a solution to a problem.				
Mr. Al Zahrani:	We want employees with a strong work e	thic. We are			
	(9) (have)				
	employees with lots of honesty and integ	rity.			
Omar:	l agree with you. Those are important qua	alities, and			
	I have a very strong work ethic.				
Mr. Al Zahrani:	Very good. Thank you, Omar.				
Omar:	Thank you, Mr. Al Zahrani.				

۲



۲

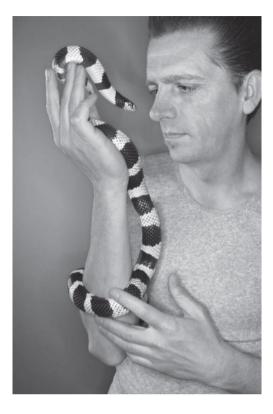
F READING

Read the story, and answer the questions.

How many times have you been near a dangerous animal? How close have you been to a poisonous snake? Well Tony Kepler raises killer snakes for a living, and he loves his job. He has been working with them since he was a little boy, and he's not afraid of them at all.

Tony's father has been handling snakes for twenty years, and he has taught his son a lot about them. Now Tony is able to make money from snakes. He collects the venom from rattlesnakes found in the western part of the U.S. Venom is the liquid that comes out of the snake's fangs when it bites. Tony sends the venom to a lab, and the lab makes it into antivenin. When a poisonous snake bites a person, a doctor gives that person antivenin. This antivenin keeps the venom from killing the person. Tony has been earning his living this way for five years.

Tony's father has handled nearly 1,000 snakes in his lifetime. He has taught hundreds of people how to hold snakes. He has also shown them how to feed snakes and how to get venom from them. Not everyone can get used to the



idea of picking up a snake. Many people heard scary stories about snakes when they were children and have been afraid of them ever since. Tony has been trying to educate people about the positive things snakes do. For one thing, they help control the rat and mouse population. Snakes are also very clean and quiet, and they rarely disturb humans.

۲

Tony's job is very different from a lot of jobs, but it is a really important one. Without venom collectors, many people would be in real danger and some would die.

1. How long has Tony been working with snakes?

2. How long has Tony's father been handling snakes?

3. How many snakes has Tony's father handled?

4. How long has Tony been earning his living from snakes?



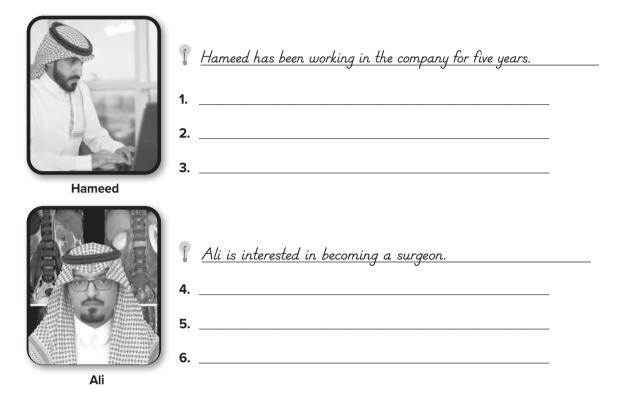
<mark>مزار تا التعاليم Ministry of Education</mark> 2023 - 1445

(

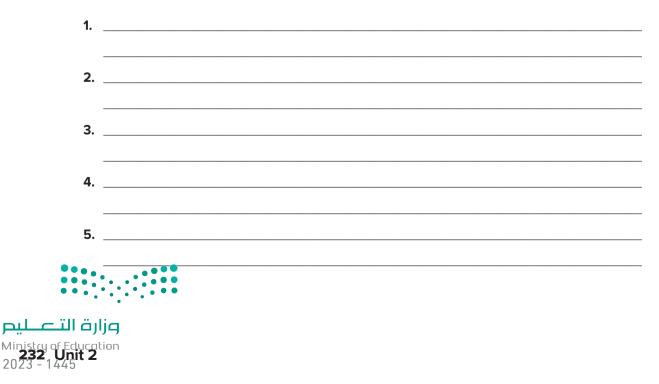
Unit 2 231

G Look at the pictures. Write sentences about each person. Use the present perfect simple and the present perfect progressive. Also use *interested in* + gerund and *good at* + gerund.

۲



H You have applied for a teaching position. You are preparing for the interview. Write some of the questions that the interviewer might ask you.





1. What do these people do? 2. What are the different things they need to do every day? 3. Are there any dangers in their jobs? What? 4. What are the good things about having each kind of job? 5. What are some words that describe each kind of job? وزارة التعطيم

۲

Look at the two pictures and answer the questions below.

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

 (\bullet)

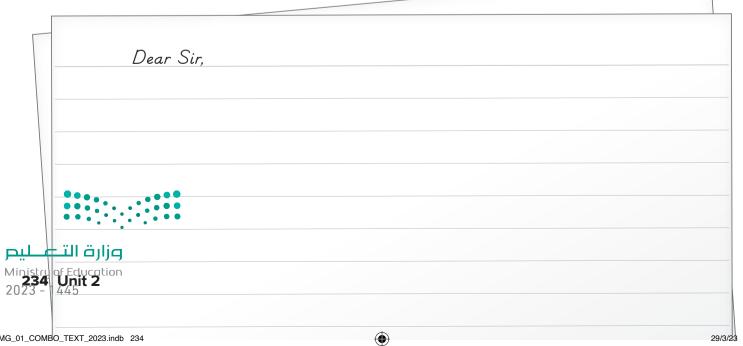
۲

J WRITING

Get a picture of a job you like. Imagine that you are applying for this job. Complete the chart below and use it to write a letter of application.

۲

QUESTIONS	Your answers
What is the job?	
What are the good things about this job?	
What are the things that you need to do every day in this job?	
What are some words that describe this job?	
Why are you interested in this job?	
What qualities do you have that are the right qualities for this job?	
How are you preparing for this kind of job?	





whe	shim / do / journalist <u>What does Hashim do?</u> <u>He's a journalist.</u> ere / work / newspaper Where does he work? <u>He works for a newspaper.</u>
	Rana / do / nurse
	vhere / work / hospital
	rou / do / chef
	vhere / work / hotel restaurant
3. y	/our uncles / do / lawyers
V	vhere / work / office
4. A	Aisha's father / do / sales manager
V	vhere / work / shopping mall
5. F	aisal / do / car mechanic
V	vhere / work / garage
L Com	plete the conversation. Circle the correct answers.
8	
Yahy	
	gory: That's a great job. I'm Gregory Hunter.
You	sef: What ² (do you do / you are doing)?
Gree	gory: I'm a football coach. I coach the players in a club here. And my wife is a teacher. She isn't at the
	school now. ³ (On / In) weekends, she ⁴ (doesn't work / don't work). She's at home.
Yahy	ya: Do you ⁵ (have / has) any friends here?
Gree	gory: Yes, ⁶ (I do / I has). My friends are Ali and Samir. They are standing over there.
Yahy	ya: What ⁷ (they do / do they do)?
Gree	gory: They're football players. They ⁸ (play / playing) for a team in Jeddah.
Yahy	ya: That's interesting. ⁹ (When / What) do they train?
Gree	gory: They train ¹⁰ (at / on) weekdays, from seven ¹¹ (at / to) ten every evening.
Yahy	ya: My brother plays football ¹² (in / on) the evenings, too. He's in a team in Dubai. They're playing
	¹³ (at / to) nine o'clock tonight. Do you want to watch the match?
• •	

۲

۲

۲

2 Careers

۲

 Th Th Th Is² Th A J Make <i>journ</i> <i>f</i> <i>f</i><th>is is the stadium at's the new rest hat the helpful ta e web designers ournalist sentences using alists / wait to a he journalists u me passengers / by / cry / / Nawa</th><th>taurant axi driver sv g while. Use the ask questions <u>vere waiting</u> / sleep / / pilot</th><th>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</th><th>ays in. ally expensive ought us to the ho company website aper in Riyadh wa e. stadium</th><th>otel yesterday? are excellent at the s at the airport.</th><th></th><th>106</th>	is is the stadium at's the new rest hat the helpful ta e web designers ournalist sentences using alists / wait to a he journalists u me passengers / by / cry / / Nawa	taurant axi driver sv g while . Use the ask questions <u>vere waiting</u> / sleep / / pilot	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ays in. ally expensive ought us to the ho company website aper in Riyadh wa e. stadium	otel yesterday? are excellent at the s at the airport.		106	
 3. Th 4. Is 5. Th 6. A 1. sc 2. ba 3. it / 	at's the new rest hat the helpful ta e web designers ournalist sentences using alists / wait to a he journalists u me passengers / by / cry / / Nawa	taurant axi driver sv g while . Use the ask questions <u>vere waiting</u> / sleep / / pilot	is rea made the o works for a newspa ne past progressive s / / team / leave s to ask questions t / land plane	ally expensive ought us to the ho company website aper in Riyadh wa e. stadium	are excellent at th s at the airport.			
5. Th 6. A Make journ 7. 1. sc 2. ba 3. it/	e web designers ournalist sentences using alists / wait to a <i>he journalists u</i> me passengers / by / cry / / Nawa	sv g while . Use th ask questions <i>vere waiting</i> / sleep / / pilot	made the o works for a newspa ne past progressive s / / team / leave s to ask questions t / land plane	company website aper in Riyadh wa e. stadium	are excellent at th s at the airport.			
6. A) Make journ 7. 1. sc 2. ba 3. it	ournalist sentences using alists / wait to a <i>he journalists u</i> me passengers / by / cry / / Nawa	g while . Use th ask questions were waiting : / sleep / / pilot al / talk on the p	works for a newspa ne past progressive s / / team / leave s <u>to ask questions</u> t / land plane	aper in Riyadh wa e. stadium	s at the airport.			
N Make	sentences using alists / wait to a he journalists u me passengers / by / cry / / Nawa	g while . Use th ask questions vere waiting / sleep / / pilot al / talk on the p	ne past progressive s / / team / leave s <u>to ask questions</u> t / land plane	e. stadium	·	stadium_		
 journ 7. 1. sc 2. ba 3. it / 	alists / wait to a h <u>e journalists u</u> me passengers / by / cry / / Nawa	ask questions vere waiting / sleep / / pilot al / talk on the p	s / / team / leave : <i>to ask questions</i> t / land plane	stadium	was leaving the .	stadium_		
1. sc 2. ba 3. it /	he journalists u me passengers / by / cry / / Nawa	vere waiting : / sleep / / pilot al / talk on the p	<i>to ask questions</i> t/land plane		was leaving the .	<u>stadium</u>		
 sc ba ba it / 	by / cry / / Nawa	/ sleep / / pilot	t / land plane					
3. it /			phone					
	rain / / we / play	/ tennis						
4. Fa	<u></u>	3. it / rain / / we / play tennis						
	isal / work on the	e weekends /	/ he / study at univ	rersity				
5. /	do my science h	nomework / / n	ny sisters / watch a	ı film				
6. Da	.n / organize the	e conference /	/ you / prepare you	ur speech				
O Comp	lete the text. Wri	ite one word ir	n each gap.					
Last y	ear, Asma (1)		studying for he	er medical degree	(2)	she		
and h	er sister (3)		staying with thei	r aunt and uncle i	n Edinburgh. Her a	aunt,		
(4)		_ worked in a	hospital there, (5)		helping her wit	h her studies.		
			(6)					
traine	e nurse there. Sh	he really enjoy	ys helping people	(7)	are sick.		5	

۲

29/3/23 4:04 AM

P

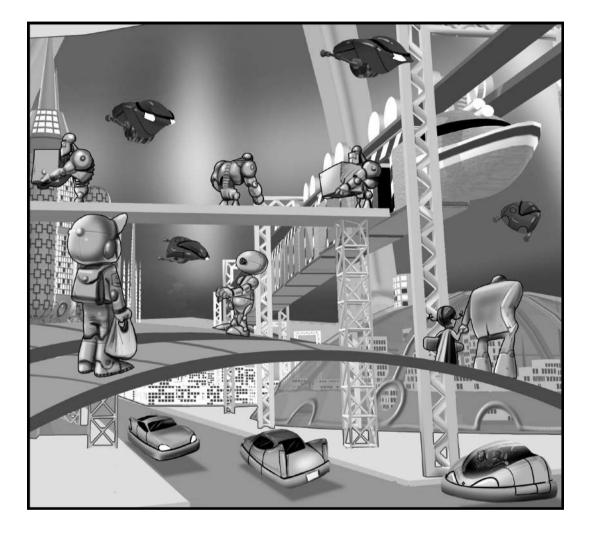
۲

Dr. Ali has written a novel about the future. Mr. Saleh is interviewing him for a television show. Complete the conversation with *will* and the words in parentheses. Use *Of course* or *I hope not* where needed.

you
happy to answer your questions. Mr. Saleh: (4) (work) people longer hours in the future than they do now? Dr. Ali: (5) In the future we probably (6) (not / work) as much. We (7) (have) much more leisure time. Mr. Saleh: I've heard about smart cars—cars that do all the driving. (8) (spend) we a lot of our leisure time going places in these cars? Dr. Ali: (9) We (10) (not / need) our smart cars to go places. We (11) (live) in smart houses. And thanks to virtual reality we (12) (be able to) talk to people anywhere in the world, and it (13) (feel) like they're in the room with us. Im. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
Mr. Saleh: (4) (work) people longer hours in the future than they do now? Dr. Ali: (5) ! In the future we probably (6) (not / work) as much. We (7) (have)
 Indigenous in the future than they do now? Dr. Ali: (5)! In the future we probably (6) (not / work) as much. We (7) (have) much more leisure time. Mr. Saleh: I've heard about smart cars—cars that do all the driving. (8) (spend) we a lot of our leisure time going places in these cars? Dr. Ali: (9) We (10) (not / need) our smart cars to go places. We (11) (live) in smart houses. And thanks to virtual reality we (12) (be able to) talk to people anywhere in the world, and it (13) (feel) like they're in the room with us. Now Mr. Saleh asks Dr. Ali about robots in the future. Complete the interview with <i>be going to</i> and the words in parentheses. Use <i>I think so</i> or <i>I don't think so</i> where needed. Mr. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
Dr. Ali: (5)! In the future we probably (6) (not / work) as much. We (7) (have)
 (6) (not / work) as much. We (7) (have) much more leisure time. Mr. Saleh: I've heard about smart cars—cars that do all the driving. (8) (spend) we a lot of our leisure time going places in these cars? Dr. Ali: (9) We (10) (not / need) our smart cars to go places. We (11) (live) in smart houses. And thanks to virtual reality we (12) (be able to) talk to people anywhere in the world, and it (13) (feel) like they're in the room with us. B Now Mr. Saleh asks Dr. Ali about robots in the future. Complete the interview with <i>be going to</i> and the words in parentheses. Use <i>I think so</i> or <i>I don't think so</i> where needed. Mr. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
 (6) (not / work) as much. We (7) (have) much more leisure time. Mr. Saleh: I've heard about smart cars—cars that do all the driving. (8) (spend) we a lot of our leisure time going places in these cars? Dr. Ali: (9) We (10) (not / need) our smart cars to go places. We (11) (live) in smart houses. And thanks to virtual reality we (12) (be able to) talk to people anywhere in the world, and it (13) (feel) like they're in the room with us. B Now Mr. Saleh asks Dr. Ali about robots in the future. Complete the interview with <i>be going to</i> and the words in parentheses. Use <i>I think so</i> or <i>I don't think so</i> where needed. Mr. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
Mr. Saleh: I've heard about smart cars—cars that do all the driving. (8) (spend)
 we a lot of our leisure time going places in these cars? Dr. Ali: (9) We (10) (not / need) our smart cars to go places. We (11) (live) in smart houses. And thanks to virtual reality we (12) (be able to) talk to people anywhere in the world, and it (13) (feel) like they're in the room with us. Now Mr. Saleh asks Dr. Ali about robots in the future. Complete the interview with <i>be going to</i> and the words in parentheses. Use <i>I think so</i> or <i>I don't think so</i> where needed. Mr. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
 Dr. Ali: (9) We (10) (not / need) our smart cars to go places. We (11) (live) in smart houses. And thanks to virtual reality we (12) (be able to) talk to people anywhere in the world, and it (13) (feel) like they're in the room with us. B Now Mr. Saleh asks Dr. Ali about robots in the future. Complete the interview with <i>be going to</i> and the words in parentheses. Use <i>I think so</i> or <i>I don't think so</i> where needed. Mr. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
places. We (11) (live) in smart houses. And thanks to virtual reality we (12) (be able to) talk to people anywhere in the world, and it (13) (feel) like they're in the room with us. Image: Now Mr. Saleh asks Dr. Ali about robots in the future. Complete the interview with be going to and the words in parentheses. Use I think so or I don't think so where needed. Image: Mr. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
places. We (11) (live) in smart houses. And thanks to virtual reality we (12) (be able to) talk to people anywhere in the world, and it (13) (feel) like they're in the room with us. Image: Now Mr. Saleh asks Dr. Ali about robots in the future. Complete the interview with be going to and the words in parentheses. Use I think so or I don't think so where needed. Image: Mr. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
 (13) (feel) like they're in the room with us. Now Mr. Saleh asks Dr. Ali about robots in the future. Complete the interview with <i>be going to</i> and the words in parentheses. Use <i>I think so</i> or <i>I don't think so</i> where needed. Mr. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
 Now Mr. Saleh asks Dr. Ali about robots in the future. Complete the interview with <i>be going to</i> and the words in parentheses. Use <i>I think so</i> or <i>I don't think so</i> where needed. Mr. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
and the words in parentheses. Use <i>I think so</i> or <i>I don't think so</i> where needed. Mr. Saleh: In your novel, your main character is a robot. (1) (become) robots
Dr. Ali: (2) In a few years, stores (3) (sell)
robots to clean your rugs and cut your grass.
Mr. Saleh: (4) (be) robots smart enough
to be companions to people?
Dr. Ali: Actually, in this century, robots (5) (pass) humans
in intelligence. And people (6) (have) robots as co-workers.
Mr. Saleh: (7) (go) back to school then! If I don't,
http://what to say to them!
وزارة التعليم
Ministry of Education Unit 3 237

C Look at the picture. Write six sentences with *will*, *won't*, or *be going to* to make predictions about cities of the future.

۲



1 <u>Ci</u>ties of the future won't have parks.



Ministry of Education **238 Unit 3** 2023 - 1445

۲

D Read the conversation. Choose *will* or *be going to*. Use *will* for predictions and *going to* for plans. Sometimes either one is correct.

- Mr. Huston: Tell me, Adnan, what are your plans for next year, after you graduate.
- Adnan: Well, I (1) <u>will travel / am going to travel</u> in the summer. Probably, I (2) <u>will visit / am going to visit</u> India and China.



Mr. Huston: That's exciting. (3) Will you go / Are you going to go with friends?

Adnan: I am not sure. Probably I (4) <u>will spend / am going to spend</u> some time traveling. If my friends want to come along, that'll be great!

۲

Mr. Huston: (5) Are you going to stay / Will you stay with friends?

Adnan: I hope so.

 (\bullet)

E Fadwa is writing an email to her friend Nawal, and Nawal sends an email back. Complete their emails using *will* or *be going to*. Use *will* for predictions and *be going to* for plans. Sometimes either one is correct.

$\circ \bullet \bullet$		
💟 Reply	🔛 Reply to all 🗭 Forward 🖉 Delete 🧾 Print 🛧 🗣	
To:	nawal@megagoal.com	
Subject:	vacation	
Hi Nawal,		
I have awe	esome news to tell you. Next week I (1) (fly) to Abha. I (2) (go)	
	with my family, and we (3) (spend) the whole	
month of J	une there! Probably it (4) (take) 20 hours to travel there. Not fun!	
Oh, no! I d	on't have anything to read on the plane. Maybe I (5) (buy) a big	
novel at th	e airport. Have fun at work next week!	
Fadwa		
• • •		
Reply	Reply to all Forward Delete Print	
To:	fadwa@megagoal.com	
Subject:	Re: vacation	
Hi Fadwa,		
You are so	lucky! I think work (6) (be) busy next week and during all of June.	
Maybe 17	with you to Abha. Have fun!	
Nawal		
وزارق		Δ
ducation	11-24	-
	Unit	3

239

۲

F What about you? Answer the questions using the future progressive.

- 1. What will you be doing next week?
- 2. What will you be doing this summer?
- 3. What are you going to be doing in five years?
- 4. What are you going to be doing in 10 years?
- G Look at the photos. Answer the questions. Use the future progressive and short answers.

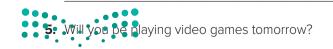








- Is your little brother going to be playing video games with us? No, he isn't. He's going to be getting a haircut.
 - 1. Will Dana still be reading that novel next week?
 - 2. Will they be seeing any whales on their vacation?
 - 3. Are we going to be diving in a submarine?
 - 4. Are Khaled and his wife going to be taking the high-speed train to Paris?









H READING

Read the article. Answer the questions.

Looking Ahead

The future is hard to see and plan—even for experts. Read the quotations below:

 "It will be years—not in my [life] time—before a woman will become prime minister [of the United Kingdom]." Baroness Margaret Thatcher said this in 1974, just five years before she became the first female British Prime Minister.



 "There is no reason anyone would want a computer in their home." Ken Olsen, who started Digital Equipment Corporation, said this in 1977.

۲

• "It will take at least 200 years to put a man on the moon." Experts at the magazine *Science Digest* wrote this in 1948.

Yet some predictions are amazingly accurate. At about the same time that *Science Digest* made its prediction, British writer Arthur C. Clarke predicted a moon landing and missed the date by just one year. What are some of Clarke's more recent predictions?

- Space travel will soon become common.
- Within the next 1,000 years, we will be plugged into an Internet that lets us download the libraries of distant planets.

Will these predictions come true? No one knows right now. But there is one thing we can be quite certain about: Science and technology has become more and more important and it will affect our future in very powerful ways.

Will the end result be positive, helping people live longer, happier lives? Or will it be negative, perhaps destroying the environment through pollution and global warming?

The answer will probably depend on how we decide to use science and technology. For this reason, it is important to think carefully about the future. Maybe we can't predict it accurately, but we need to think about what could happen and how our lives will be in the future.

- 1. Find one prediction that did not come true.
- 2. What did Arthur C. Clarke accurately predict?
- 3. What is another prediction that Clarke has made?
- 4. What is one thing about the future that we can be sure of?

5. Will science and technology have a positive or negative effect on the future?

وزارة التعطيم

(•)

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

Predict your best friend's future. Use the words in the box or your own ideas.

۲

move	be	get	fall	find
work	go	have	travel	live

Pat will be a big success. He will finish first in his class in school. <u>He won't get married until he's 30 years old.</u> <u>He'll be living in a fabulous apartment in New York City.</u>

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

J What are your plans for the weekend? Think about things that you have planned are sure about and some things you are thinking of doing but are not certain. Write about Friday and Saturday.

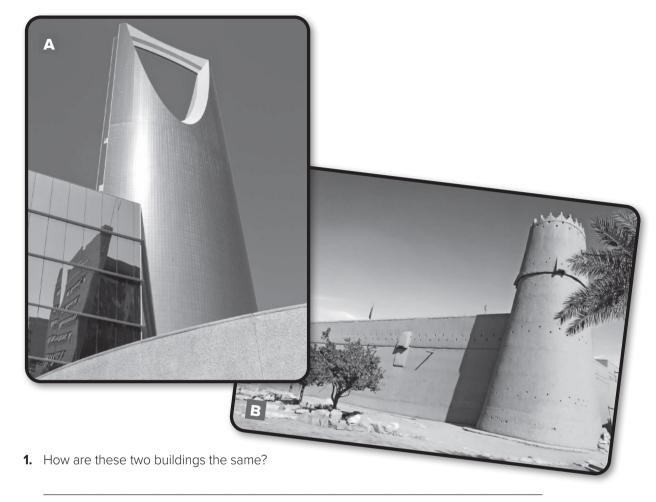
On Friday, ____

۲

On Saturday, ____







۲

۲

2. How are these buildings different?

3. How will the buildings change in 50 years?

• • • • • •

رزارة التعليم Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

L WRITING

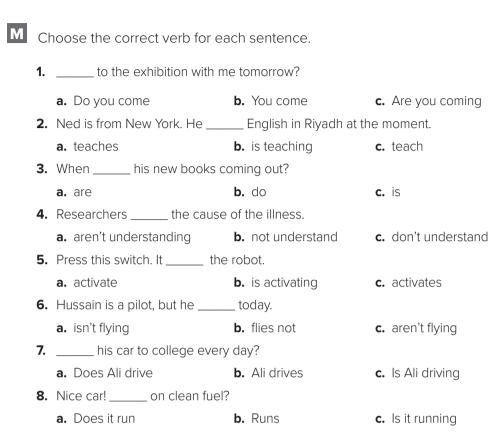
Get a picture of your town or city in Saudi Arabia. Complete the chart below and use it to write what your town or city will be like in the future.

۲

Tasks	Your notes	Your notes on how you think it will change in the future
Write a list of things that you see in the picture		
Write a list of words that describe what you can see in the picture		
Write a list of words to describe what you can see happening in the picture		



۲



۲



N Read the statements and questions. Match the responses.

- **1.** _____ Let's design a class website.
- 2. _____ What are you going to do tomorrow?
- **3.** _____ Are you going to the school Science Fair next week?
- **4.** _____ How about making a science fiction film?
- 5. _____ Will your father help us with the school project?
- 6. _____ Why don't we enter the school technology competition?

- a. Yes, I am.
- **b.** Yes, why not? We might win a prize.
 - **c.** I'm going to find a technician to repair my computer.
 - d. Great idea! Let's work out the plot.
 - e. Yes, he will.
 - f. We can't. Our Internet connection is not good enough.







<mark>مزار تال مالج الم</mark> Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

2. Where will you go?	
3. How will you get there?	
Complete the tag questions. Then complete the responses.	
 A: The oceans won't cover the Earth in 100 years, <u>will they?</u> B: <u>No, they won't.</u> They will probably cover some islands. 	
1. A: Your parents don't speak English,?	
В:	
2. A: The school will close for the vacations soon,	?
В:	
3. A: It doesn't rain often in Saudi Arabia,?	
В:	
4. A: Your friends are not all scientists,?	
В:	
5. A: The weather usually gets extremely hot here in the summer,	?
В:	
6. A: We won't drive the same kind of cars in the future,	?
В:	
7. A: Your mother isn't from Jeddah,?	
В:	
8. A: You're going to study in the United States next year,	?
В:	

۲

۲

۲

4 The Art of Advertising

Complete the story. Use the words in the box.

compact

۲

options

customize

Imad wanted to buy a car. He went for a walk las	st week,
and he saw a small, (1)	car that
he liked. It was parked on the street. He went to	a car
dealership to look at new cars. With a new car, y	ou can
(2) it to have exactly w	hat you wa
But a new car would be too expensive for Imad.	A friend to
him to call his neighbor Abdullah. He was trying	to sell his
old car because he had just bought a new one.	lmad went
his neighbor's house and looked at the car.	
Abdullah showed him the ad that he had written	. It listed
all the (3) that came wi	th the
car. It was not as small as a compact car, but it w	as not
too big. His neighbor said that the car was called	a
(4) and that it would ne	ever go
out of style. The interior was clean and simple. A	and it
would provide a very (5)	ride.
Imad thought it was a great deal. He paid for the	e car and
Abdullah gave him the keys. It was a great day f	or Imad!



classic







مزارة التعليم Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

Α

۲

smooth

۲

В And add some sparkle to your life. Complete the paragraphs with the verbs in parentheses. Use the correct form of the passive (simple present, simple past, present perfect, or future). Before the 20th century, advertising was not very important, since most things (1) (make) ______ at home or (2) (buy) _____ from small, local stores. But by 1900, many things (3) (produce) _____ in factories and (4) (sell) ______ to people who lived far from the factories. Through advertising, people (5) (tell) ______ about these products. Advertising has become an art and a science. Today a lot of money (6) (spend) ______ on research for advertising. Doc's Before a company launches its ads, the ads (7) (show) _____ to many people. If people don't like the ad, **Cure-All** it **(8)** (not / launch) _____ For some time now, many questions (9) (ask) about the effects of advertising. (10) (affect) people's attitudes and values _____ by advertising, and if so, how? Fights colds, In the future, even more time and money (11) (spend) headaches, _____ on advertising. Even more questions about stomachaches, back pains, and the effects of advertising (12) (ask) _____, and it bad moods. will be important to find some answers.

۲

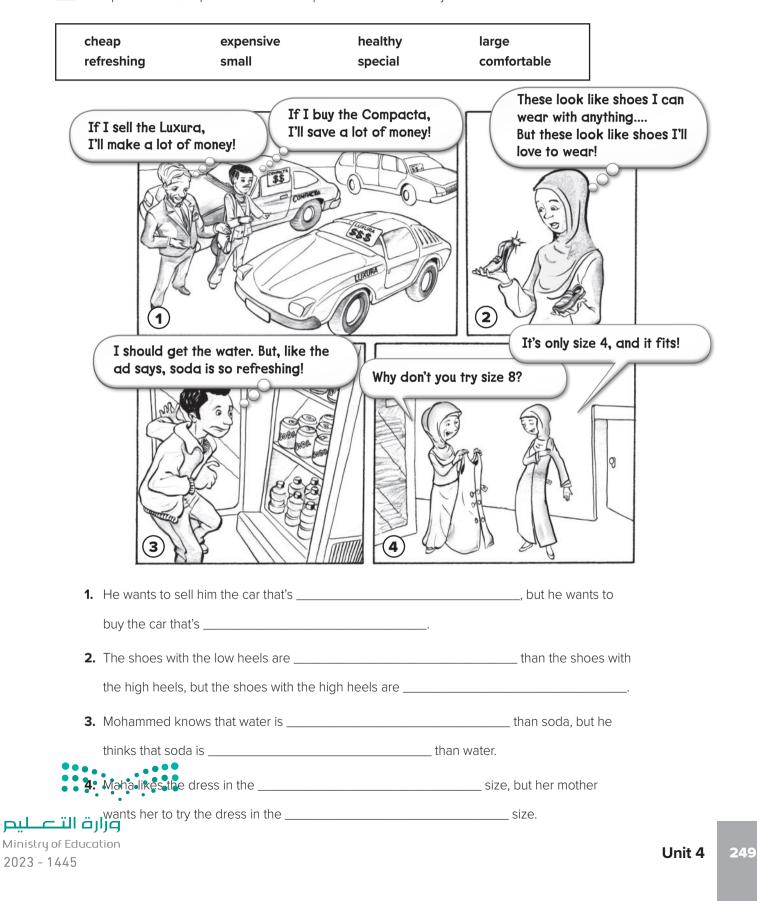
DRINK

C Read the descriptions of people and objects that are in the *Guinness World Records*. Write a headline for each description. Use the superlative form of the adjective.

The heaviest beef burger	A beef burger weighing 2.5 tons was made at the Outagamie County Fair in Seymour, Wisconsin, on August 5, 1989.
1	Octavio Guillen and Adriana Martinez had a very long marriage. They were married for 67 years!
2	Robert Wadlow, who died in 1940, was 2.71 meters tall.
3	<i>Titanic</i> (1997) was an expensive movie to make. Different problems made it more expensive than any other movie.
4	How valuable can a slice of cake be? Very valuable! In 1998, a slice of cake left over from the wedding of the Duke of Windsor
	and Wallis Simpson more than 60 years before was sold for \$29,900!
حتا ق ازم u of Education 3 Unit 4 1445	* Source: Guinness World Records 2000: Millennium Edition (Bantam, 2000)

248

()



D Complete the descriptions. Use the comparative form of the adjectives in the box.

۲

4 The Art of Advertising

Ε

Write descriptions for the photos. Use **as...as** and the adjectives in parentheses.

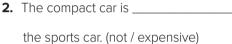
The black cat is ______ as big as ______ the brown cat. (big)





۲

1. The mountains are _____



the beach. (not / warm)



- 3. Apple juice is _____
 - orange juice. (healthy).



4. Sometimes Thai food is _____

Mexican food. (hot)

F Complete the advertising slogans. Use the correct verb: *look*, *smell*, *sound*, or *taste*.

- 1. _____ like a rose with our new Spring Flower perfume.
- 2. Eat at Antonio's Italian Restaurant. Our food is cooked in a restaurant, but it

_____ like it is cooked at home!

3. Are you learning English? Listen to our English-language CDs, and soon

you will ______ like a native speaker.

like a professional. Wear a Valenziani suit.

وزارق التـــــليم Ministry of Education 2**250 Unit 4** 2023 - 1445

G READING

Read the article. Answer the questions.

The Psychology of Advertising

۲

Instead of making claims about products, advertisements today often try to give people reasons to buy the products. This is where psychology—the study of how people think and behave—comes in.

Psychology is important to the way ads look. Advertisers use stories (e.g., the woman who made her family happy by buying the right soup, the man who was well-rested for his meeting after flying on the right airline) because people like to put themselves in stories. They use pictures more than words because we fantasize and daydream in pictures.

Psychology is important to the stories that ads tell. According to psychologists, people in our society have certain needs. Ads try to show people that they can meet these needs by buying products. Here are some of these needs and ads that appeal to them: **Friendship.** We like to be part of a group of friends. Ads show us that if we drink a certain juice, we will belong to a group of friends who drink it too.

Success. A car goes up a driveway to an obviously expensive house. The person driving this car has had a lot of success in life. If we buy the car, we will too.

Escape. Sometimes our lives seem boring and we'd like to escape for a while. Car ads that show people driving a car to the top of a mountain do this. So do the McDonald's ads that tell us that we "deserve a break today."

Psychology even helps advertisers know who to advertise to. For example, children today have more and more influence on buying decisions. One mother says that her 6-year-old son kept asking her to buy a certain vacuum cleaner. He had seen the vacuum cleaner advertised during a children's TV show.

- 1. What are two things advertisers use in their ads?
- 2. Generally, what do ads try to show people?
- 3. What are three of the needs that ads appeal to?
- 4. How are companies today getting children to influence their parents on what to buy?



مزارت التعليم Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

(�)

4 The Art of Advertising

H Use the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

 The electric iron (invent) ______ in 1882 by Henry W. Seeley in New York. His iron was heavy and took a long time to warm up. Other electric irons (also/ invent) ______, including one from France, but it used a dangerous heating method.

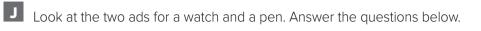
- The safety pin (invent) ______ and (patent) ______ by Walter Hunt.
 It (make) ______ by twisting a length of wire. The right to the patent (sell) ______ for \$400.
- In ancient Egypt, the papyrus plant (process) ______ and (use) ______
 as paper. It (make) ______ from thin sheets of papyrus that (soak) ______
 in water, pressed together and then dried.
- 4. Smart classrooms (equip) ______ with interactive boards, a computer console, digital projector, sound system, and video system. In many countries, a number of classrooms and seminar rooms (updated) ______ in this manner. State of the art technology (install) ______ and teachers (train) ______ to use it, replacing traditional boards and pen and paper materials.

Which products or brand names do you associate with these slogans?

1. Think fast.	
2. Think crunchy.	
3. Style outside. Power inside.	
4. We sell more cars than any other maker.	
5. There is no comparison.	
7. Time is nothing.	
8. Live your life.	
9. Smooth and reliable.	









۲

1. What are four words that can describe each item?

	watch
	pen
2.	Name two places where you can use each item.
	watch
	pen
3.	How is a person likely to feel if he has each item?
	watch
	pen

<mark>بالد تالقارم Ministry of Education</mark> 2023 - 1445

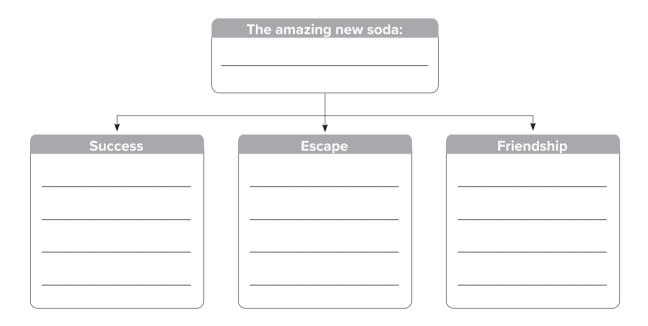
۲

K WRITING

۲

You are going to launch a new soda for young people. Think about a catchy name. Think about features of the product and words that would make it appealing in an advertisement. List words that can be associated with: *success, escape*, and *friendship* in the boxes.

۲



۲

Now use some of the words to write an advertisement for the new soda.

Psychology in A	Advertising with: The Amazing New Soda	
T sychology in T	avertising with. The Milazing New Soud	
وزارة التــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		
Ministry of Education 254 Unit 4 2023 - 1445		
IG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2023.indb 254	(\bullet)	29/3/23 4:04 /

4 The Art of Advertising

1	Look at (those / these) cameras. They're the best on the market.						
Ť	1. (That / Those) tablet is very light, and (this / these) laptops are heavy.						
	 2. (These / That) is (a / an) old-fashioned bicycle. 						
	3. (This / These) is Hashim. He's (a / an) engineer.						
	4. (This / These) are my car keys, and (that / those) are my house keys.						
	 5. (A / An) famous artist painted (that / those) painting. 						
	6. Look at (that / those) cars! They're (an / -) American cars.						
M	Ask and answer about items in the shop. Use this/these or that/those .						
1	calculator What's that? OR What's this? It's a calculator.						
	1. sculptures						
	airplane						
:	3. electric car						
	4. smartphones						
!	5. computer users' magazine						
N	Write advertising slogans for the items in M . Turn the sentences into imperatives. Use your own ideas.						
Ţ	You must buy one to make your math homework easier. Buy a Sun-Power calculator, and make math simple!						
	1. You should visit the museum to admire their beauty.						
:	2. If you want to travel first class, you must book your seat early.						
:	3. You should take it for a test drive. You'll feel its power.						
	 Everyone needs them to get in touch quickly wherever you are. 						

۲

۲

۲

4 The Art of Advertising

- Complete the conversations with the correct possessive pronouns.
 - 1. A: Whose trousers are these? Are they _____, Ali?
 - B: Yes, they're _____
 - 2. A: Don't buy that dress, Sabah! It isn't _____ color.
 - B: Oh, yes it is. It's _____ favorite.
 - 3. A: Is that Mom's wallet?
 - B: No, that isn't _____. Mom's wallet is in _____ coat pocket.

۲

- 4. A: Is this ______ family's house, Mr. Morris?
 - B: Yes, it's _____. My wife and I bought it last year.
- Circle the correct word.
 - Omar: ¹(Who's / Whose) blue bicycle is this? Is it ² (yours / your), Greg?
 - **Greg:** No, it isn't ³ (**my / mine**). It's ⁴ (too / enough) small for me. It belongs to ⁵ (**my / mine**) younger brother.
 - Omar: So ⁶ (who / which) bike is yours?
 - **Greg:** That big black ⁷ (one / ones) near the wall.
 - Omar: Hey! That looks sporty ⁸ (too / enough) to be a racing bike.
 - Greg: Yes, it is. When I lived in the US, my friends rode ⁹ (their / theirs) bikes in races.
 - **Omar:** Great! Why didn't you race, too?
 - Greg: I didn't have a fast bike like ¹⁰ (their / theirs), but my uncle won a race on ¹¹ (his / hers).
 - **Omar:** Perhaps you'll win a race one day if you train hard ¹² (too / enough).



میلـحـتا قازم Ministry of Education 256 Unit 4 2023 - 1445



natural disaster satellites	motivation global warming	traffic qualifications	rockets steel	microsc
1. Hotter summers	are an effect of			
2	in Los Angeles	s is a big problem beca	ause there are so	many cars.
3. Rakan has a real		to work. He wants t	o buy a car.	
4. A lot of	is used	l in the construction of	tall buildings.	
5. A hurricane is a		_ that affects cities nea	ar the ocean.	
6. A biologist uses	a	to see very small things. for the job include accounting and language		
7. Yahya's	for the			
8. Scientists launch	·	to send	in	to space.
	poverty m	xibility roo croscope ho	rds to each group ket nesty erpopulation	
satellite adaptability submarine				
adaptability		rsonal Qualities	Scier	ntific Tools

۲

مزارة التعليم Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

EXPANSION Units 1–4 257

۲

	Ali:	Where (1) (live)	you		now?	
	Faisal:	l (2) (live) Al Ulayya, Al Riyadh.	in Al Ulayya. N	/ly address is 18 Al	Al Khawarizmi Str	reet,
	Ali:	What courses (3) (take)		you	right now	?
	Faisal:	l (4) (take)	computer sci	ence, math, Englis	h, Arabic, geograf	phy, and PE.
	Ali:	(5) (work)	you	?		
	Faisal:	No. I (6) (negative: work)		_, yet. But I (7) (loc	ok)	for a jol
	Ali:	Dr. Ibrahim (8) (look)	for	someone to work	in this office. Can	you use a compu
	Faisal:	Yes, I can.				
	Ali:	Can you bring a copy of your	résumé?			
	Faisal:	l (9) (go)	home right nov	w. I can bring it bac	ck this afternoon.	
D	2	Great! I'll see you this afternoo nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work)	Complete their con t perfect progressive	2.	he restaurant?	
D	Majid ar Use the Majid:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work)	Complete their con t perfect progressive you	e. at ti	he restaurant?	
D	Majid ar Use the Majid: Ali:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work) I (2) (work)	Complete their con t perfect progressive you	e. at ti	he restaurant?	
D	Majid ar Use the Majid: Ali: Majid:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work) I (2) (work) How do you like it?	Complete their con t perfect progressive you there for th	e. at ti iree months.		ve. make)
D	Majid ar Use the Majid: Ali:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work) I (2) (work)	Complete their con t perfect progressive you there for th	e. at ti iree months.		re: make)
D	Majid ar Use the Majid: Ali: Majid:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work) I (2) (work) How do you like it? The job is fun. I (3) (meet)	Complete their con t perfect progressive you there for th lot of money!	e. at ti a lot of people		re: make)
D	Majid ar Use the Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work) I (2) (work) How do you like it? The job is fun. I (3) (meet) a	Complete their con t perfect progressive you there for th lot of money! ng a new computer	e. at ti a lot of people		re: make)
D	Majid ar Use the Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali: Majid:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work) I (2) (work) How do you like it? The job is fun. I (3) (meet) a Are you still thinking of buyir	Complete their con t perfect progressive you there for the lot of money! ng a new computer ough money.	e. at ti a lot of people ?	e. But I (4) (negativ	re: make)
D	Majid ar Use the Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work) I (2) (work) How do you like it? The job is fun. I (3) (meet) a Are you still thinking of buyin Yes. But I still don't have end	Complete their con t perfect progressive you there for the lot of money! ng a new computer bugh money. you	e. at th ree months. a lot of people ? you	e. But I (4) (negativ	re: make)
Σ	Majid ar Use the Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali: Majid:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work) I (2) (work) How do you like it? The job is fun. I (3) (meet)a Are you still thinking of buyin Yes. But I still don't have end How long (5) (save)	Complete their con t perfect progressive you there for the lot of money! ng a new computer pugh money. you since Septe	e. at ti a lot of people ? you ember.	e. But I (4) (negativ ur money?	re: make)
D	Majid ar Use the Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work) I (2) (work) How do you like it? The job is fun. I (3) (meet) a Are you still thinking of buyir Yes. But I still don't have end How long (5) (save) I (6) (save)	Complete their con t perfect progressive you there for the lot of money! ng a new computer pugh money. you since Septe ou	e. at th ree months. a lot of people ? to work a lot of h	e. But I (4) (negativ ur money? hours?	
D	Majid ar Use the Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali: Majid: Ali: Majid:	nd Ali are shopping at the mall. present perfect or the present How long (1) (work)	Complete their con t perfect progressive you there for the lot of money! ng a new computer bugh money. you since Septe ou	e. at th uree months. a lot of people ? to work a lot of h to work a lot of h so tired! I (9) (ge	e. But I (4) (negativ ur money? hours? o)	to scho

۲

۲

۲

E Complete the conversation. Use *will* to make predictions and *be going to* to describe a plan.

۲

Adel:	What do you think your little brother (1) (do) _	when he grows up?
Hussain:	I think he (2) (be)	a writer.
Adel:	Why?	
Hussain:	He is always writing stories in English, and he (3) (publish) them. lessons next year.	e probably hopes that someone I (4) (give) him computer
Adel:	(5) (buy) you	him a computer?
Hussain:	No. My parents (6) (get)	him one at the end of the school year.
Adel:	Do you think he (7) (be)	a good writer?
Hussain:	I hope so. He (8) (take) Wait Let me show you one of his stories. It's	



مرابع التعليم Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲



•

F Use the words in parentheses to write sentences to describe continuous actions in the future.

1. (my brother / will / attend)	
This time next year,	college.
2. (you / will / attend)	
	college then, too?
3. (I / going to be / work)	
No	to save money for college.
4. (you / going to be / live)	
	at home?
5. (I / will / save)	
Yes. I	even more money that way.
5 : (you / not going to be / work)	
Well, I hope	too hard.
وزارة ال	
XPANSION Units 1–4	

۲

G Chan	ge these sentences from active to passive. Use by only if it is given.
1. Sc	ientists have discovered cures for many diseases.
2. Th	ey will probably find many more cures.
3. M	ost young people in Brazil play football. by
4. Hi	s letter surprised me by
5. I v	vill mail the package this afternoon.
6. M	y sister has washed all the windows.
	plete the conversation with the correct regular form, comparative form, perlative form of the adjective in parentheses.
Faris	Have you seen Khalid since school started back? He has the (1) (cool) bag I've ever seen.
Nass	er: Oh really? Is it (2) (small) than the one he used to have? His bag was huge. Don't you remember?
Faris	: Well, it's (3) (compact) and a lot (4) (light) It's really great! And do you know what is even (5) (unbelievable)?
Nass	er: What?
Faris	He has a smartphone and a new laptop!
Nass	er: That's (6) (amazing) ! He never had a laptop before.
Faris	And he has designed a science program. Can you believe it?
Nass	er: Now this sounds even (7) (unbelievable) ! I never knew he could do that.
Paris	Well, it looks as if Khalid has (8) (good) computer skills than we thought!

۲

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

261

EXPANSION Units 1–4

۲

۲

Look at the photo of Laura and Edson. Make four predictions about each of them. What will they do next week? What will they do this summer? What are they going to study at college? What jobs are they going to have after college?





۲

J Sometimes personal dreams come true, and sometimes they don't. It's interesting to see what can happen. Interview your mother or father or another relative. Take notes in a chart.

1	<u>my mother's</u> personal dream	What happened?	What's next?
	1. go to college	She went to college in Jeddah. She got a degree in biology.	She wants her children to finish college. She wants them to study in the United States for one year.
	2.		
	3.		
•••	4.		
•••			



K Look at the two pictures A and B. Answer the questions below.



۲

- 1. List two things that each person does.
- 2. List the qualities that each person must have.
- **3.** Write what they needed to study in order to do the job.



مزارت التيار Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

L WRITING

Find a picture of a job that you would like to do in the future. Complete the chart below and use it to write an essay on your dream job.

۲



MG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2023.indb 264

۲

29/3/23 4:04 AM

Writing Checklists

1 A short account

I can	Great!	Good!	ок!	Needs work
answer questions				
take notes when I think about things				
use capitals correctly				
organize events clearly				
use tenses correctly				
make clear and interesting statements				
use words to describe				
use appropriate language/style				
use a range of vocabulary				

۲

2 A cover letter

۲

l can	Great!	Good!	OK!	Needs work
take notes when I think about things				
use capitals correctly				
address a cover letter				
write an introductory paragraph				
write about my strengths				
make clear and effective statements				
edit and correct my mistakes				
write a closing statement/paragraph				
use appropriate language/style				

وزارة التعطيم

Ministry of Education **358** 2023 - 1445

Writing Checklists

3 A short description

I can	Great!	Good!	ок!	Needs work
take notes when I think or imagine things				
focus on my audience				
describe places well				
organize and order events/facts				
make clear and effective statements				
use tenses correctly				
use a range of vocabulary				
refer to people and places effectively				
use appropriate language/style				

۲

4 A description of a product

I can	Great!	Good!	OK!	Needs work
take notes and use them to write				
use capitals correctly				
interest my audience/readers				
write about/refer to key features or characteristics of the product				
organize and order events well				
use information selectively				
edit and correct my mistakes				
present a product in an interesting way				
use appropriate language/style				

وزارة التعطيم

۲

Ministry of Education 2023 - 1445

۲

Writing Checklists

EXPANSION Units 1–4

A short essay about plans and dreams

۲

I can	Great!	Good!	ок!	Needs work
take notes when I think or imagine things				
focus on my audience				
describe pictures in my mind				
describe/present future plans				
describe feelings				
organize and order ideas/plans				
make clear and effective statements				
use tenses correctly				
use a range of vocabulary				
create effects (e.g. humor, suspense)				
use appropriate language/style				

5 An account of an accident

I can	Great!	Good!	ок!	Needs work
take notes when I think about things				
select important facts or details				
write about feelings				
form and write clear sentences				
connect events, reasons, and causes well				
edit and correct my mistakes				
describe scenes in an imaginative manner				
use appropriate language/style				

وزارة التعطيم

۲

Ministry of Education **360** 2023 - 1445 ۲



